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งกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

ภาคผนวก

ศูนยวิทยทรัพยากร จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย ภาคยนาก ก.

การแสดงความแมนตรงในเชิงเนื้อหาของแบบทคสอบ

แผนภาพแสคงอำนาจจำแนกและระดับความยาก

ศูนย์วิทยทรัพยากร เพาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

ทารางที่ 3 การแสดงความแมนตรงในเชิงเนื้อนา

	Content areas		em	%
1.	Tenses and verb forms		28	23.33
	Present simple tense	5		
	Past simple tense	5		•
	Present continuous tense	2		-
	Past continuous tense	3		
	Future simple tense	2		
	Present perfect tense	3		
	Future perfect tense	2		
	Passive voice	3		
	Must, might, should + have + V.+ (-ed)	3		
2.	Verb patterns		11	9.17
	. Va + D.O.+ Vb	1		
	Va + D.O.+ to + Ind. O.	1		
	Va + Vb + (-ing)	2		
	Verbs preceded by "to be"	1		
	Preposition + V + (-ing)	3		
	to be used to + V.+ (-ing)	1		
	to spend the time + V + (-ing)	4		
	to be busy + V + (-ing)	1		

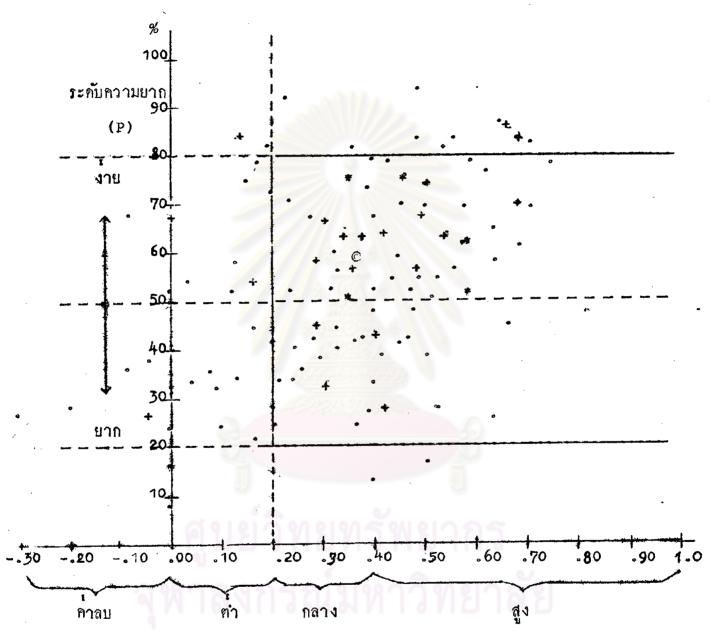
ทารางที่ 3 (คอ)

			em	%
	Content areas			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
3.	Auxiliary verbs		7	5.83
	Must (necessity/supposition)	2		
	May, can (probability)	3		-
	Needn't (absence of obligation)	1		
	Mustn't (negative obligation)	1		
4.	Agreement of subjects and verbs	3	3	2.50
5.	Sentence patterns		15	12,50
	Making Wh-questions	3		
	Indirect speech	5		,
	"If" clause	7	·	
6.	Pronouns		8	6.67
	Indefinite pronouns	6.		
		1		
	Possessive pronouns	'		
	Relative pronouns	'		((7
7•	Comparison	_	8	6.67
	Somparative degree	5		• .
	Superative degree	2		
	as manyas	1		
8.	Articles	3	3	2.50
9.	Connectives		6	5.00
	and	1		
	not onlybut also	2		•
	although	1		
	in this way	1		
	to	1		,

