แอกติวิตีของแอลคาไลน์ฟอสฟาเทสในระยะการเจริญของ วรรณะผึ้งงานในผึ้งพันธุ์ *Apis mellifera* Linneaus, 1758

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ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE ACTIVITY IN DEVELOPMENTAL STAGES OF HONEYBEE WORKER Apis mellifera Linneaus, 1758

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ทิพย์วรรณ สรรพสัตย์: แอกติวิตีของแอลคาไลน์ฟอสฟาเทสในระยะการเจริญของ วรรณะผึ้งงานในผึ้งพันธุ์ Apis mellifera Linneaus, 1758 (ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE ACTIVITY IN DEVELOPMENTAL STAGES OF HONEYBEE WORKER Apis mellifera Linneaus, 1758) อาจารย์ที่ปรึกษา: ศ. คร. สิริวัฒน์ วงษ์ศิริ, อาจารย์ที่ปรึกษาร่วม: ผศ. คร. จันทร์เพ็ญ จันทร์เจ้า จำนวนหน้า 114 หน้า. ISBN 974-17-1452-1

การศึกษาแอกติวิตีของแอลคาไลน์ฟอสฟาเทส (AP) ในผึ้งงานของผึ้งพันธุ์ เริ่มตั้งแต่ไข่อายุ 48 ชั่วโมง จนถึงตัวเต็มวัยที่จะออกจากเซลล์ โดยเก็บตัวอย่างระยะห่างกัน 48 ชั่วโมง ระยะการเก็บตัว อย่างทำโดยการแต้มสีที่รวงรัง จากการศึกษาการแสดงออกของ AP ในเนื้อเยื่อของผึ้งงานโดยวิธีทาง เนื้อเยื่อวิทยา พบแอกติวิตีสูงที่เนื้อเยื่อปกคลุม เนื้อเยื่อทางเดินอาหาร กล้ามเนื้อ ในเซลล์จะพบมากใน ส่วนของเยื่อหุ้มเซลล์ และพบเป็นอิสระในเซลล์ ทำการเพิ่มปริมาณของคีเอ็นเอ โดยใช้ไพร์เมอร์ที่ออก แบบมาจากบริเวณอนุรักษ์ของลำดับเบสของยืนส์ AP ที่ได้จากสิ่งมีชีวิตชนิดอื่นๆ ได้ลำดับเบสบาง ส่วนที่มีความยาว 429 คู่เบส มีเปอร์เซนต์ของความเหมือนของยืนส์ AP ในผีเสื้อไหม 39.7% และใน แมลงหวี่ (Aph-4) 39.2% ตรวจวัดแอกติวิตีที่จำเพาะของสารสกัดอย่างหยาบ จากปฏิกิริยาไฮโครไลซิสกับ สารตั้งต้นพาราไนโตรฟีนอลฟอสเฟต วัดการดูดกลืนแสงที่ 405 นาโนเมตร หลังจากทำการทดลองซ้ำ จากผึ้ง 3 รัง พบว่าตัวอย่างผึ้งที่มีอายุ 144 ชั่วโมงมีแอกติวิตีที่จำเพาะของ AP สูงสุด (1.5X10⁻⁴ u/mg) สภาวะที่เหมาะสมต่อการทำงานคือ ค่าความเป็นกรค-ค่างที่ 9.5-9.6 อุณหภูมิที่เหมาะสมคือ 50 องศา เซลเซียส มีความสามารถในการทนความร้อนสูง นอกจากนี้ผลจากการย้อมสารสกัดอย่างหยาบด้วย สารตั้งต้น NBT/BCIP โดยใช้ 12% Polyacrylamide gel ที่ไม่ถูกทำให้เสียสภาพพบว่าผลของแอกติวิตีของ AP สอดคล้องกับผลของการไฮโครไลซิส และพบว่ามวลโมเลกูลของ AP บนเจลที่กล่าวข้างต้นมีค่า ประมาณ 150 กิโลดาลตัน การแสดงออกของ AP พบตั้งแต่ในระยะไข่ 48 ชั่วโมง และในระยะตัว หนอนมีการเกิดแอกติวิตีมากที่สุด ในระยะดักแด้มีแอกติวิตีน้อยสุด และแนวโน้มของแอกติวิตีในตัว เต็มวัยจะเพิ่มขึ้น ทั้งนี้คาคว่าน่าจะเกี่ยวข้องกับกระบวนการเจริญต่างๆ

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KEYWORD: Alkaline phosphatase/A. mellifera/workers/para-nitrophenol phosphate/NBT/BCIP/specific activity/non-specific AP/AP gene

TIPWAN SUPPASAT: ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE ACTIVITY IN DEVELOPMENTAL STAGES OF HONEYBEE WORKER Apis mellifera Linneaus, 1758. THESIS ADVISOR: SIRIWAT WONGSIRI, Ph. D. THESIS CO-ADVISOR: CHANPEN CHANCHAO, Ph. D. 114 pp. ISBN 974-17-1452-1

Alkaline phosphatase (AP) of A. mellifera workers was determined from 48 h egg (1st) to emerging adult (10th). The interval of each stage was 48 h. The sample was marked with painting color. For histochemical study, high activity was in an integument, alimentary, or muscle, etc. Mostly, it was found at membrane and as free AP in cell. Genomic DNA was amplified by designed primers from conserved regions of the AP from various organisms. Partial DNA sequence of AP at the length of 429 bp was obtained. The sequence shows 39.7% homology to AP in Bombyx mori and 39.2% homology to APh-4 gene in Drosophila melanogaster. AP activity in crude extract was assayed by hydrolysis of para-nitrophenol phosphate as substrate. Samples were collected from 3 hives. The highest specific activity (1.5×10⁴ unit/mg) was from the 144 h sample. The optimum conditions were pH at 9.5-9.6, temperature at 50°C. It is also heat tolerant. According to the activity stain on 12% native polyacrylamide gel (native PAGE), the AP activity was positive during the mentioned period at the molecular mass of 150 kDa. An expression of AP by this experiment was begun from egg. The highest AP activity was found in larva while the least AP activity was in pupa. In adult, the AP activity trended to be high again. The fluctuated level of AP activity is possible to be involved in developmental processes.

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ABBREVIATIONS

AP Alkaline phosphatase

AC Acid phosphatase

bp Base pair

°C Degree celcius

Kb Kilobase

kDa Kilodalton

LM Light microscope

h Hour

min Minute

M Molar

mM Millimolar

µM Micromolar

PCR Polymerase Chain Reaction

PAGE Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis

pM Picomolar

µg Microgram

ng nanogram

mg Milligram

μl Microlitre

ml Millilitre

nm Nanometre

rpm Revolution per minute

RT Room temperature

Sec second

SM Stereomicroscope