COST OF TREATMENT FOR DIARRHOEAL PATIENTS AT DISTRICT HOSPITAL AND THANA HEALTH COMPLEX: A CASE STUDY OF MANIKGONJ DISTRICT IN BANGLADESH

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The objective of the study is to calculate the unit cost of the provider in IPD and OPD of District Hospital and Thana Health Complex for the management of diarrhoea. This information is vital in understanding for planning the patient service for improving the effectiveness of the program as well as to charge the patient.

Provider costs in District Hospital and Thana Health Complex at Manikgonj District in Bangladesh were calculated through a retrospective survey and observations in 1997. Different cost components were identified from providers' perspective e.g., capital and recurrent cost items.

The estimated provider cost per patient day for the management of IPD cases at District Hospital was Tk 317.87, at Thana Health Complex it was Tk 406.90. Cost per OPD visit at District Hospital was Tk 53.74 and at Thana Health Complex it was Tk 63.32.

This study found that the provider cost for the treatment of diarrhoeal patients at District Hospital and at Thana Health Complex- the maximum cost component was the capital cost, followed in order by the labor and material costs. In District Hospital percentage of costs shared by capital, labor and material was 41.4%, 25.7% and 23.3% where as in Thana Health Complex it was 44.1%, 29.8% and 19.0% respectively of the total unit cost.

Average provider cost at IPD and OPD of District Hospital was much less than those of Thana Health Complex. This is mainly because of nearly full utilization of District Hospital and under utilization of Thana Health Complex and also may be District Hospital is more efficient and effective in their services.

Improving health facilities with the quality of services at rural level with higher efficiency worth considering to reduce excessive pressure at District Hospital and to increase the utilization of Thana Health Complex. Increased utilization will reduce the capital and also some recurrent costs at Thana Health Complex, as higher cost borned by the provider at rural level and patient at District level.

User charge may be introduced up to District level to recover at least recurrent costs of material according to financial solvency of the patients and should introduce referral system so that only more severe cases could be referred to District level and non-severe cases should be treated locally.

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CONTENTS

	Page
Abstract	111
Acknowledgements	iv
Contents	V
List of Tables.	vi
List of Figures	ix
Abbreviations	X
1. Introduction	1
1.1 Background and Rationale	
1.2 Objectives of the Study	
1.3 Scope of the Study	
1.4 Possible Benefits	
Literature Review	
2.2 Satisfaction.	
3. Research Methodology	
3.1 Study Design	19
3.2 Data/Information Collection	
3.3 Conceptual Framework of Costing (Provider)	
3.4 Data analysis	. 22
4. Empirical Results	
4.1 Provider Cost	
4.2 Patient Cost-A Comparison	
4.3 Satisfaction of the People	. 46
5. Conclusions and Recommendations	
5.1 Conclusions	
5.2 Recommendations	
5.3 Limitations	. 51
References	
Appendices	
Biography	87

LIST OF TABLES

Table		Page
1.1	Selected Facts about Demography and Health Status of Bangladesh	1
1.2	Ten Leading Causes of Morbidity with Death Rate in Bangladesh	3
1.3	Disease Profile of Manikgonj District, Babgladesh 1997	7
3.1	Summary of Capital Costs at District Hospital and Thana Health Complex for Diarrhoeal IPD and OPD in 1997	25
3.2	Summary of Recurrent Costs at District Hospital and Thana Health Complex for Diarrhoeal IPD and OPD in 1997	28
4.1	Total and Average Costs for Diarrhoeal Patients at OPD and IPD of District Hospital in 1997	34
4.2	A Comparison of Cost Components of Provider between IPD and OPD of District Hospital in 1997	35
4.3	Total and Average Costs for Diarrhoeal Patients at OPD and IPD of Thana Health Complex in 1997	37
4.4	A Comparison of Cost Components of Provider between IPD and OPD of Thana Health Complex in 1997	38
4.5	A comparison of Average Capital Costs of Provider at IPD and OPD of District Hospital and Thana Health Complex in 1997	39
4.6	A Comparison of Average Recurrent Costs of the Provider at IPD and OPD of District Hospital and Thana Health Complex in 1997	40
4.7	A Comparison of Average Provider Costs, Patient Costs and Total Costs at IPD and OPD of District Hospital and Thana Health Complex in 1997.	44
4.8	A Comparison of Average Provider's, Patient's and Average Total Recurrent Costs at IPD and OPD of District Hospital and Thana Health Complex in 1997	45