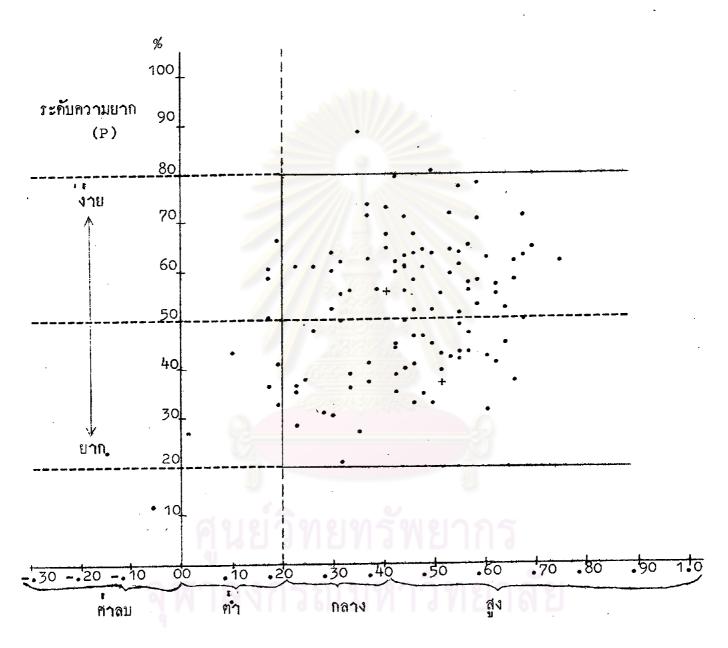
ทารางที่ 3 (ทอ)

			tem	
	Content areas			%
10.	Adjectives		3	2.50
	Indefinite adjective	1		
	Possessive adjective	1		
	Present participle used as adjective	1		
11.	Adverbs		5	4.17
	Adverbs of frequency	3		
	Adverbs ending with and without -ly	2		
12.	Phrasal verbs	5	5	4.17
13.	Word order in simple, compound and complex			
	sentences	5	5	4.17
14.	Prepositions	4	4	3.33
15.	Miscellaneous	9	9	7.50
	Total		120	100 %

แผนภาพที่ 1 จุกกราฟแสดงคุณภาพของข้อสอบจากการทคลองสอบ



แผนภาพที่ 2 จุกกราฟแสดงคุณภาพของข้อสอบที่ใช้เป็นเครื่องมือในการวิจัย



ภาคยนาก ข.

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ศูนยวทยทรพยากร จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

		วิทยาลัยกรู			
ข้อทุคสอบวิชาภาษาอังกฤษทั่วไป (โครงสร้าง) ระคับ ป.กศ.สูง					
ง ชื่อเลขที่ของกบเลขาที่ของกบเวลา 1 ชั่วโมง 30 นาที					
Choose	the	alternative which best completes each of the following			
sentenc	es.	Make a cross (X) under the letter a, b, c or d on the			
answer	shee	et.			
EXAMPLE	<u>:</u>				
	Mr.	Cotton bought new car last week.			
		a) a			
		b) an			
		c) the			
		d) (no word)			
ANSWER	:	a b c d (X)			
	1.	She looks old. Sheover 50. a) must be			
		b) have to be c) will be			
٠		d) had to be			
	2.	Ito Switzerland before.			
		a) never was			
		b) am never			
		c) have never been			
		d) has never been			

3.	There isn't much whisky, but you can have
	a) a little .
	b) a lot
	c) a few
	d) any
4.	He is looking his book. He lost it this morning.
	a) after
	b) at
	c) for
	d) up
5.	It isfilm I have ever seen.
	a) unusual
	b) more unusual than
	c) more unusual
	d) the most unusual
6.	Everybody he will win.
	a) believes
	b) believe
-	c) is believed
	d) are believed
7•	The doctor told him to givesmoking because he is
	very sick.
	a) off
	b) of
	c) to
	d) up

