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ภาคผนวก

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lead

Kohl rejects Chinese reaction to parliamentary resolution on Tibet (ADDS Kohl statement in parliiamentary debate)

BONN, June 27 (AFP) — Chancellor Helmut Kohl firmly rejected Thursday Chinese attacks against a German parliamentary resolution critical of Beijing's policies in Tibet.

The German leader said that "the Bundestag (loower house) of course hass the right" to take a stand on the human rights situation in another country. "The German parliament is not subject to any censorship." Kohl said.

In a Bundestag debate prompted by the Chinese reaction to last week's resolution, the chancellor said it must be possible between partners to "address critical and sensitive questions openly".

He also denied opposition charges that the German government put economic interests above the defence of human righttss.

Kohl said he learned of the Chinese government's postponement of a visit Foreign Minister Klaus Kinkel was to make to China next month with "regret and incomprehension", but that the German government would continue to draw attention to cases of human rights abuse.

Attention to cases of human rights abuse.

However Kohl said Germany's policy of cooperation with Chiina would be maintained. The isolation of China would have an adverse effect, and it was Ronm's policy to support China's opening up to the rest of the world, he said.

The chancellor also reiteerated that the German government supported China's territorial integrity.

Beijing, which branded the Bundestag resolution as interference in China s internal affairs contrary to international law, has presented it as tantamount to supporting Tibetan secession.

Refore the offfending resolution was passed with opposition and government support, the Chinese ambassador in Bonn, Mei Zhaorong, had warned that in adopting it the Bundestag would seriously harm relations between thee two countries.

In Thursday's Bundestag debate, which was sought by the opposition Social Democrat (SPD) and Greens parties, the SPD accused Kohl of having contributed to the diplomatic row by his attitudde.

GPD foreign affairs spokesman Karsten Voigt said Kohl had with a visit to China last year given the impression of believing that by "pussyfooting on the human rights question trade relations could be improved".

A spokesmman for Economy Minister Guenter Rexrodt earlier Thursday said α visit he was to make to China in September was "off until further notice" because of Rexrodt's ill-health and the tensions between Bonn and Beijing.

The ministry had said Tuesday the visit was still scheduled, despite the postponement by China Sunday of Kinkel's visit. Other German ministers announced they were putting off planned visits after Kinkel's trip was postponed.

Relations between the two countries had already been strained because Germany hosted an international conference on Tibet earlier this month with the participation of the Tibetan government—in—exile and the Dalai Lama, Tibet's exiled spiritual leader.

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u k. EC-THAILAND-FOLITICS-(SC 03-06 0572 EC-THAILAND-FOLITICS-(SCHEDULED,-NEWS-ANALYSIS) That coalition seen burt by Bangkok poll loss

By Sutin Wannabovorn

BANGKOK, June 3 (Reuter) — Thailand's ruling coalition suffered another setback when Bangkok residents elected an independent as the capital's r w governor instead of candidates backed by coalition partners, political analysts said on Monday.

The weekend result, in which independent Bhichit Rattakul trounced candidates supported by junior coalition parties — the Palang Darma PartieDP) and Frachakorn Thai — may shape the coalition's future, the analy its said.

Prime Minister Banharn Silpa-archa's seven-party government has been racked by infighting recently.

"The results of the Sunday election show that the voters are fed up with the ruling coalition and it worsens the problems of Banharn's coalition," Sukhum Naulsakul, a political scientist at Ramkhamhaeng University, told Reuters.

"Bhichit has possibly shortened the life of the coalition and put Banharn in a corner. For the time being the premier may have two choices either resign or dissolve parliament," he said.

The premier reshuffled his cabinet on May 28 to sort out political differences between a powerful faction from his main Chart Thai party and the PDP.

He sacked his finance minister and confident Surakiert Sathirathai, replacing him with former budget bureau director, Bodi Chunnananda.

The Frachakorn Thai party served notice on Saturday it would withdrain from the coalition on June 15 because it believed the premier favoured the FDP and had not consulted the Frachakorn about cabinet posts in the lateral reshuffle.

Banharn said he had been informed of the Prachakorn party's decision but declined to comment on what he intended to do with the issue.

The FDP and the Prachakorn are both Bangkok-based parties and their support is considered important for Banharn's government. Traditionally, Bangkok politicians play an influential role in national politics.

Some members of Banharn's coalition have expressed sympathy for the Frachakorn party and want the premier to persuade them not to leave the government.

"For the time being Banharn's only choice may be to resign and form a new coalition," Frachuab Chaiyasarn, deputy leader of the opposition Char Fattana party told reporters.

Other analysts said the FDP's loss in the Bangkok gubernatorial election weakened the party's influence in government by underscoring the FDP's soft support in the political capital.

