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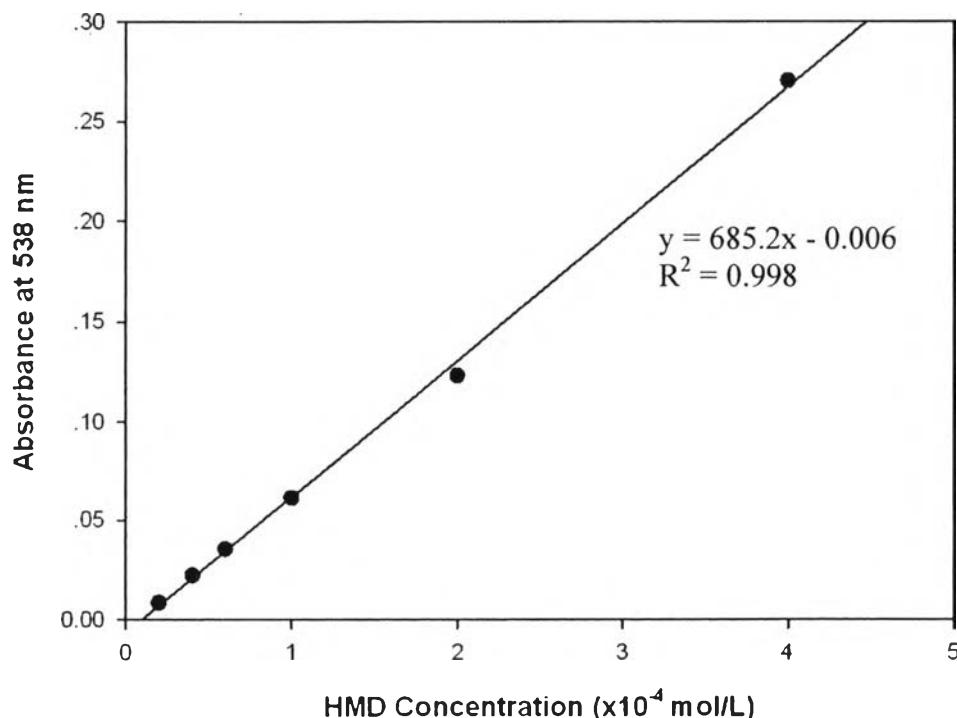
## APPENDICES

### Appendix A Ninhydrin Analysis

**Table A1** The absorbance of 1,6-hexanediamine in 1,4-dioxane-isopropanol (1:1, v/v) of known concentration solution

Std No.	Std. HMD concentration	Average Absorbance
1	0.00002	0.0086
2	0.00004	0.0223
3	0.00006	0.0354
4	0.00010	0.0616
5	0.00020	0.1232
6	0.00040	0.2707

**Figure A1** The calibration curve obtained with 1,4-dioxane-isopropanol (1:1, v/v) solution containing 1,6-hexanediamine of known concentration.



**Table A2** NH<sub>2</sub> density as a function of 1,6-hexanediamine concentration

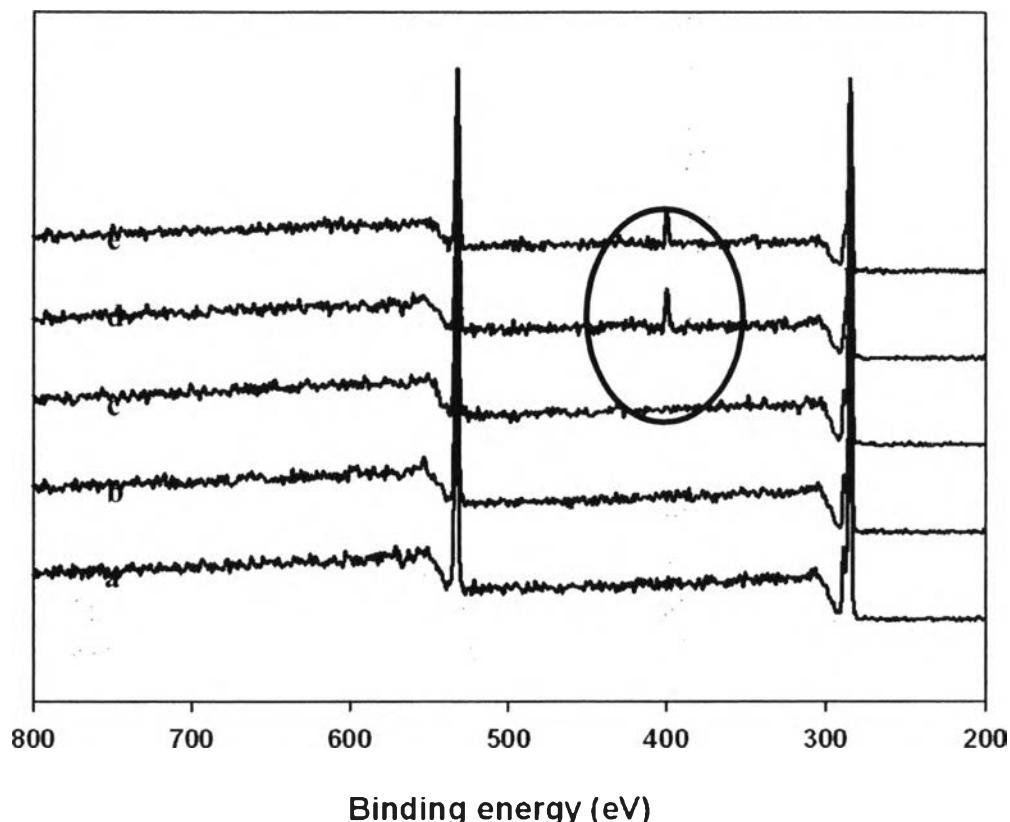
Diamine concentration (mol/L)	NH <sub>2</sub> conc. (x10 <sup>-8</sup> ) mol/cm <sup>2</sup>
0.5	2.93 ± 0.05
1.0	3.40 ± 0.02
1.5	3.68 ± 0.02
2.0	4.45 ± 0.01