8.	I had no sooner left the house than it	_ to rain.
	a) begins	
	b) began	
	c) has begun	
	d) had begun	
9•	Yousmoke in the theatre. It is forbide	len.
	a) needn't	ाविगा वित्रग्रेयुक्
	b) won't	STIGHT STORY
	c) mustn't	17/
	d) don't have to	Town southway the
10-11.	As I 10 down the street, I 11 Charlie	ۥ
10.	a) had walked	
	b) walk	
	c) am walking	
	d) was walking	
11.	a) met	
	b) was met	
,	c) was meeting	
	d) had met	
12.	While wea party, the lights went out.	
•	a) were having	
	b) are having	
	c) had had	
	d) have had	,

13.	Mr. Jones is a teacher than Mr. Brown.
	a) good
	b) worst
	c) well
	d) better
14.	A: Did happen?
	B: No, nothing happened.
	a) nothing
	b) anything
	c) any
	d) a thing
15.	Heme that she could come tomorrow.
,	a) said
	b) says to
	c) told
	d) told to
16,•	A: turn is it?
	B: It's your turn.
	a) Which
	b) Whose
	c) What
	d) Who
17.	My friend last night, but I'm not sure.
	a) might telephone
	b) would telephone
	c) might have telephoned
	-d) can have telephoned

18.	There aren't many apples on the tree, but you can pick
	if you want to.
	a) some
	b) any
	c) a
	d) a little
19.	Tom asked when
	a) would Jack arrive
	b) will Jack arrive
	c) Jack would arrive
	d) Jack will arrive
20.	You nearly knocked that jug over.
	a) Look up
	b) Look for
	c) Look out
	d) Look over
21.	Please don't disturb him if hebusy.
	a) is
	b) was
	c) will be
	d) had been
22.	If you could help me, I grateful.
. •	a) am
	b) was
	c) will be
	d) would be

23.	He bought oranges from the shopkeeper.
	a) any
	b) an
	c) a few
	d) a little
24.	The children alwaysfootball in the street on
	Sundays.
	a) play
	b) played
	c) playing
•	d) are playing
25.	A:does he call ?
	B: Once a month.
	a) How much
	b) How long
	c) How soon
	d) How often
26.	If you open the door, you a surprise.
	a) will get
	b) would get,
	c) will be getting
	d) would have got
27.	The children are foolish lazy also.
	a) notbut
	b) eitheror
	c) not onlybut
	d) neithernor

28.	Hurry up ! You the bus.
	a) miss
	b) missed
	c) will miss
	d) had missed
29.	He ran to the stationcatch the train.
	a) in order that
	b) for
	c) to
	d) so that
30.	This is handkerchief, not
	a) yoursher
	b) yourhers
	c) yourshers
	d) yourher
31.	He didn't know how to fight, but he knocked the boxer
	a) out
	b) off
	c) over
	d) around
32 -3 3•	My sister is fond of 32 dogs, but she doesn't like
	33 ugly dog of our neighbour's.
.32.	a) a
•	b) the
	c) any
	d) (no word)

33.	a) .a
	b) an
	c) the
	d) (no word)
34.	A good student not only studies but
	a) play also
	b) plays also
	c) also play
	d) also played
35.	The weather today isit was yesterday.
	a) the worst
	b) worst than
	c) the worse
	d) worse than
36.	Bill is a hard worker. He works than Joe.
	a) harder .
	b) more hard
	c) more hardly
	d) hardlier
37•	He went out of the restaurant without the bill.
	a) pay
	b) paying
	c) to pay
	d) paid

38.	I car	n't find my bag. It
	a)	be stolen
	ъ).	can have stolen
	c)	must have stolen
	a).	must have been stolen
39•	The	teacher ordered his students homework.
	a)	do
	ъ)	to do
	c)	that do
	đ)	that to do
40.	Ιa	m thinking going abroad next year.
	a)	from
	b)	of
	c)	on
	•	at
41.	Не	sometimes in bed until lunch time.
	a)	stay
		stays ————————————————————————————————————
		staying
	d)	W TO VITABLE AND TO TO TO
42,		lent a book me.
	a)	to
	b)	from
	· (o	of
	۱ د	£ am

