## CHAPTER VI

## CONCLUSON AND RECOMMENDATION

## 6.1 Conclusion

- a) The proposed general model was successful in reducing the computing time, but it failed to save the memory spaces. The computing time was reduced by 32% of the ordinary method.
- b) This proposed model was tested at low and moderate pressure ranging 150.0 psia to 1115.0 psia and a temperature range of  $-8.0^{\circ}F$  to  $50.0^{\circ}F$ . The percentage average deviation (compared with the ordinary model) was in range of 0.6 to 3.1 for  $x_1$ 's of the liquid phase and in the range of 0.0 to 0.1 for y 's of the vapor phase.
- c) The proposed general model gave better values of  $x_i$ 's and  $y_i$ 's than these given by the ordinary model.
- d) The heavy-pseudocomponent should include i-butane and all the heavier paraffin, while the light-pseudocomponent should include methane, ethane and propane.

## 6.2 Recommendation

Vapor-liquid equilibrium computing time can be further reduced, if the compositions,  $\mathbf{x_i}$ 's and  $\mathbf{y_i}$ 's of the heavy-hydrocarbons that form the heavy-pseudocomponent can be estimated directly from  $\mathbf{z_i}$ 's without being subject to a flash calculation. Thus, it is recommended that a study should be carried out to extend the section 5.4 of this report.