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## APPENDICES

### Appendix A CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherms of adsorbents at 30, 50, and 75 °C

**Table A1** CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherms of adsorbents at 30 °C

Adsorbent	P <sub>eq</sub> (atm)	N <sub>accumulation</sub> (mmol/g)
<b>Activated Carbon (AC)</b>	0.1701	1.9813
	0.3701	2.1892
	0.5531	2.4165
	0.7782	2.5780
	0.9993	2.7437
	1.0585	2.8084
<b>1.68 wt% Low Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.2041	2.4670
	0.3912	2.5898
	0.5952	2.7376
	0.7993	2.9232
	1.0075	3.0247
	1.0627	3.0432
<b>2.18 wt% Low Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.2299	2.4478
	0.4041	2.5631
	0.5993	2.6862
	0.7952	2.8250
	1.0034	2.9560
	1.0755	2.9730

**Table A1** CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherms of adsorbents at 30 °C (cont.)

<b>Adsorbent</b>	<b>P<sub>eq</sub> (atm)</b>	<b>N<sub>accumulation</sub> (mmol/g)</b>
<b>2.84 wt% Low Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.2381	2.3975
	0.4041	2.4953
	0.5993	2.6023
	0.7952	2.7248
	0.9864	2.8643
	1.0714	2.8799
<b>0.73 wt% Med Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1361	2.5954
	0.3830	2.7429
	0.5993	2.8487
	0.7993	2.9701
	1.0163	3.0758
	1.0673	3.1072
<b>1.16 wt% Med Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1401	2.5594
	0.3912	2.6981
	0.6082	2.8119
	0.8082	2.9140
	1.0122	3.0108
	1.0755	3.0200
<b>1.90 wt% Med Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1619	2.4992
	0.3871	2.6129
	0.5993	2.7358
	0.8034	2.8509
	1.0075	2.9646
	1.0673	2.9894

**Table A1** CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherms of adsorbents at 30 °C (cont.)

<b>Adsorbent</b>	<b>P<sub>eq</sub> (atm)</b>	<b>N<sub>accumulation</sub> (mmol/g)</b>
<b>0.16 wt% High Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1490	2.4000
	0.3912	2.5455
	0.5952	2.6676
	0.8034	2.7742
	1.0122	2.8547
	1.0633	2.8859
<b>0.45 wt% High Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1531	2.3524
	0.4041	2.4659
	0.5993	2.5715
	0.8122	2.6942
	1.0245	2.7751
	1.0633	2.8155
<b>0.86 wt% High Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1531	2.2927
	0.4082	2.4070
	0.6082	2.4954
	0.8082	2.6007
	1.0122	2.6969
	1.0755	2.7151

**Table A2** CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherms of adsorbents at 50 °C

<b>Adsorbent</b>	<b>P<sub>eq</sub> (atm)</b>	<b>N<sub>accumulation</sub> (mmol/g)</b>
<b>Activated Carbon (AC)</b>	0.2041	1.5890
	0.4041	1.6961
	0.5952	1.8494
	0.8163	1.9249
	1.0163	2.0003
	1.0755	2.0466
<b>1.68 wt% Low Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1741	1.7638
	0.3830	1.8871
	0.6041	1.9487
	0.8122	2.0412
	1.0075	2.1262
	1.0755	2.1348
<b>2.18 wt% Low Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1741	1.7560
	0.3912	1.8566
	0.6082	1.9253
	0.8204	1.9719
	1.0245	2.0333
	1.0639	2.1081
<b>2.84 wt% Low Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1871	1.6752
	0.4082	1.7755
	0.6122	1.8526
	0.8163	1.9137
	1.0204	1.9748
	1.0714	1.9895

**Table A2** CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherms of adsorbents at 50 °C (cont.)

<b>Adsorbent</b>	<b>P<sub>eq</sub> (atm)</b>	<b>N<sub>accumulation</sub> (mmol/g)</b>
<b>0.73 wt% Med Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1619	1.8061
	0.3912	1.9291
	0.6082	2.0053
	0.8082	2.0668
	1.0204	2.1209
	1.0714	2.1356
<b>1.16 wt% Med Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1789	1.7598
	0.3871	1.8914
	0.6122	1.9763
	0.8204	2.0304
	1.0245	2.0845
	1.0585	2.1300
<b>1.90 wt% Med Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.2000	1.6961
	0.4000	1.7955
	0.6082	1.8790
	0.8163	1.9563
	1.0204	2.0177
	1.0673	2.0336

**Table A2** CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherms of adsorbents at 50 °C (cont.)

<b>Adsorbent</b>	<b>P<sub>eq</sub> (atm)</b>	<b>N<sub>accumulation</sub> (mmol/g)</b>
<b>0.16 wt% High Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1789	1.8006
	0.3912	1.9004
	0.6041	1.9842
	0.8082	2.0605
	1.0163	2.1295
	1.0714	2.1677
<b>0.45 wt% High Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1741	1.7595
	0.4000	1.8517
	0.6082	1.9353
	0.8122	2.0115
	1.0204	2.0877
	1.0673	2.1246
<b>0.86 wt% High Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1701	1.7567
	0.3912	1.8560
	0.6122	1.9321
	0.8163	2.0008
	1.0245	2.0694
	1.0755	2.1001

**Table A3** CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherms of adsorbents at 75 °C

<b>Adsorbent</b>	<b>P<sub>eq</sub> (atm)</b>	<b>N<sub>accumulation</sub> (mmol/g)</b>
<b>Activated Carbon (AC)</b>	0.2381	1.1085
	0.4041	1.1562
	0.6122	1.1994
	0.8082	1.2418
	1.0204	1.2941
	1.0755	1.3085
<b>1.68 wt% Low Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.2082	1.0827
	0.4082	1.1469
	0.6211	1.1894
	0.8204	1.2330
	1.0333	1.2675
	1.0714	1.3112
<b>2.18 wt% Low Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.2000	1.0362
	0.4000	1.1071
	0.6122	1.1643
	0.8374	1.2009
	1.0075	1.2661
	1.0673	1.2867
<b>2.84 wt% Low Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.2170	0.9945
	0.4122	1.0300
	0.6163	1.0724
	0.8163	1.1216
	1.0333	1.1491
	1.0755	1.1640

**Table A3** CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherms of adsorbents at 75 °C (cont.)

<b>Adsorbent</b>	<b>P<sub>eq</sub> (atm)</b>	<b>N<sub>accumulation</sub> (mmol/g)</b>
<b>0.73 wt% Med Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1912	1.1497
	0.4122	1.2137
	0.6211	1.2491
	0.8204	1.2994
	1.0204	1.3428
	1.0755	1.3588
<b>1.16 wt% Med Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.2041	1.1524
	0.4082	1.2096
	0.6163	1.2668
	0.8204	1.3103
	1.0245	1.3526
	1.0714	1.3755
<b>1.90 wt% Med Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1959	1.1562
	0.4041	1.2350
	0.6122	1.2853
	0.8204	1.3276
	1.0374	1.3481
	1.0755	1.3561

**Table A3** CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherms of adsorbents at 75 °C (cont.)

<b>Adsorbent</b>	<b>P<sub>eq</sub> (atm)</b>	<b>N<sub>accumulation</sub> (mmol/g)</b>
<b>0.16 wt% High Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.2041	1.1231
	0.4170	1.1654
	0.6122	1.2077
	0.8204	1.2512
	1.0245	1.2946
	1.0633	1.3152
<b>0.45 wt% High Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.2041	1.1472
	0.4082	1.1977
	0.6122	1.2470
	0.8204	1.2905
	1.0245	1.3341
	1.0633	1.3685
<b>0.86 wt% High Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.2041	1.0991
	0.4082	1.1616
	0.6163	1.2108
	0.8204	1.2450
	1.0204	1.2858
	1.0673	1.3342

**Appendix B CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherms in three times of the adsorption-desorption cycles over adsorbents at 30, 75 °C**

**Table B1** CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherms at 30 °C of the AC and the regenerated AC

Adsorbent	P <sub>eq</sub> (atm)	N <sub>accumulation</sub> (mmol/g)
<b>Activated Carbon (AC)</b>	0.1701	1.9813
	0.3701	2.1892
	0.5531	2.4165
	0.7782	2.5780
	0.9993	2.7437
	1.0585	2.8084
<b>1<sup>st</sup> regenerated AC</b>	0.1531	1.9241
	0.4082	2.2087
	0.6082	2.3650
	0.8082	2.5295
	1.0122	2.7102
	1.0755	2.7284
<b>2<sup>nd</sup> regenerated AC</b>	0.2082	2.0316
	0.3912	2.2109
	0.5653	2.4395
	0.7912	2.5850
	0.9952	2.7461
	1.0374	2.8063

**Table B2** CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherms at 30 °C of the 0.73 wt% Med Mw PEI and the regenerated sample

<b>Adsorbent</b>	<b>P<sub>eq</sub> (atm)</b>	<b>N<sub>accumulation</sub> (mmol/g)</b>
<b>0.73 wt% Med Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.1361	2.5954
	0.3830	2.7429
	0.5993	2.8487
	0.7993	2.9701
	1.0163	3.0758
	1.0673	3.1072
<b>1<sup>st</sup> regenerated</b>	0.1401	2.6091
	0.3912	2.7578
	0.6082	2.8543
	0.8082	2.9509
	1.0122	3.0657
	1.0755	3.0970
<b>2<sup>nd</sup> regenerated</b>	0.2299	2.4670
	0.4041	2.5898
	0.5993	2.7376
	0.7952	2.9232
	1.0034	3.0247
	1.0755	3.0432

**Table B3** CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherms at 75 °C of the AC and the regenerated AC

<b>Adsorbent</b>	<b>P<sub>eq</sub> (atm)</b>	<b>N<sub>accumulation</sub> (mmol/g)</b>
<b>Activated Carbon (AC)</b>	0.2381	1.1085
	0.4041	1.1562
	0.6122	1.1994
	0.8082	1.2418
	1.0204	1.2941
	1.0755	1.3085
<b>1<sup>st</sup> regenerated AC</b>	0.1741	1.1311
	0.3830	1.1746
	0.6041	1.2021
	0.8122	1.2456
	1.0075	1.2891
	1.0755	1.3029
<b>2<sup>nd</sup> regenerated AC</b>	0.1701	1.1151
	0.3701	1.1562
	0.5531	1.2133
	0.7782	1.2567
	0.9993	1.3001
	1.0585	1.3276

**Table B4** CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherms at 75 °C of the 1.16 wt% Med Mw PEI and the regenerated sample

Adsorbent	P <sub>eq</sub> (atm)	N <sub>accumulation</sub> (mmol/g)
<b>1.16 wt% Med Mw PEI/AC</b>	0.2041	1.1524
	0.4082	1.2096
	0.6163	1.2668
	0.8204	1.3103
	1.0245	1.3526
	1.0714	1.3755
<b>1<sup>st</sup> regenerated</b>	0.1741	1.1595
	0.3912	1.2168
	0.6082	1.2741
	0.8204	1.3153
	1.0245	1.3428
	1.0639	1.3428
<b>2<sup>nd</sup> regenerated</b>	0.1959	1.1610
	0.4041	1.2045
	0.6122	1.2457
	0.8204	1.2892
	1.0374	1.3327
	1.0755	1.3602

### Appendix C Calculation for CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption capacity in unit of mmol/g of adsorbent

From;

$$n_i = \frac{P_1(V_1 + V_2)}{ZRT} - \frac{P_2(V_1 + V_2)}{ZRT}$$

where,

$n_i$  = mole of adsorbed CO<sub>2</sub>, mol

$P_1$  = pressure of the system before equilibrium, atm

$P_2$  = pressure of the system after equilibrium, atm

$V_1$  = volume of a manifold, cm<sup>3</sup>

$V_2$  = volume of a cylinder with adsorbent, cm<sup>3</sup>

$Z$  = compressibility factor

$R = 82.05 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ atm/mol K}$

$T$  = temperature of the sample, K

Properties of CO<sub>2</sub> (Daubert *et al.*, 1982)

Critical Temperature ( $T_c$ ) = 31.04 °C (304.2 K)

Critical Pressure ( $P_c$ ) = 72.8 atm (7382 kPa)

Acentric Factor ( $\omega$ ) = 0.2276

**Step 1:** To find pressure reduced ( $P_r$ )

Data:

Initial Pressure ( $P_1$ ) = 11.81 psi (0.8034 atm)

Equilibrium Pressure ( $P_2$ ) = 2.19 psi (0.1490 atm)

Solution;

$$P_r = \frac{P}{P_c}$$

$$P_{r1} = \frac{P}{P_c} = \frac{P_1}{P_c} = \frac{0.8034 \text{ atm}}{72.8 \text{ atm}} = 0.0110$$

$$P_{r2} = 0.0020$$

**Step 2:** To find temperature reduced ( $T_r$ )

Data: Temperature adsorption = 30 °C (303 K)

Solution;

$$T_r = \frac{T}{T_c}$$

$$T_r = \frac{T}{T_c} = \frac{303 \text{ K}}{304.2 \text{ K}} \sim 1$$

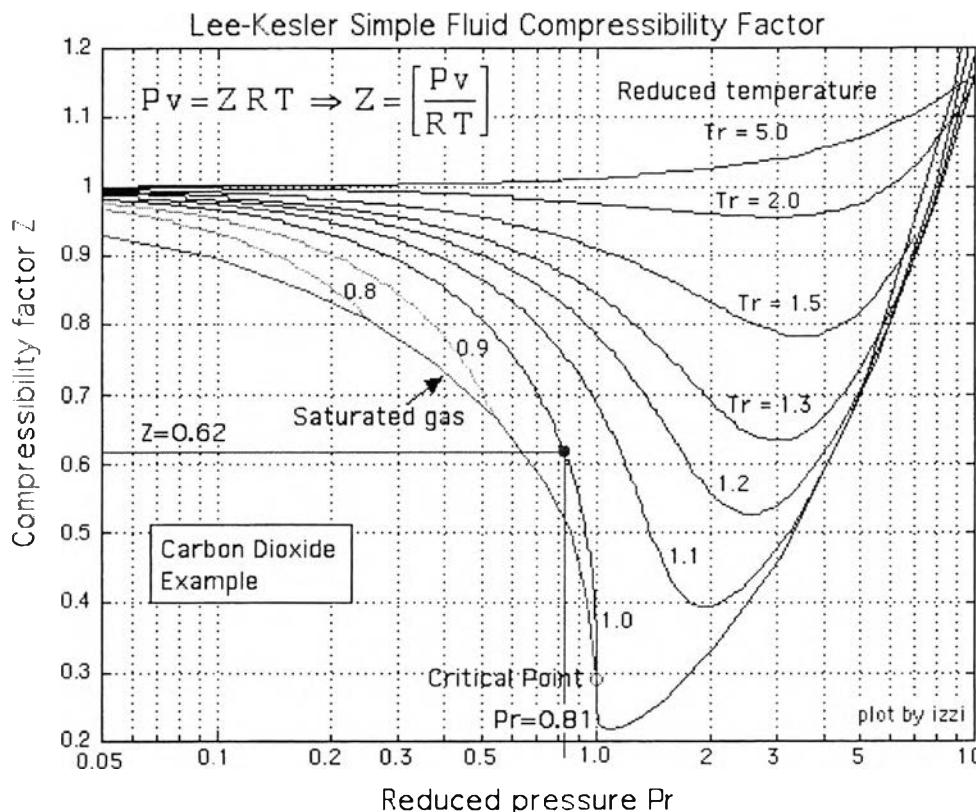
**Step 3:** To find compressibility factor (Z)

Data:  $P_{r1} = 0.0110$ ,  $P_{r2} = 0.0020$

$$T_r = 1$$

From Figure D1, Compressibility factor ( $Z_1$ ) = 0.98

Compressibility factor ( $Z_2$ ) = 0.99



**Figure C1** Relationship between the reduced pressure and reduced temperature related on compressibility factor (Lee and Kesler, 1975).

**Step 4:** To find CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption capacity (mmol/g)

Data:

Temperature adsorption = 30 °C (303 K)

Volume of reactor and manifold (V<sub>1</sub>+V<sub>2</sub>) = 94.82845 cm<sup>3</sup>

R = 82.05 cm<sup>3</sup>\*atm/mol/K

Solution;

$$n_i = \frac{P_1(V_1 + V_2)}{ZRT} - \frac{P_2(V_1 + V_2)}{ZRT}$$

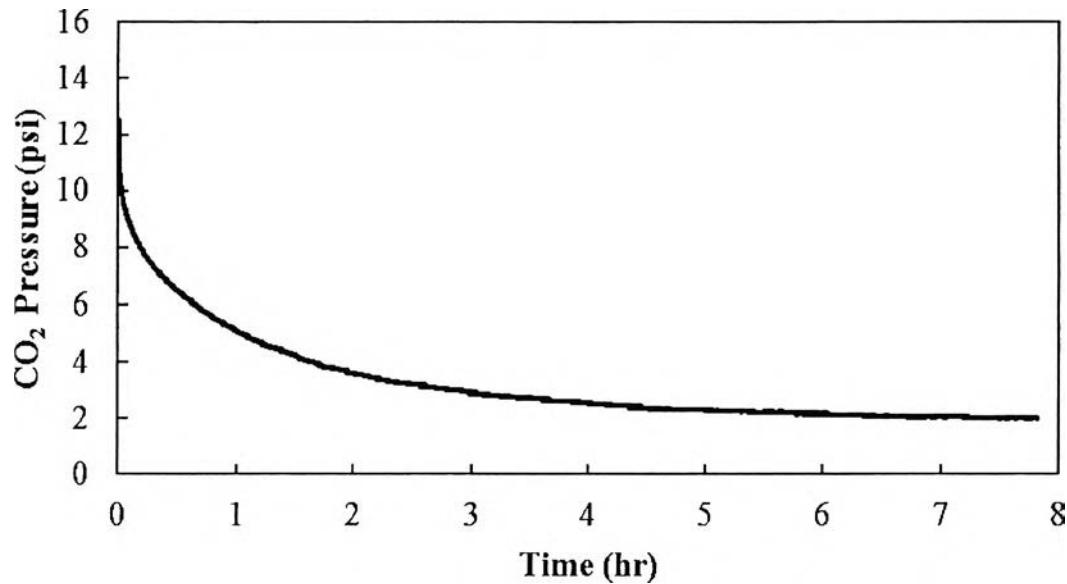
$$n_i = \frac{0.8034(94.82845)}{(0.98)(82.05)(303)} - \frac{0.8034(94.82845)}{(0.98)(82.05)(303)} = 2.5041 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol/g}$$

$$n_i = 2.5041 \text{ mmol/g}$$

## Appendix D CO<sub>2</sub> Adsorption measurement

From the CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption experiment

The plot of the data between CO<sub>2</sub> pressure and time is shown as below.



**Figure D1** CO<sub>2</sub> pressure of CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption measurement as a function of time.

## Appendix E Calculation the PEI-impregnated on the AC

From;  $q_e = (C_0 - C_e) \frac{V_{PEI\ solution}}{m_{adsorbent}}$

**Step 1:** Measure concentration via UV-visible spectrometer

The absorbance at 203 nm

Concentration of Low Mw PEI solution before impregnation → 1.0000 g/L

Concentration of Low Mw PEI solution after impregnation → 0.1623 g/L

**Step 2:** Calculate Low Mw PEI- impregnated sample

$$q_e = (1.0000 - 0.1623) \text{ g/L} \times \frac{20 \text{ mL}}{1 \text{ g}} \times \frac{1 \text{ L}}{1000 \text{ mL}}$$

$$q_e = 0.01675 \text{ gPEI/gAC}$$

$$q_e = 1.68 \text{ wt\% PEI/AC}$$

So; Low Mw PEI-impregnated on AC = 1.68 wt% Low Mw PEI/AC

## CURRICULUM VITAE

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### **Presentations and Proceedings:**

1. Ritmongkolpun, P., Rangsuvigit, P., and Kulprathipanja, S. (2013, April 23) Enhancement of CO<sub>2</sub> Adsorption on Activated Carbon via Surface Functionalization. Proceedings of The 4<sup>th</sup> Research Symposium on Petroleum, Petrochemicals and Advanced Materials and The 19<sup>th</sup> PPC Symposium on Petroleum, Petrochemicals, and Polymers, Bangkok, Thailand.
2. Ritmongkolpun, P., Rangsuvigit, P., and Kulprathipanja, S. (2013, May 12-16) CO<sub>2</sub> Adsorption on Polyethyleneimine-Modified Activated Carbon : Effects of Different Polyethyleneimine Molecular Weights. Poster presented at the Second International Conference on Materials for Energy, Karlsruhe, Germany.