Chapter III



RESULTS

The results of the water samples studied are shown in Table 1a and show the total concentration of lead and mercury in the water, both the soluble and particulate fractions, for the January collections. The amount of lead and mercury concentration, both the soluble and particulate fractions for the May collections are shown in Table 1b. The values for the overall concentration of lead and mercury at each station are also presented.

The total lead content in wet sediments for each assigned layer is shown in Table 2. The total mercury content in wet sediment for each assigned layer is shown in Table 3.

The total lead and mercury residues in the biological samples for the January collections are shown in Table 4 and for the May collections in Table 5.

The variation in total lead concentration for soluble and particulate fractions for the January collections are shown graphically in Figure 5, and the total concentration of mercury in the soluble and particulate fractions are shown graphically in Figure 6. The total concentration of lead and mercury in the soluble and particulate fractions May collections are shown graphically in Figure 7 and 8 respectively. Representations of the relationship between the total concentration of both lead and mercury in each assigned sediment layer of the sediment cores sampled from the 9 stations are shown in Figure 9-16 inclusive.

The biological samples of selected species are presented graphically in Figure 17a and 17b according to their content of the total lead and mercury residues in the muscle. Figure 18 represents a comparison between the values of the total lead and mercury residues in the species studied from the various stations in respect of the three trophic levels for the January and May collections.

	Dissolved		Part	iculate	To	tal
Station	Lead	Mercury	Lead	Mercury	Lead	Mercury
I	2.60	0.013	13.00	0.001	15.60	0.041
II	3.50	0.134	13.75	0.009	17.25	0.143
III	2.00	0.699	16.19	0.005	18.19	0.704
IV+V	2.00	0.634	14.19	0.073	16.19	0.707
VI	4.70	0.088	14.58	0.029	19.28	0.117
VII	5.20	0.023	20.27	0:032	25.57	0.055
VIII	3.90	0.069	48.13	0.021	52.03	0.090
IX	2.00	0.069	12.33	0.034	14.33	0.103

Table 1a: Concentration of Dissolved, Particulate and Total
Content of Lead and Mercury in the Water Samples on
the ppb Basis for January. Collections

	Dis	Dissolved		culate	Total	
Station	Lead	Mercury	Lead	Mercury	Lead	Mercury
I	3.00	0.028	15.60	0.001	18.60	0.029
II	3.50	0.460	12.00	0.016	15.50	0.476
III	4.70	0.325	20.90	0.009	25.60	0.334
IV	3.60	0.420	16.88	0.026	20.48	0.446
V	4.70	0.560	19.25	0.071	23.95	0.631
VI	3.00	0.650	14.75	0.037	17.75	0.687
VII	3.00	0.046	18.85	0.050	21.85	0.096
VIII	2.60	0.070	59.45	0.031	62.05	0.101
IX '	2.00	0.050	16.63	0.017	18.63	0.073

Table 1b: Concentration of Dissolved, Particulate and Total Content of Lead and Mercury in the Water Samples on the ppb Basis for May. Collections.

v vi vii viii	IX
32 0.565 0.303 0.326	0.159
20 0.328 0.386 0.614	0.224
14 3.343 0.354 0.631	0.262
56 0.967 0.314 1.489	0.169
24 0.274 0.569 1.402	0.269
76 0.119 0.480 0.941	0.075
72 0.197 0.621 0.836	0.243
34 0.182 0.446 -	0.128
44 0.189 0.435 -	0.157
50 0.198 0.447 -	0.160
36 0.395	0.156
22 0.238	0.164
98	0.091
36	_
50	_
77	_
1-2-1-4 (2)	-
	_

Table 2: Total Lead Concentration in Wet Sediment on the ppm Basis.

·	30 ST STATE OF THE							
Station Depth (cm)	I	I	III	IV+V	VI	VII	VIII	IX
1	0.003	0.237	0.046	0.182	0.034	0.329	0.176	0.050
3	0.017	0.179	0.091	0.226	0.085	0.139		0.061
5	0.022	0.195	0.068	0.285	0.241	0.343	0.178	0.084
7	0.014	0.193	0.057	0.301	0.334	0.229	0.133	0.110
9	0.005	0.227	0.078	0.327	0.259	0.088	0.113	0.153
12	0.003	0.200	0.157	0.218	0.228	0.086	0.112	0.179
15	0.004	0.211	0.028	0.143	0.158	0.066	0.047	0.156
18	0.006	0.190	0.059	0.140	0.160	0.058	0.110	0.173
22	0.006	0.231	0.143	0.138	0.231	0.099	0.216	0.143
26	-	0.356	0.128	0.122	0.218	0.136	0.180	0.163
30	-	0.251	0.098	0.109	0.219	0.112	0.216	0.072
34	- 1	0.182	0.085	0.128	0.118	-	0.193	0.075
38	-	0.090	0.082	0.078	0.050	-	0.073	0.124
42	-	0.089	0.188	0.078	0.053	-	0.098	0.136
46	-	0.024	0.110	-	-	-	0.114	0.056
50	-	-	0.085	-	-	f -X	0.137	
54	-	-	0.094	-	-	-	-	_
58	-	-	0.082	-	-	_ '	-	-

Table 3: Total Mercury Concentration in Wet Sediment on the ppm Basis

No.	Organism	Weight (gm)	Length (cm)	Station	Trophic Level	Lead (ppm)	Mercury (ppm)
1	Loligo sp.	218	24.3	I†II	4	1.034	0.032
2	Loligo sp.	186	22.7	I+ÍI	4	1.874	0.029
3	Loligo sp.	86	14.3	IţII	4	0.205	0.019
4	Loligo sp.	65	12.5	I+II	4	0.846	0.015
5	Loligo sp.	5	7.5	I÷II	4		-
6	Loligo sp.	3	6-7	HII	4	0.010	-
7	Sepia sp.	288	16.8	III	4 .	0.436	0.085
8	Sepia sp.	129	11.8	· I+II	4	0.224	0.011
9	Sepia sp.	37	7.2	I#II	4	0.224	0.012
10	Caranx mate	35	17.4	I+II	4	0.236	0.027
11	Caranx mate	33	16.5	IţII	4	0.206	0.031
12	Caranx malan	113	21.5	1‡11	4	1.009	0.058
13	Caranx malan	80 .	20	I+II	4	0.784	0.037
14	Epinepherus tauvina	67	16	,I+II	5	0.613	0.294
15	Epinepherus tauvina	55	15	I#II	5	0.410	0.269
16	Scatophagus argus (Blyth)	43	11.4	1411	5	0.543	0.057
17	Scatophagus argus (Blyth)	34	10.5	1+11	5	0.881	0.043
18	Scatophagus argus (Blyth)	29	9.5	III	5.	0.514	0.036
19	Pangasius pangasius (Hamilton)	115	24	IA+A	4	0.687	0.126
20	Pangasius pangasius (Hamilton)	97	23	IV+V	4	0.510	0.046
21	Scatophagus argus (Blyth)	75	12.7	IV+V	5	0.417	0.084
22	Larus brunnicephelus	425		IV+V	5	2.609	0.271
23	Larus brunnicephelus	368	-	IV+V	5	0.842	0.160
24	Larus brunnicephelus	359		IV+V	5	0.885	0.192
25	Larus brunnicephelus	357		IV+V	5		0.188
26	Larus brunnicephelus	355	· .	IV+V	5	0.814	0.136
27	Larus brunnicephelus	352		IV+V	5	1.054	0.102
28	Larus brunnicephelus	338	-	IV+V	5	0.841	0.224
29	Larus brunnicephelus	333	-	IV+V	5	0.651	0.040
50	Puntius gonionotus (Bleeker)	487	30.5	IX	.3	1.416	0.024
31	Puntius gonionotus (Bleeker)	460	50 -	TX	5	1.243	0.042
32	Pluntioplites proctozyron (Bleeker	820	41.5	IX	4	0.693	0.014
33 3	Pluntioplites proctozyron (Bleeker	650	37	IX	4	0.641	0.013
34	Pangasius nasatus (Hamilton)	2416	56	IX	4	0.841	0.118
35	Pangasius nasatus (Hamilton)	1616	53	IX	4.	0.622	0.032
56	Dasybatus imbricatus	600	26	IX	5	0.605	0.165
37	Kryptoterus bleekeri	910	53	IX	5	0.610	0.205
18	Kryptoterus bleekeri	230	34	IX	5	0.211	0.039

<u>Table</u> 4: Total Concentration of Lead and Mercury Residues in Biological Samples for January Collections.

1		Weight	Length	Station	Trophic		Mercury
	Caranx malan	(gm)	(cm)		Level	(ppm)	(ppm)
2	Caranx malan	50	17.2	I	4	0.625	0.026
3	Caranx malan	45	16.6	I	4	0.761	0.029
4	Megalospis cordyla	44	16.4	I	. 4	0.713	0.021
5	Seumberomerus commersoni	40	16.5	I	5	1.163	0.032
6	Scomberomerus commersoni	234	33.6	II	5	0.687	0.033
7	Loligo sp.	216	32.8	II	5	0.651	0.020
8	Loligo sp.	35 25	14.5	III	4	0.983	0.012
9	Sepia sp.		12.5	III	4	0.969	0.009
10	Polynemus sp.	165	14.9	III	. 4	0.475	0.016
ıı	Polynemus sp.	42	18.7	III	5	1.213	0.033
12	Polynemus sp.	28	15.9	III	5	0.707	0.026
3	Tilapia mossambica (Peter)	23	16.2	III	5	0.774	0.015
	Macrobrachium rosenbergii (De Man)	188	21.3	IV+V	3	1.148	0.019
	Macrobrachium rosenbergii (De Man)		21.1	IV+V	4	0.891	0.137
1	Macrobrachium rosenbergii (De Man)		20.6	IV+V	4	0.834	0.098
	Macrobrachium rosenbergii (De Man)	10000	18.5	IA+A	. 4	0.402	0.146
8	Lates calcarifer (Bloch)	24	14.8	IA+A	. 4	0.425	0.074
9	Puntius gonionotus (Bleeker)	370	29.2	IA+A	. 5	0.324	0.041
اه	Puntius gonionotus (Bleeker)	160	23.7	VI.	3	0.906	0.033
1	Mugil dussumieri	38	13.3	VI	3	0.876	0.020
2	Dasybatus sp.	36	15.5	VII	3	1.269	0.018
3	Plerogasius culturatus	50 282	19.5	AII	5	0.238	0.013
4	Kryptoterus bleekeri		32	AII	. 5	0.412	0.024
5	Kryptoterus bleekeri	134	31	AII	5	3.458	0.034
	Mystus nemurus (Cuv & Val)	54	23.7	AII	5	0.903	0.021
- 1	Mystus nemurus (Cuv & Val)	550 30	39 '	VII	5	0.963	0.189
	Mystus nemurus (Cuv & Val)	29	17	VII	- 5	0.667	0.085
	Mystus nemurus (Cuv & Val)	16	16.9	AII	5	1.450	0.029
	Puntius gonionotus (Bleeker)	56	13.6	AII	5	0.271	0.018
	Cyclocheilichthys armatus	196	16.7	IX	3	0.255	0.015
	Pluntioplites proctozysron	45	13.7	IX .	4	0.747	0.012
. 1	Cyclocheilichthys enophus	45	16.6		1	0.242	0.009
	Cyclocheilichthys enophus	42	16.2	IX	4	0.747	.0.037
	Cyclocheilichthys enophus	40	16	IX	4	0.806	0.033
1 -	Ambassis wolfii (Bleeker)	142	17.5	IX	4	0.710	0.031
	Ambassis wolfii (Bleeker)	100	19.7	ıx	4	0.561	0.036
	Ophicephalus striatus (Bloch)	220	31.2	IX		0.476	0.052
	Mastocenbelus armatus ar. (Gunther)	242	49	IX .		0.275	0.029
	Mastocenbelus circumcetus	176	39			0.279	0.037
	Matopterus natopterus (Pallas)	236	30	IX .		0.341	0.028
	Matopterus natopterus (Pallas)	37	17	IX		1.071	0.051
	Matopterus natopterus (Pallas)	26	70.1824/200	IX		0.367	0.036
1 -	Satopterus natopterus (Pallas)	26	15.6	IX IX		0.269	0.026

Table 5: Total Concentration of Lead and Mercury Residues in Biological Samples for May Collections.