43.	Tim found his trip very
	a) excite
	b) excited
	c) excitedly
	d) exciting
44.	I heard a noise and went downstairs.
•	I found that everything in order.
	a) is
	b) are
	c) was
	d) were
45.	This ispicture of them all.
	a) a fine
	b) the fine
	c) the finest
	d) a most fine
46,	I here until he comes.
	a) wait
	b) watied
,	c) am waiting
	d) will wait
47.	tall building !
	a) That's
	b) It's
	c) How
	a) What a

48.	I got tired ofso I left.
	a) wait
	b) waited
	c) waiting
	d) having waited
49.	They finished lunch went into the garden.
	a) or
	b) nor
	c) so
	d) and
50.	It is very noisy here. Speak please.
	a) loud
	b) loudier
•	c) more loud
	d) more loudly
51.	Finish your worksoon possible.
	a) so that
	b) so as
	c) as as
	d) such as
52.	I found out that the parcelto the wrong address.
	a) sends
	b) sent
	c) had sent
	d) had been sent

53•	Pepj	ole are the idea of a Channel Tunnel.
	a)	interesting with
	ъ)	interested for
	c)	interesting in
	d)	interested in
54.	Tra	ffic police never let youwithout a ticket.
	a)	go
	b)	to go
	c)	went
	d)	have gone
55.	I	that you like classical music.
	a)	hear
-	ъ)	am hearing
	c)	was hearing
	d)	am heard
56.	Му	mother wanted to know you had taken her money.
•	a)	whether
	ъ)	what
	c)	who
	a)	which
57•	You	finish your soup if you don't like it.
	a)	can
	ъ)	may
	c)	needn *t
	a)	mustn't

58.	My father doesn't get up early on Sundays. He gets
	up
	a) late
	b) lately
	c) hard
	d) slowly
59•	He saved old envelopes, he has collected a
	great many stamps.
	a) On the way
	b) In this way
	c) In a way
	d) In the way
60.	Up till now, hefive prizes.
	a) wins
	b) won
	c) is winning
	d) has won
61.	I am going out now. I'll be back ten minutes.
	a) at
	b) in
	c) until
	d) about
62.	If anyone telephones, tell him Iout all morning.
•	a) will be
	b) would be
	c) had been
	d) would have been

63.	He never catches
	a) nothing
	b) anything
	c) something
	d) everything
64.	John is working in America now. He will leave
	Scotland next week.
	a) to
	b) for
	c) on
	d) (no word)
65.	When I met Mrs. Sunanta, she was always busy
	a) eat
	b) ate
	c) eaten
	d) eating
66.	Mr. Harrison is honest man.
	a) a
	b) an
	c) the
	d) (no word)
67.	They paid attention to me.
	a) none
	b) not
	c) not any
	d) no

68.	If you make a mistake,it.
	a) correct
	b) will correct
	c) would correct
	d) will be correcting
69.	"Open your copy books and the following," the
	teacher said.
	a) put on
	b) put up
	c) put down
	d) put in
70.	he ran fast, he failed to win the race.
	a) Because
	b) Although
	c) While
	d) Since
71.	So farof the tourists has been killed.
	a) no one
	b) nobody
	c) not any
	d) none
72.	He enjoysthe monkey.
	a) to watch
	b) watched
	c) watches
	d) watching

73•	Sheit if she had not seen it with her own eyes.
	a) doesn't believe
	b) didn't believe
	c) won't believe
	d) wouldn't have believed
74.	Sam lost his wallet. He was sure itby one of
	the villagers.
	a) must find
	b) must found
	c) must have found
•	d) must have been found
75•	Haven't you learnt how to look a word in the
	dictionary ?
	a) into
	b) at
	c) over
	d) up
76.	A: What did she tell her son?
	B: She told himso much noise.
	a) make
	b) that make
	c) not to make
	d) don't make