LIST OF TABLES (Continued)

Table	P	age
C.1	Spaces Under Different Departments of District Hospital in 1997	64
C.2	Annual Costs of Capital Cost Items of District Hospital Related to Diarrhoeal Patient Service in 1997	65
C.3	Annual Recurrent Cost of Salary of Administration of District Hospital in 1997	66
C.4	Annual Recurrent Costs of Electricity, Telephone and Water, Fuel and Maintenance of Vehicles at District Hospital in 1997	67
C.5	Annual Recurrent Cost of Salary of Personnel Related to Patient Service for Diarrhoea at District Hospital in 1997	68
C.6	Allocation of Annual Capital Cost of Capital Cost Items to Departments at District Hospital in 1997	69
C.7	Allocation of Annual Recurrent Costs of Salary of Administration, Electricity-Telephone-Water and Fuel and Maintenance of Vehicles to Departments at District Hospital in 1997	70
C.8	Allocation of Annual Recurrent Cost of Salary to OPD for Diarrhoea at District Hospital in 1997	71
C.9	Allocation of Annual Recurrent Cost of Salary to IPD for Diarrhoea at District Hospital in 1997	72
C.10	Material Costs Including Drugs and Tests for Diarrhoeal OPD and IPD at District Hospital in 1997	73
C.11	Total and Average Costs for Diarrhoeal Patient at OPD and IPD of District Hospital in 1997.	74
D.1	Spaces Under Different Departments of Thana Health Complex in 1997	75

LIST OF TABLES (Continued)

Table	P	age
D.2	Annual Costs of Capital Cost Items of Thana Health Complex Related to Diarrhoeal Patient Service in 1997	76
D.3	Annual Recurrent Cost of Salary of Administration of Thana Health Complex in 1997.	77
D.4	Annual Recurrent Costs of Electricity, Telephone and Water, Fuel and Maintenance of Vehicles at Thana Health Complex in 1997	78
D.5	Annual Recurrent Cost of Salary of Personnel Related to Patient Service for Diarrhoea at Thana Health Complex in 1997	79
D.6	Allocation of Annual Capital Costs of Capital Cost Items to Departments at Thana Health Complex in 1997	80
D.7	Allocation of Annual Recurrent Costs of Salary of Administration, Electricity-Telephone-Water and Fuel and Maintenance of Vehicles to Departments at Thana Health Complex in 1997	81
D.8	Allocation of Annual Recurrent Cost of Salary to OPD for Diarrhoea at Thana Health Complex in 1997	82
D.9	Allocation of Annual Recurrent Cost of Salary to IPD for Diarrhoea at Thana Health Complex in 1997	83
D.10	Material Costs including Drugs and Tests for diarrhoeal OPD and IPD at Thana Health Complex in 1997	84
D.11	Total and Average Costs for Diarrhoeal Patient at OPD and IPD of Thana Health Complex in 1997.	85
E.1	Average Treatment and Associated Costs for the Management of Diarrhoea Incurred by Rural People at IPD Per Episode in District Hospital in 1995 and Cost at 1997 Price.	86

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure		Page
2.1	Provider and Consumer Costs for Management of Diarrhoeal Disease at Hospital Level	14
3.1	The Different Cost Components Incurred by the Provider for Hospital Care and Services.	21

ABBREVIATIONS

Av = Average

ICDDR, B = International Center for Diarrhoeal Disease Research,

Bangladesh

BBS = Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics

BHDS = Bangladesh Health and Demographic Survey

DGHS = Director General of Health Services
ETW = Electricity, Water and Telephone

FM = Fuel and Maintenance
GED = General Economic Division
GOB = Government of Bangladesh
IPD = In-patient Department

MO = Medical Officer
MOF = Ministry of Finance

MOHFW = Ministry of Health and Family Welfare

No = Number

OPD = Outpatient Department

Sq.ft = Square feet

SVR = Sample Vital Registration
THA = Thana Health Administrator
THC = Thana Health Complex

Tk = Taka (Unit of Bangladesh currency)

WHO = World Health Organization

Yr = Year

UNICEF = United Nations Children Fund