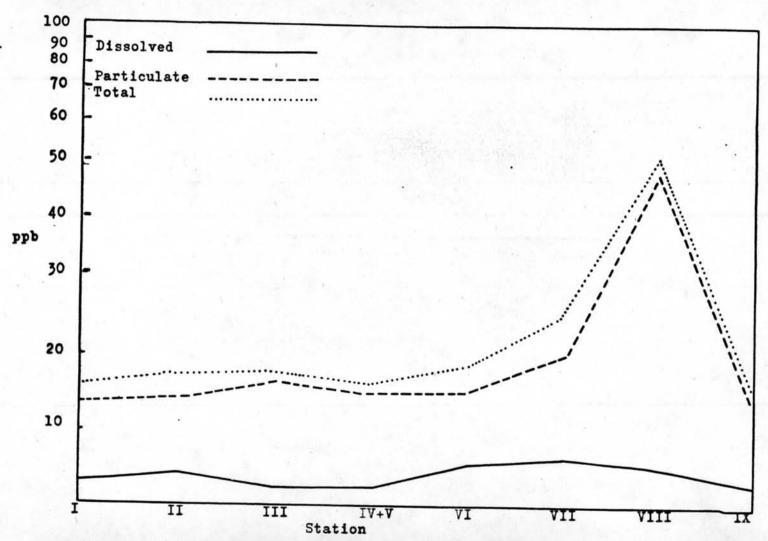


Figure 5: Distribution of Dissolved, Particulate and Total Lead in the Water Samples from the January Collections.

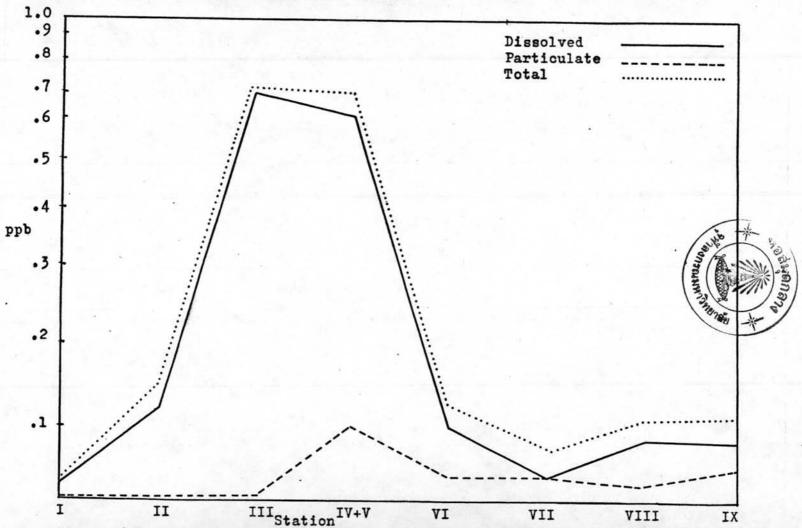


Figure 6: Distribution of Dissolved, Particulate and Total Mercury in the Water Samples from the January Collections.

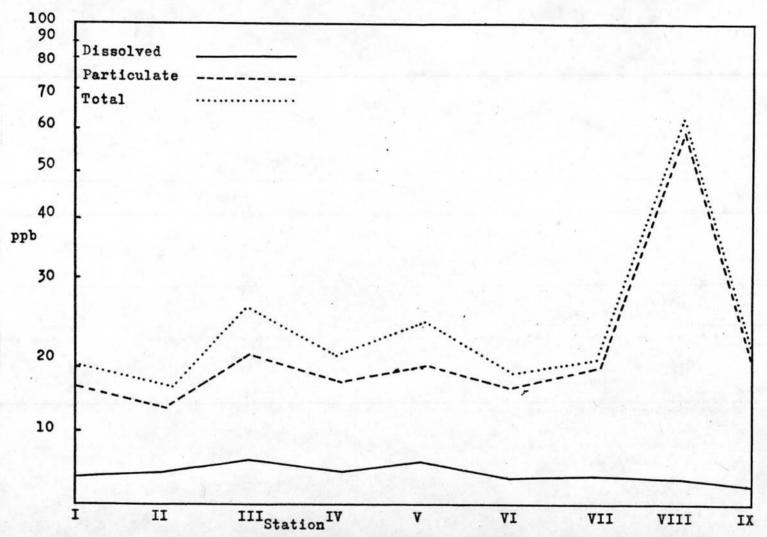


Figure 7: Distribution of Dissolved, Particulate and Total Lead in the Water Samples from May Collections.

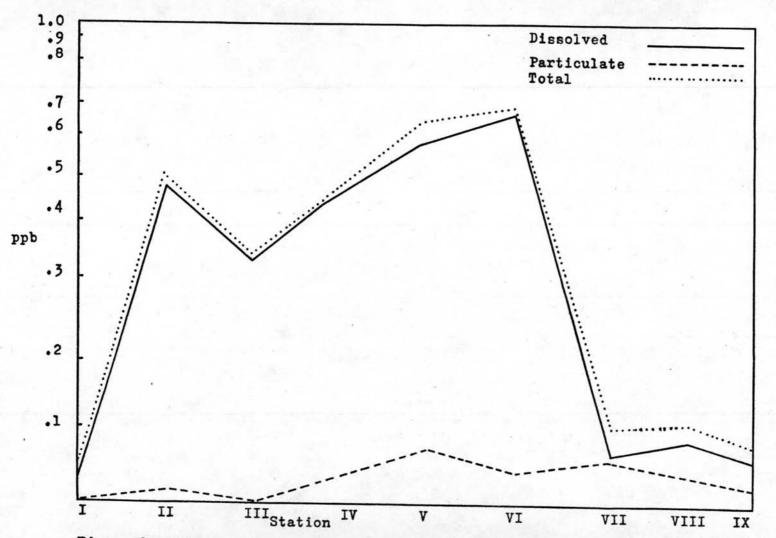


Figure 8: Distribution of Dissolved, Particulate and Total Mercury in the Water Samples from May Collections.

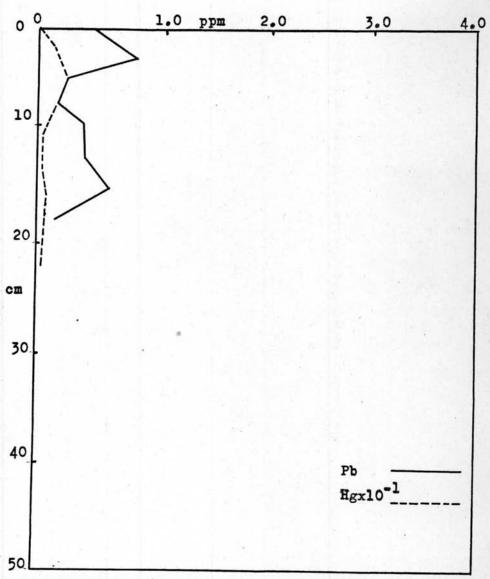


Figure 9: The Relationship between the Total Lead and Mercury Concentration in Sediment Core with Depth at Station I.

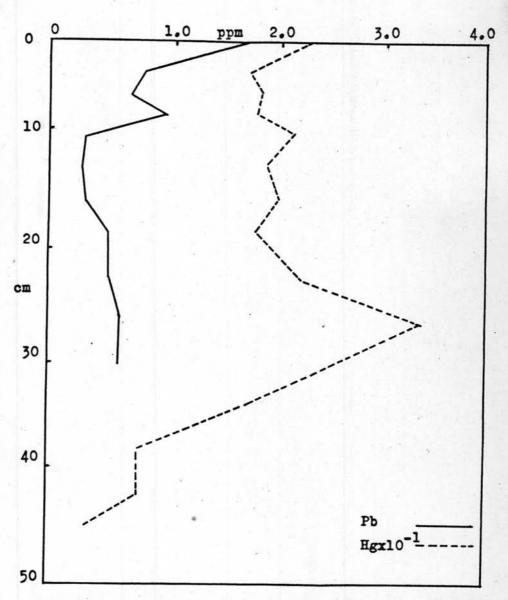


Figure 10: The Relationship between the Total Lead and Mercury Concentration in Sediment Core with Depth at Station II.

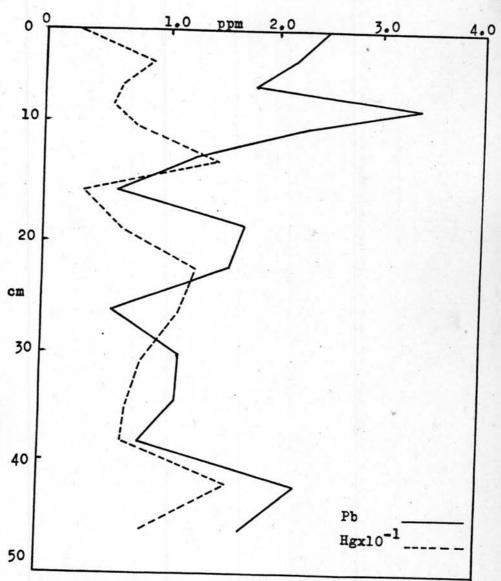


Figure 11: The Relationship between the Total Lead and Mercury Concentration in Sediment Core with Depth at Station III.

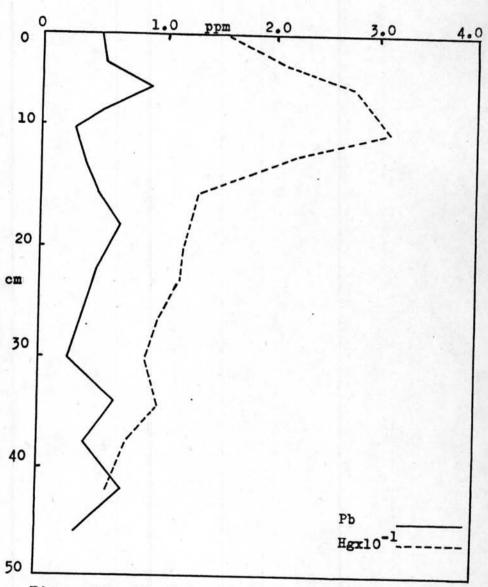


Figure 12: The Relationship between the Total Lead and Mercury Concentration in Sediment Core with Depth at Station IV+V.

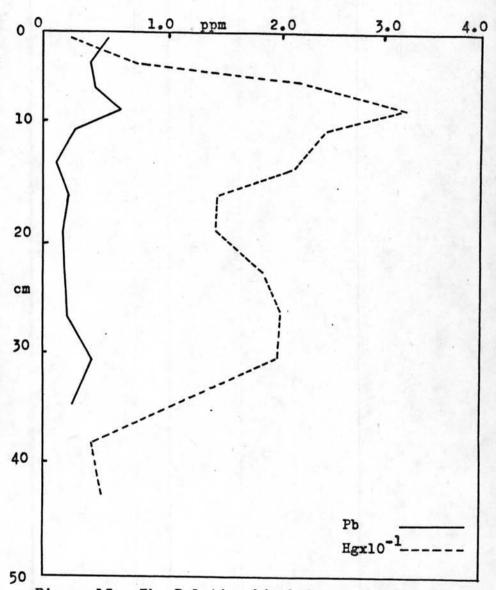


Figure 13: The Relationship between the Total Lead and Mercury Concentration in Sediment Core with Depth at Station VI.

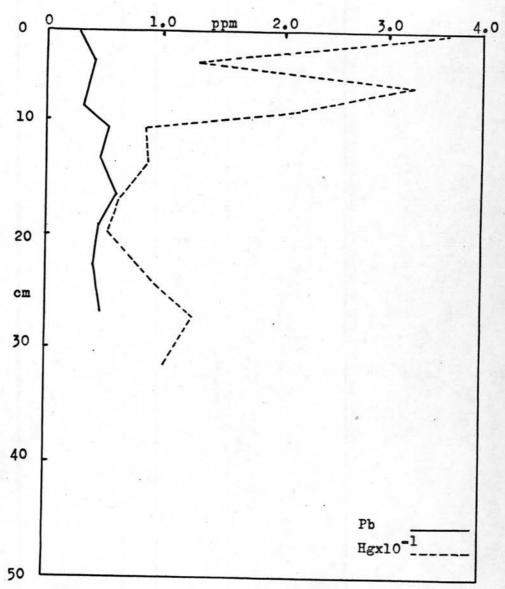


Figure 14: The Relationship between the Total Lead and Mercury Concentration in Sediment Core with Depth at Station VII.



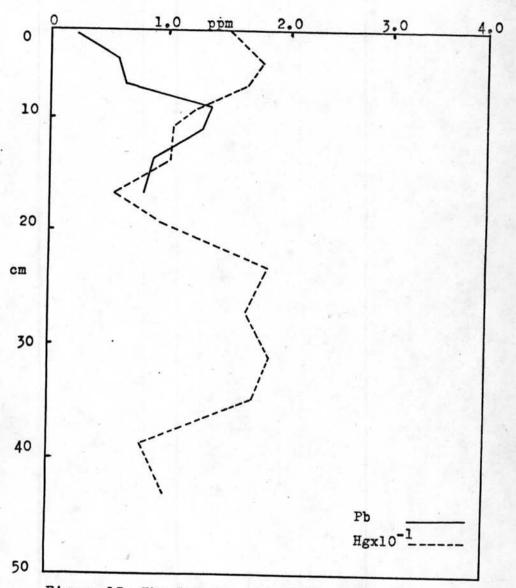


Figure 15: The Relationship between the Total Lead and Mercury Concentration in Sediment Core with Depth at Station VIII.

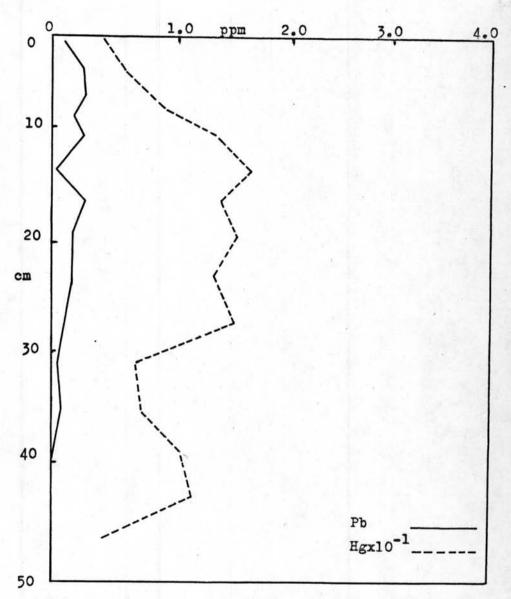
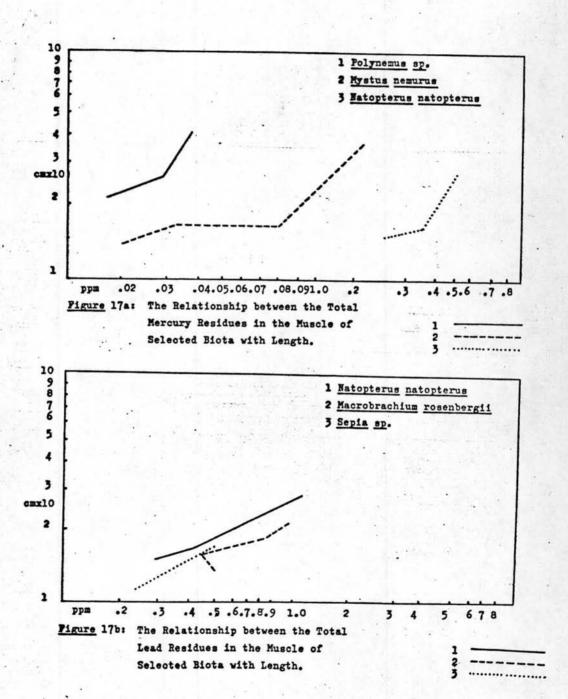


Figure 16: The Relationship between the Total Lead and Mercury Concentration in Sediment Core with Depth at Station IX.



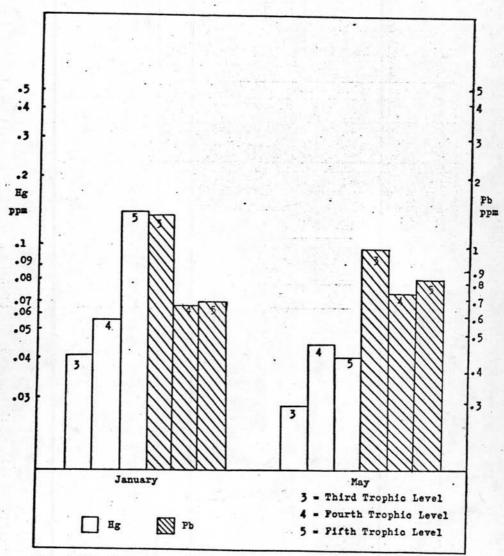


Figure 18: Comparison of the Total Lead and Mercury Residues in Biota on the Trophic Level Basis from January and May Collections.

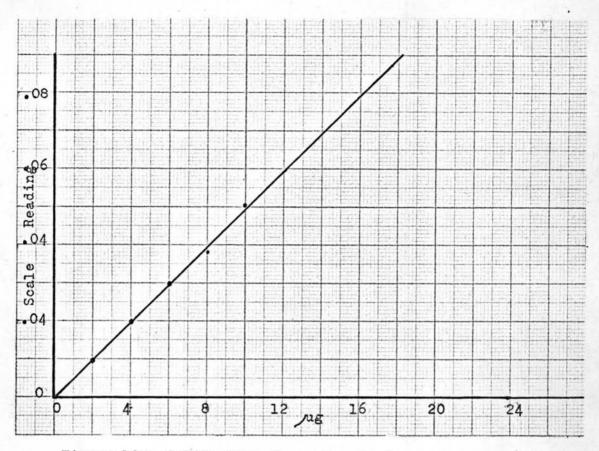


Figure 19a: Calibration Curve for Lead

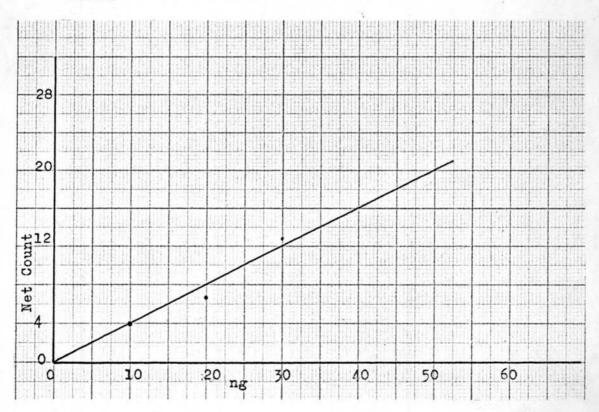


Figure 19b: Calibration Curve for Mercury

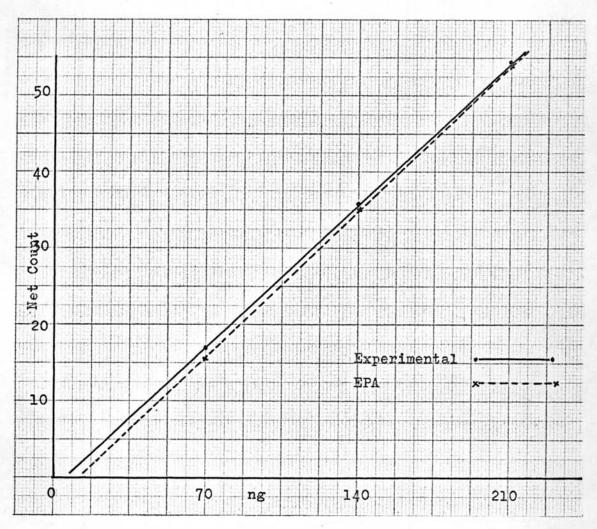


Figure 20: Accuracy Curves for Experimental and EPA Standards for Mercury

	Experimental	EPA
70 ng	17.0*	15.5*
140 ng	36.0	35.5
210 ng	54.5	54.0

EPA: Environmental Protection Agency

* : Net Count

Figure 19a and 19b show the calibration curves for lead and mercury respectively. The graphical representation of the accuracy test for the determination of the total mercury is illustrated in Figure 20 showing the comparison for the experimental and the EPA standards.

The four samples of the same specimen were determined for the lead content giving the following results:

Sample No.	Scale reading
1	5.3
2	6.0
3	5.6
4	5.0

So for these four determinations the precision values is . $\overline{\text{X}}\pm0.079$ at 95 % confidence interval.

The recovery percentage of the method for the determination of lead was also made with the following results:

Sample No.	recovery percentage
1 (2 /ug)	85
2 (3 jug)	93.3
3 (4/ug)	116.7

The resulting recovery percentage was X±16.01 at 95 % confidence interval.

The accuracy test for lead was not made due to the unvailability of the recommended lead standard.

The four samples of the same specimen were analysed for the total mercury content with the following results:

Sample No.	Net	count
1		14
2		17
3		18
4		16

From these results, the precision value of $\bar{X}\pm0.08$ at 95 % confidence interval was observed.

The recovery percentage for the determination of mercury was also made with the following results:

Sample No.	Recovery percentage
1 (20 ng)	112.5
2 (30 ng)	90
3 (40 ng)	107.5

So the resulting mercury percentage was $X\pm0.13$ at 95 % confidence interval.