77•	The pilotplane landed in a fie	eld was not hurt.
	a) that	
	b) whose	•
	c) whom	
	d) who	
78.	I spent the afternoon the T.	.V.
	a) watch	
	b) watched	
	c) watching	
	d) was watching	
7 9.	You a mistake if you had been	more careful.
	a) would have made	
	b) won't make	
	c) will make	
	d) wouldn't have made	۵
80.	A: Is he interested in anything?	
	B:except food !	
	a) He is interested in anything	
	b) He is interested in nothing	
	c) He is not interested in somethin	g
	d) He is not interested in nothing.	
81.	As soon as the sun set, het	o his hotel.
	a) returns	
	b) returned	
	c) has returned	
	d) had returned	

82.	I sent a letter to the manager last week. I
<i>-</i>	a reply by this time tomorrow.
	a) shall be receiving
	b) shall have received
	c) have received
	d) would receive
83.	He is used to up early.
-50	a) got
	b) getting
٠	c) gets
	d) have got
Q1.	He is a fast driver. He drives
04.	
	a) fast
	b) fastly
	c) faster
	d) fastest
85.	I did some shopping beforehome.
	a) go
	b) going
	c) went
	d) to go
86.	Howis BangkokChiangmai?
	a) longaway
	b) farfrom
	c) faruntil
	d) longto

87.	. It is warm today, but it was	_yesterday.
	a) warmer	
	b) warm than	
	c) warmest	
	d) the most warm	
. 88	. My shirt is torn. It needs	_•
	a) mend	
	b) to be mend	
	c) mended	
	d) mending	
	<u>section II</u> (89 - 107)	
Ch	oose the correct form of the given verb	s in the following
passages.	Write a cross (X) under the letter	a, b, c or d on the
answer sh	eet.	
EVAMDI E.	He (sleep) for ten hours last night.	
	(a v	
a)	#177 17 18 1 1 2 1 L	J
b)		
	was sleeping	
d)	will sleep	
ANSWER:	a b c d	,
	() (x) ()	•
A. Last	night while Nick 89 (read) a newspaper,	the telephone

suddenly rang. He 90 (run) to answer it.

"91 (Be) that you, Nick?" said a voice. "This is Don.
You must come quickly! My house has been robbed! All my valuables and money 92 (steal)."

"All right, I will come as soon as I can. 93 (you telephone)
the police yet ?"

"Yes, I have."

- 89. a) read
 - b) was reading
 - c) have read
 - d) had read
- 90. a) ran
 - b) runs
 - c) has run
 - d) had run
- 91. a) Is
 - b) Are
 - c) Was
 - d) Were
- 92. a) are stolen
 - b) has stolen
 - c) have been stolen
 - d) had been stolen
- 93. a) Do you telephone
 - b) Are you telephoning
 - c) Have you telephoned
 - d) Were you telephoned

B. After I had had lunch in a restaurant in the country, I

94 (lbok for) my wallet in order to pay for the meal. When I

95 (sit) down, it 96 (be) in my back pocket. Now it 97 (not be)

there. As I 98 (look for) it, the owner of the restaurant

99 (come) over to me.

"Yes, thank you," I said, "but I can't pay the bill because I can't find my wallet."

- 94. a) were looking for
 - b) looked for
 - c) have looked for
 - d) had looked for
- 95. a) sit
 - b) sat
 - c) am sitting
 - d) was sat
- 96. a) is
 - b) was
 - c) been
 - d) have been
- 97. a) was not
 - b) were not
 - c) has not been
 - d) had not been

- 98. a) look for
 - b) looked for
 - c) was looking for
 - d) had looked for
- 99. a) came
 - b) has come
 - c) had come
 - d) will come
- C. "Some people 100 (still believe) the world is flat," Jack said.

 "You 101 (joke)," I replied. "I 102 (not know) anyone who

"Well, you 103 (know) me," he replied. "I 104 (believe) that the earth 105 (look like) a flat dish."

"And which side of the dish 106 (you live) on ?" I asked.

"Oh, I 107 (not know).