The PDP's leader is deputy prime minister Thaksin Shinwatra, reappointed by Banharn to his cabinet post after quitting on May 23 to allow the premier to make cabinet changes.

Together, the Frachakorn party and the FDP hold 41 of the 232 seats controlled by Banharn's coalition in the 391-seat lower house of parliament.

If the two leave the coalition, Banharn's majority in parliament will be fragile, analysts said.

The senior coalition partner, the New Aspiration Party (NAP) led by deputy prime minister and defence minister General Chavalit Yongchaiyudh, has remained silent on recent events.

General Chavalit has been touted by some politicians and analysts as possible future prime minister if the current coalition led by Banharn collapses.

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ASA POL: Thailand-Governor:

Voting begins in Bangkok's gubernatorial election+

BANGKOK, June 2 Kyodo - Voting began Sunday morning to elect a new governor of Bangkok in a race highlighting the Thai capital's urban woes of air pollution and what is said to be the world's worst traffic congestion.

Contesting in the race are 29 candidates, including the incumbent, a former governor and a leading environmentalist.

Bangkok election authorities predict approximately 35 percent of the more than 3.6 million eligible voters will turn out at 4,420 polling stations across the capital, a much higher turnout than the 23.02 percent who voted in the last gubernatorial election in April 1992.

Vote counting will begin immediately after the polls close at 3 p.m. Officials expect results to be announced around 9 p.m.

The two top contenders, former Gov. Chamlong Srimuang and environmentalist Pijit Rattakul, are promising to clean up the city, unsnarl its notorious traffic congestion and fight pollution.

Opinion polls and surveys during the past five weeks say independent candidate Pijit will defeat Chamlong, who won two gubernatorial elections in the 1980s.

The latest poll released Friday projected that Pijit would win 43.9 percent of the vote against 29.9 percent for Chamlong, running on the Palang Dharma (Moral Force) Party ticket.

With a doctorate in sciences, Pijit, 49, has devoted himself to campaigning against pollution in the capital since losing the 1992 election to then Palang Dharma candidate Krisda Arunwongse Na Ayudhaya.

Chamlong, 60, who is hoping to win a third stint as governor, has a reputation for modesty, honesty and a frugal lifestyle. He was

first elected in a landslide victory in 1985 and then reelected four years later. He later served for a short period as a minister in the country's coalition government.

But Chamlong's Palang Dharma is no longer seen as the champion of the lower middle class and the poor, political analysts say.

White-collar workers and well-educated people see Pijit as a man with a clear vision and agenda, though many question the practicality of his proposals, according to analysts.

The incumbent, 64-year-old Krisda, an architect by occupation, is campaigning for a second term, but under the banner of another Bangkok-based party. He trails the two top contenders in the opinion polls.

==Kyodo

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HKEO71335 -- INDUNESIAN FINANCIAL MARKETS STABILIZED ON POSITIVE NEWS OF SOEHARTO'S HEALTH

JAKARTA, JULY 13 (XINHUA) -- INDUNESTA'S FINANCIAL MARKETS FURTHER STABILIZED UN FRIDAY AFTER INVESTORS REGAINED CONFIDENCE ON POSITIVE NEWS OF PRESIDENT SUCHARTO'S HEALTH, OFFICIAL SOURCES HERE SAID TODAY.

THE HEAD OF STATE ARRIVED HERE THIS MORNING AT 8:00 LOCAL TIME FROM A MEDICAL CHECKUP IN GERMANY, A DAY EARLIER THAN SCHEDULED, AFTER RECEIVING A CLEAN BILL OF HEALTH.

THE CONDITION OF THE PRESIDENT IS GOOD, MINISTER/STATE SECRETARY MORDIONO TOLD REPORTERS TODAY.

PRESIDENT SUEHARTU, 75, LEFT HERE ON JULY 7 FOR A THREE-DAY TESTS AT A MEDICAL CLINIC AT BAD UEYNHAUSEN, NEAR HANNOVER, GERMANY.

THE COUNTRY'S FINANCIAL MARKETS PLUNGED LATE LAST WEEK ON CONCERN OVER THE PRESIDENT'S HEALTH, BUT SUBSEQUENTLY STABILIZED ON POSITIVE REPORTS FROM GERMANY.

THE RUPIAH HAD ALMUST RECOVERED TO LAST THURSDAY'S LEVEL IN NEW YORK OVERNIGHT TRADING, REPURTS SAID.

ONE US. BANK DEALER SAID TRADERS IN NEW YORK SEEMED TO BE MOKE CONFIDENT IN THE RUPIAH THAN IN JAKARTA AND SINGAPORE AS REFLECTED BY THE COUSING PRICE OF 2,330.75/31.00 OVERNIGHT, THE REPORTS ADDED.