**Table A3** NH<sub>2</sub> density as a function of aminolyzing time

Aminolyzing time (h)	NH <sub>2</sub> conc. (x10 <sup>-7</sup> ) mol/cm <sup>2</sup>
2	6.41 ± 0.01
4	7.34 ± 0.02
6	8.33 ± 0.01
8	31.86 ± 0.02
10	13.58 ± 0.02

## Appendix B X-ray Photoelectron Spectrometer (XPS)

**Figure B1** The survey XPS spectra of (a) neat PCL, (b) PCL aminolyzed in 1.5 M HMD/IPA solution for 8 h at room temperature, (c) activatedPCL, (d) PCL immobilized with crude bone protein (3 mg/ml), and (e) PCL immobilized with bovine serum albumin (3 mg/ml).



### Appendix C Experimental Data of biological characterizations

**Table C1** Raw data of indirect cytotoxicity test of all types of PCL film mats, determined the viability of cells by MTT assay method at 570 nm

Time (day)	% viability of MC3T3-E1 cells (relative to TCPs at 1 day)			
	1		7	
Material	avg	SD	avg	SD
TCPs (control)	100.00	0.55	100	0.75
neat PCL	99.28	0.96	104.62	1.02
aminolyzed PCL	98.00	1.07	102.04	0.20
CBP – immobilized PCL	102.12	0.93	102.63	0.46
BSA - immobilized PCL	102.47	0.40	106.89	3.18

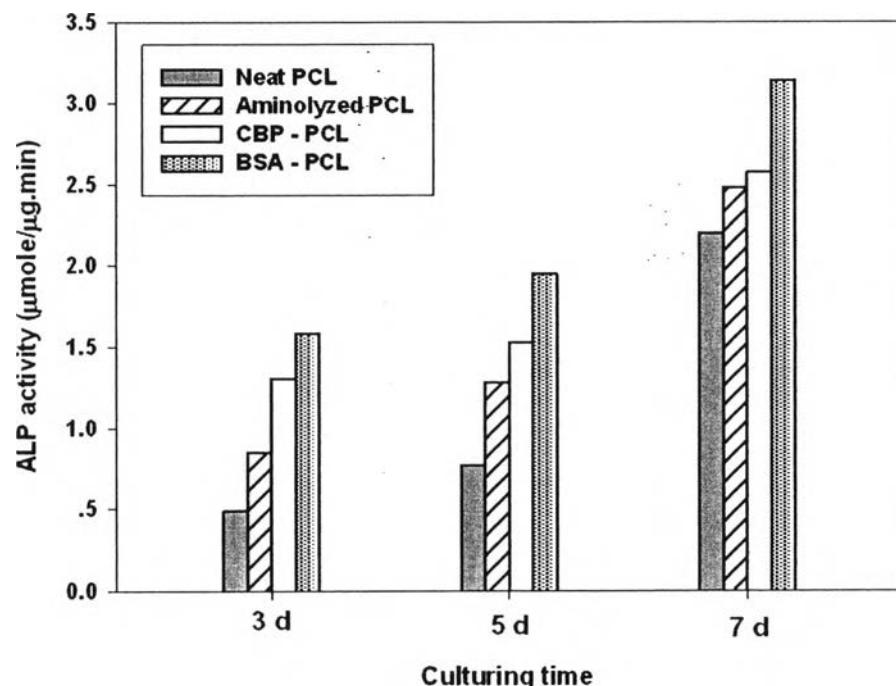
**Table C2** Raw data of cell attachment of MC3T3-E1 onto all types of PCL film mats at 6 and 24 h, determined the viability of cells by MTT assay method at 570 nm

Time (h)	% viability of MC3T3-E1 cells (relative to TCPs at 24 h)			
	6		24	
Material	avg	SD	avg	SD
TCPs (control)	61.52	0.55	100.00	0.65
neat PCL	25.09	0.79	62.45	1.39
aminolyzed PCL	29.37	0.40	68.22	1.91
CBP – immobilized PCL	35.13	1.35	80.67	0.49
BSA - immobilized PCL	34.94	0.67	95.72	2.41

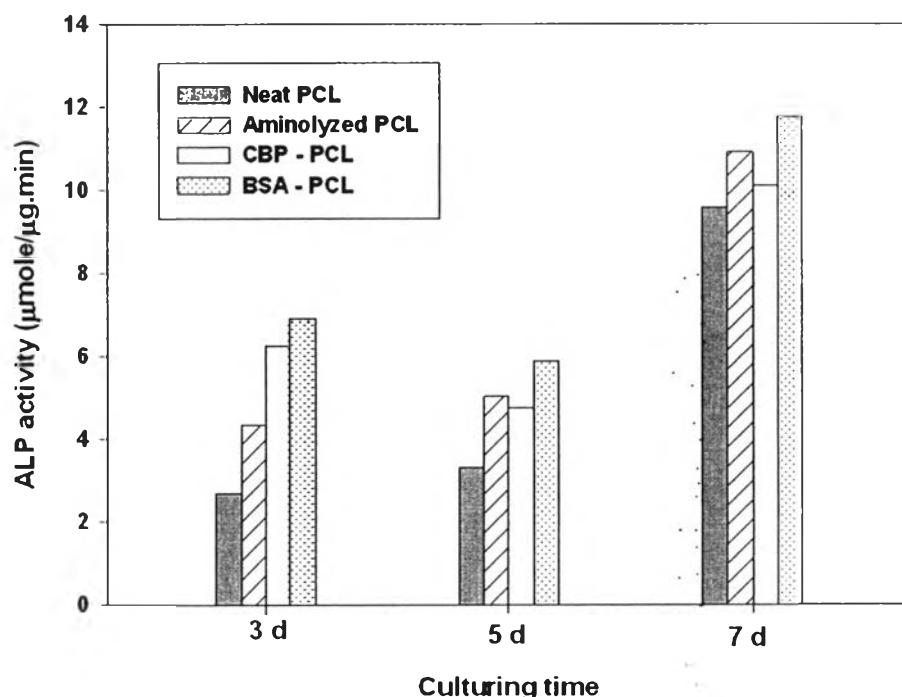
**Table C3** Raw data of cell proliferation of MC3T3-E1 onto all types of PCL film mats at 1, 2, and 3 d, determined the viability of cells by MTT assay method at 570 nm

time(day)	% viability of MC3T3-E1 cells (relative to TCPs at 1 day)					
	1		2		3	
Material	avg	SD	avg	SD	avg	SD
TCPs (control)	100.00	0.65	151.67	1.27	387.92	3.22
neat PCL	62.45	1.39	107.06	0.66	194.24	5.58
aminolyzed PCL	109.23	1.91	112.45	3.90	227.13	1.34
CBP – immobilized PCL	118.26	0.49	112.82	3.23	270.073	1.62
BSA - immobilized PCL	118.66	2.41	147.21	3.53	464.31	1.72

**Figure C1** ALP Assay of MC3T3-E1 seeded onto all types of PCL film mats at 3, 5 and 7 days.



**Figure C2** Protein Assay of MC3T3-E1 seeded onto all types of PCL film mats at 3, 5 and 7 days.



**Table C4** Raw data of quantity of mineral deposition on all types of PCL film mats after cell culturing for 21 d using Alizarin Red-S method at 570 nm

Materials	1	2	avg	SD
TCPs (control)	0.275	0.262	0.269	0.009
neat PCL	0.516	0.432	0.474	0.059
aminolyzed PCL	0.836	0.927	0.8815	0.064
CBP – immobilized PCL	1.862	1.865	1.8635	0.002
BSA - immobilized PCL	3.100	3.044	3.072	0.039

## CURRICULUM VITAE

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**Presentations:**

1. Satianyanond, S.; Pavasant, P.; and Supaphol, P. (2011, April 26) Surface Modification of Polycaprolactone Membrane via Aminolysis and Protein-Immobilization for Promoting Bone Cell Growth. Poster presented at the 17<sup>th</sup> PPC Symposium on Petroleum, Petrochems, and Polymers, Bangkok, Thailand.