- 100. a) still believe
 - b) still believed
 - c) are still believing
 - d) were still believing
- 101. a) joke
 - b) joked
 - c) are joking
 - d) were joking
- 102. a) didn't know
 - b) don't know
 - c) not know
 - d) am not known

- 103, a) know
 - b) are known
 - c) has known
 - d) had known
- 104, a) believe
 - h) believed
 - c) am believed
 - d) had believed
- 105. a) is looking like
 - b) looked like
 - c) looks like
 - d) was looking like
- 106. a) did you live
 - b) are you living
 - c) had you lived
 - d) were you living
- 107. a) am not known
 - b) didn't know
 - c) wasn't known
 - d) don't know

<u>SECTION III</u> (108 - 112)

Choose the alternative which best completes each sentence.

Make a cross (X) under the letter a, b, c or d on the answer

sheet.

EXAMPLE:	Th	is room
ē	a) hig	h is four metres
ł	b) is	high four metres
C	c) fou	r metres is high
	i) is	four metres high
ANSWER:		
AND ILL.	(a) (b) (c) (d)
	108.	At the theatre, a man and a woman
		a) were sitting me behind
		b) were behind me sitting
		c) were sitting behind me
		d) me were sitting behind
	109.	I•
		a) ran to the station but missed the train
		b) missed the train but ran to the station
		c) ran but missed the train to the station
		d) missed the train to the station but ran
	110.	They didn't allow
•		a) us before 9 o'clock to enter the museum
		b) to us enter the museum before 9 o'clock
		c) us to enter the museum before 9 o'clock
		d) to enter the museum us before 9 o'clock
	1.	Finding
		a) the door into the kitchen, I went unlocked
		b) the door, I went into the kitchen unlocked
		c) the door unlocked, I went into the kitchen
		d) into the kitchen, I went unlocked the door

112. before lunch.

- a) The letter he read in his office
- b) The letter in his office he read
- c) He in his office read the letter
- d) He read the letter in his office

SECTION IV. (113 - 120)

Choose the alternative which best explains the meaning and which is grammatically correct. Make a cross (X) under the letter a, b, c or d on the answer sheet.

EXAMPLE: John's garden is not as large as Bill's.

- a) Bill's garden is larger than John's.
- b) John's garden is larger than Bill's.
- c) Bill's garden is the largest.
- d) John's garden is the largest.

ANSWER:

113. Neither of us spoke.

- a) We either spoke.
- b) We both didn't speak. .
- c) Either you or I spoke.
- d) We neither didn't speak.

114.	It is necessary for you to see a doctor.	
	This means you see a doctor.	
	a) can	
	b) had to	
	c) might	
	d) must	
115.	Perhaps he will come tomorrow.	
	This means he come tomorrow.	
	a) should	
	b) has to	
	c) may	
	d) will	
116.	I am one of the few people left.	
	a) There are none left.	
	b) I am the only one left.	
	c) There are some left.	
	d) There are allot left.	
117.	Workers will have completed the new roads by the end	
	of this year.	
	a) They have already finished.	
	b) They haven't finished yet.	
	c) They finished a long time ago.	
	d) They are finishing now.	
118.	She should have come to see me last week.	
	a) She came although she didn't want to.	
	b) Actually, she did not come.	
	c) She came although she shouldn't have.	
	a) the deduct came and the wheeldelt have	

- 119. I have ten books. He has five.
 - a) He hasn't as much books as I have.
 - b) He hamn't as books as I have.
 - c) He hasn't books as many as I have.
 - d) He hasn't as many books as I have.
- 120. The play may begin at any moment.
 - a) It has begun already.
 - b) It has just begun.
 - c) It hasn't begun yet.
 - d) It began a long time ago.

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ผู้เขียนวิทยานิพนซ์

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W.M. 2512

สถานที่ทำง**า**น

วิทยาลัยครูเชียงใหม่



์ ศูนย์วิทยทรัพยากร เหาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย