#### **CHAPTER IV**

#### **PRESENTATION**

MEN TARGETING MEN

IN

FAMILY PLANNING

ΙN

P A K I S T A N

ONCE I DID MEET SIX MEN (OR WOMEN)

WHO SERVED ME WELL AND TRUE

THIER NAMES WERE, WHAT, WHERE, AND WHEN

AND WHY, AND HOW, AND WHO!

WHERE ARE WE NOW?
(PROBLEM IDENTIFICATION, ANALYSIS AND PRIORITIZATION) (DIAGNOSIS, NATURAL HISTORY, BURDEN OF ILLNESSES, CAUSATION)

WHERE DO WE WANT TO GO? (GOAL, AIM, OBJECTIVES AND TARGETS)

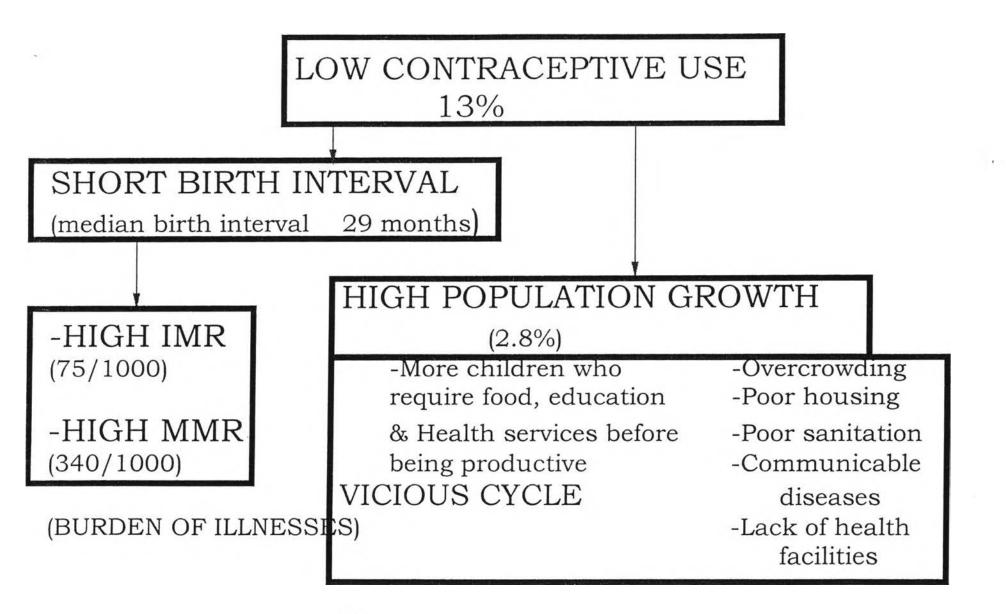
HOW WILL WE ARRIVE THERE? (SOLUTION IDENTIFICATION, ANALYSIS AND PRIORITIZATION) (STRATEGY, METHODOLOGY)

HOW WILL WE COME TO KNOW, WHEN WE ARRIVE? (CRITERIA FOR SUCCESS, STANDARDS, INDICATORS) WHERE ARE WE NOW? (CPR 17.9%)(13%)

WHERE DO WE WANT TO ARRIVE? WHERE WE SHOULD BE? 38% (1995) GAP: 20% (32%, 1996)

HOW WILL WE ARRIVE THERE?
BY MALE INVOLVEMENT THROUGH MALE WORKERS

HOW WILL WE COME TO KNOW, WHEN WE ARRIVE? EVALUATION THROUGH OBSERVATION, INTERVIEWS WITH WORKERS AND WITH SAMPLE POPULATION



# LACK OF MALE INVOLVEMENT

# PERSISTENT MALE PERCEPTIONS

- 1. VIRILITY
- 2. SOCIO-ECONOMIC COSTS
- 3. RELIGION
- 4. SIDE EFFECTS
- 5. FEAR OF IMPOTENCE WITH VASECTOMY
- 6. DISCOMFORT WITH CONDOM
- 7. POMISCUITY OF THE WIVES
- 8. EQUATION OF FP WITH HAVING

NO MORE CHILDREN

9. IDEA ITSELF HAS FAILED IN DEVELOPED COUNTRIES

THEY DISAPPROVE THEY DON'T COMMUNICATE FP PROGRAM KNOWLEDGE IS HIGH AMONG FEMALES THEY WANT TO USE FEMALES KNOW THAT HUSBAND DISAPPROVES OR PERCIEVE THAT HE DISAPPROVES LOW MOBILITY LOW WORKING STATUS LOW EDUCATION STATUS GENDER ITSELF CAN NOT USE USE LOW

# (THE MAN WHO WAS A HOSPITAL)

**GENETICS** 

HEALTH SERVICES — ENVIRONMENT

1. LACK OF CONSISTENT

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GOVERNMENT BEHAVIOR

COMMITMENT 1. WANT MORE

(RELIGION, NGOs) CHILDREN(43%

2. OVERCENTRALIZATION 2.RELIGION

(13%)

3. LACK OF COORDINATION 3. LACK OF

& COMMUNICATION AMONG KNOWLEDGE

FEDERAL & PROVINCIAL (11%)

DEPARTMENTS 4.HUSBAND'S

**OPPOSITION** 

4. ADMINISTRATIVE & (6%)

MANAGERIAL PROBLEMS

5. LACK OF COMPETENCE &

EFFECTIVENESS OF WORKERS

(INAPPROPRIATE TRAINING)

6. LACK OF MALE INVOLVEMENT

# LACK OF MALE INVOVEMENT

HEALTH SERVICES + ENVIRONMENT
BEHAVIOR

1. MEN CAN NOT ---MEN'S
CONCIEVE PERCEPTIONS

- 2. MORE FEMALE -METHODS ARE ILLITERACY
  AVAILABLE
  (FEMALES ARE
  NATURAL FOCUS)
- 3. MEN WILL NOT --BE INTERESTED POVERTY
- 4. MEN WILL NOT BE ACCESSIBLE (AS COMPARED TO WOMEN)

# CAUSES

# CRITERIA

	SEVERITY	MAGNITUDE	SUSCEPTIBILITY	POSSIBILITY OF	TOTAL
				INTERVENTION	
1	++	+	++	-	5+
2	+	++	+	-	4+
3	+	+	+	+	4+
4	+	+	+	+	4+
5	++	+	+	++++	8+
6	+++	+++	+++	+++	12+

# OPTION APPRAISAL OPTIONS CRITERIA

	NECESSITY	FEASIBILTY	URGENCY	TOTAL
RAISE	++++	+	+	6+
STATUS				
OF				
WOMEN				
INVOLVE	++	++++	+++	9+
MEN				

"SO MANY DEEDS CRY OUT TO BE DONE,
AND ALWAYS URGENTLY;
THE WORLD ROLLS ON,
TIME PASSES.
TEN THOUSAND YEARS ARE TOO LONG,
SEIZE THE DAY, SEIZE THE HOUR!"
CHAIRMAN MAO TSE TUNG

# OPTION APPRAISAL

# **OPTIONS**

# CRITERIA

	AVAILABILITY	ACCEPTABILITY	ACCESSIBILITY	AFFORDABILITY	ATTAIABILITY OF OBJECTIVES	TOTAL
FEMALE	++	-	-	++	-	4+
WORKERS						
MASS	+	++	+	++	+	7+
MEDIA			1			
MALE	_	+++	+++	++	++++	12+
WORKERS						

## **GOAL**

- 1. To control high population growth and its after effects
- 2. To reduce Infant and maternal mortality as a result of short birth spacing
- 3. To achieve 38% contraceptive prevalence rate durin

5 years (1998-2003) with rate of at least 4% increase per each year.

## **AIM**

To meet unmet need of contraceptives

## **OBJECTIVES**

# (A) General Objectives:

- 1. To develop a Strategic Model for family planning behavior change among male members of community in Pakistan.
- 2. To propose an appropriate methodology to target men in Pakistan Family Planning Program.

## (B) Specific Objectives

- 1. To recruit and use male workers as family planning motivtors targeting men living in Tehsil Arifwala, District Pakpattan.
- 2. To devise a training program for Supervisors and Male workers using Behavior Change Strategic Model.
- 3. To evaluate the effectiveness of Behavior Change Model through KAP of workers and target male population about family planning.
- 4. To evaluate the competence of workers by recording behavior as number of clients consulted during specific time period and by identifying the verbal and nonverbal behaviors of male workers during consultations.