THE RUPIAH STABILIZED AT THE 2.331.25/32.25 LEVEL AT CLOSE IN JAKARIA AFTER TOUCHING A LUW OF 2.331.25/32.75 AT MIDDAY ON SHORT-COVERING AHEAD OF THE WEEKEND.

MARKET SENTIMENT REMAINED FIRM, CURRENCY DÉALERS SAID.

JAKARTA SHARE PRICES EDGED DOWN SLIGHTLY ON ERIDAY MORNING MAINLY DUE TO FALLS IN REGIONAL MARKETS AFTER AN OVERNIGHT DOWNWARD SPIRAL ON WALL STREET ON FEARS OVER POSSIBLE INTEREST RATE HIKE IN THE UNITED STATES.

THE JAKARTA COMPOSITE INDEX MANAGED TO RECOVER AT CLOSE TO 579.95 PHINTS. HP 0.04 PERCENT. ENDITEM

HKEO71002 -- INDONESIA TO CONTINUE VOICING DEVELOPING COUNTRIES'
ASPIRATIONS: MINISTER

JAKARTA, JULY 10 (XINHUA) -- INDONESIAN WILL CONTINUE CALLING ON THE DEVELOPED COUNTRIES TO UNDERSTAND THE ECONOMIC ASPIRATIONS OF DEVELOPING COUNTRIES IN ORDER TO NARROW THE GAP BETWEEN THEM, LOCAL PRESS REPORTED TODAY QUOTING A SENIOR GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL.

UNLY WITH SUCH AN UNDERSTANDING WOULD THE DEVELOPING COUNTRIES BE ENABLED TO TAKE PART IN WORLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES, INDUSTRY AND TRADE MINISTER TURKY ARIVIBUNG SAID HERE TUESDAY AT HIS MINISTRY.

INDUNESTA WOULD VOICE THE ASPIRATIONS OF DEVELOPING COUNTRIES AT EVERY INTERNATIONAL FORUM, HE SAID. IT WOULD DO SO AT THE NEXT MINISTERIAL MEETING OF THE ASIA PACIFIC ECONOMIC COOPERATION (APEC) FORUM IN CHRISTCHURCH, NEW ZEALAND, FROM JULY 15 TO 16.

INDONESTA WOULD DO THE SAME AT A MINISTERIAL MEETING OF COUNTRIES AFFICIATED TO THE WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION (WTO) IN SINGAPORE IN SEPTEMBER THIS YEAR. SAID THE MINISTER.

HE ADDED THE WORLD COMMUNITY SHOULD ADMIT THERE WERE ECONOMIC DIFFERENCES AMONG NATIONS IN THE WORLD, ESPECIALLY BETWEEN THE DEVELOPING AND DEVELOPED COUNTRIES.

'SUCH DIFFERENCES SHOULD ACTUALLY BE OVERCOME BY UNDERSTANDING EVERY MEASURES TAKEN BY DEVELOPING COUNTRIES. THE MOST IMPORTANT THING IS THAT THE MEASURES REMAIN CONSISTENT WITH WTO'S REGULATIONS. HE NOTED.

HE SAID ECONOMIC EQUALITY SHOULD BE ATTAINED FIRST BEFORE TRADE LIBERALIZATION COULD BE INTRODUCED. THIS PRINCIPLE WAS AGREED TO BY WTO MEMBERS IN MARRAKECH. MORUCCU. IN 1994. HE ADDED.

WITHOUT EQUALITY, HE SAID, IT WOULD BE IMPOSSIBLE FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRIES TO COMPETE IN THE OPCOMING FREE TRADE ERA.

HE ALSO EXPRESSED THE HOPE THAT INDUSTRIALIZED NATIONS WOULD HELP DEVELOPING COUNTRIES LIKE INDUNESIA IN MASTERING TECHNOLOGY AND GAINING WIDER ACCESS TO WORLD MARKETS. ENDITEM

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BC-INDONESIA-THIRD WORLD'S ASPIRATIONS

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ประวัติผู้เขียน

นางสาวปารณีย์ จันทรกุล เกิดเมื่อวันที่ 8 เมษายน พ.ศ. 2516 ที่จังหวัดกรุงเทพ ฯ สำเร็จการศึกษาปริญญาบัณฑิด วิชาเอกภาษาศาสตร์ คณะศิลปศาสตร์ มหาวิทยาลัยธรรม ศาสตร์ เมื่อปีการศึกษา 2536 เข้าศึกษาต่อในหลักสูตรนิเทศศาสตรมหาบัณฑิด ที่จุฬาลงกรณ์ มหาวิทยาลัย เมื่อ พ.ศ. 2537