#### **HYPOTHESES**

- 1. A Family Planning Training Program according to Behavior Change Model will sensitize and motivate Male Workers.
- 2. Prior sensitization and motivation of Male Workers will enhance their competence and effectiveness.
- 3. Male Workers will bring a behavior change among men(husbands) to use contraceptives.
- 4. A behavior change among males will have a positive influence on their female partners to use contraceptives.

### 'ERT CHART FOR ACTIVITIES DURING DIFFERENT PHASES

PHASE	ACTIVITIES	JAN, 98	FEB, 98	MAR, 98	APR, 98	MAY, 98	JUN-AUG 99	JUN-AUG 2000	JUN-AUG 2001	OCT-DEC 2002
REPERATION AND TRAINING	1. FORMULATION OF COORDINATION TEAM  2. RECRUITMENT OF SUPERVISORS  3. TRAINING OF SUPERVISORS  4. RECRUITMENT OF WORKERS  5. TRAINING OF WORKERS  6. TRANSPORT AND BUILDINGS, FINANCE ARRANGEMENTS			NO. OF THE PARTY NAMED IN COLUMN 1985						*
AND AONITORING	FIELD WORK AND MEETINGS									-
EVALUATION	1. INTERVIEWS WITH WORKERS  2. INTERVIEWS WITH MALE POPULATION					E .				<b></b>

### PROPOSED PLAN

A five years project (Jan, 1998- Dec 2002) has been proposed to target men in family planning through male workers. The project comprises three phases

- Preperation and Training. This phase will last for five months since January, 1999 until May, 1999.
   During this phase all needed resources including manpower, materials and money will be arrnged and training will be provided to workers and their supervisors.
- 2. Supervision and Monitoring. This phase will start since June, 1999 until Dec, 2002; and will include introduction of workers to the community; observations of activities of all workers; record keeping by workers

and their supervisors; regular meetings among workers and supervisors, and among supervisors and management team (co-ordination team); and analysis of the observations and record; and introduction of change in the program, when needed.

3. Evaluation. Two kinds of evaluations has been proposed, i. e. , regular observations and record analysis for process evaluation; and structured interviews with the workers in order to evaluate the competence of the workers; and structured interviews with sample male population in order to evaluate the effectiveness of workers, both as outcome evaluation. Interviews with workers will be carried out twice, first in June, July, August 1999 and then in June, July, August, 2001. The

interviews with sample male population, too, will be done twice in 2000 and then in 2002.

A cost effective analysis has been proposed through comparison with National Family Planning Program, by calculating cost/acceptor for two programs.

Collaborative research approach comprising of Action
Research, Organizational Development, Organizational
Learning, Process Consultation and Participatory
Program Evaluation, will be applied to implement,
supervise, monitor and evaluate the project. A "happy
family approach through effective leadership" will serve
for administration of the project.

#### **DATA EXERCISE**

#### **OBJECTIVES**

- 1. TO LEARN AND ACHIEVE BETTER UNDERSTANDING OF QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES
- 2. TO TEST AND IMPROVE PROPOSED DATA INSTRUMENT TO EVALUATE KAP OF MALES

#### **DURATION**

- 1. SIX IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS 29 AUGUST-3 SEPTEMBER AT RANGNAM APARTMENT
- 2. 20 STRUCTURED INTERVIEWS WITH PAKISTANI MEN 5, 6, 7 & 14 SEPTEMBER AT TWO RESTAURANTS AT PRATUNAM & GPO

#### **FINDINGS**

1. ANALYTICAL FRAME WORK EMERGED FROM DISCUSSION DURING IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS

- A. INCLINED IN FAVOR OF AND AGAINST MALE INVOLVEMENT
- B. IN FAVOR OF MALE WORKERS AND AGAINST
- C. IN FAVOR OF COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION IN FUNDING AND AGAINST IT
- 2. ANALYSED FINDINGS OF STRUCTURED INTERVIEWS USING EPI INFO PROGRAM

#### **CONCLUSION**

- 1. OVERALL RESPONSE FAVORABLE TOWARD MALE INVOLVEMENT AND MALE WORKERS BUT NEGATIVE TOWARD COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION IN FUNDING, THUS NEED TO HAVE IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS WITH KEYSTAKEHILDERS AS PROPOSED.
- 2. NEED TO IMPROVE QUESTIONNAIRE
- 3. NEED TO HAVE QUALITATIVE STUDY TO KNOW MEN'S PERCEPTIONS
- 4. SOME ANSWERS NEED VERIFICATION BY THE SPOUSES