

ความคงตัวทางเคมีของสารละลายนานitudีน ไฮโดรคลอไรด์



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CHEMICAL STABILITY OF RANITIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE
SOLUTION

MISS KANOKWAN THIENGTHAWAT

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By Miss Kanokwan Thiengthawat
Department Pharmacy
Thesis Advisor Panida Vayumhasuwana, Ph.D.

Accepted by the Graduate School, Chulalongkorn University
in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Master's Degree.

Santi Thongsuwan

.....Dean of Graduate School

(Associate Professor Santi Thoongsuwan, Ph.D.)

Thesis Committee

Prapapuck Silasachote Chairman

(Associate Professor Prapapuck Silapachote, M.Sc. in Pharm.)

Pandita Rayumbramman Thesis Advisor

(Panida Vayumhasuwan, Ph.D.)

Clemens Starvaggi Member

(Assistant Professor Chamnan Patarapanich, Ph.D)

Sukhada Prasertvithayakan Member

(Associate Professor Suchada Prasertwittayakarn, M.Sc. in Pharm.)

พิมพ์ต้นฉบับทกดย่อวิทยานิพนธ์ภายนอกในกรอบสีเขียวนี้เพียงแผ่นเดียว

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การตรวจสอบความคงดั้งทางเคมีของ ราโนดีดีน ไไฮโคลอไรด์ ในสารละลายบัฟเฟอร์
ฟอสเฟต ท่าที่อุณหภูมิ 70 องศาเซลเซียส จนสามารถถ่ายตัวทำไโดยรือประเมินจากการ พบว่า
เป็นปฏิกิริยาอันดับสองแ芳 และพีเอช-เรต ไปร์ไฟล์ซึ่งให้เห็นว่าไม่มีการเร่งด้วยกรดและด่างอย่างเจาะ
จง มีการเร่งปฏิกิริยาด้วยกรดทั่วไปโดยไไฮโคลอเจนฟอสเฟต ไอออน การเร่งปฏิกิริยาด้วยด่างทั่วไป
โดยฟอสเฟต ไอออนมีความเป็นไปได้ ค่าพีเอชสูงทั้งของสารละลายบัฟเฟอร์ที่มียาอยู่เปลี่ยนไปดังนี้
ผลิตภัณฑ์ที่เกิดจากการถ่ายตัวจะสามารถเปลี่ยนค่าพีเอชได้ ผลของไอออนนิกสเตรนท์ (ionic
strength) ซึ่งให้เห็นว่าปฏิกิริยาที่เป็นไปได้ที่พีเอช 5 คือปฏิกิริยาระหว่างโมเลกุลที่มีประจุเหมือนกัน
สองโมเลกุล ในสารละลายที่มีพีเอช 12 อย่างน้อยมีสารตั้งต้น 1 ชนิดที่ไม่มีประจุ อัตราการถ่ายตัว
ของราโนดีดีนไไฮโคลอไรด์เพิ่มขึ้นเมื่อค่าคงที่ไดอีเลคทริก (dielectric constant) ลดลง ปฏิกิริยา
ที่เป็นไปได้คือปฏิกิริยาระหว่างราโนดีดีน ไไฮโคลอไรด์ที่ไม่มีประจุกับเมทานอล



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The chemical stability of ranitidine HCl in phosphate buffer

solution was investigated at 70°C . The degradation kinetics determined by a graphic method were shown to be pseudo second-order. A pH-rate profile indicated that there were no specific acid-base catalyses. A general acid catalysis by dihydrogen phosphate ion was concluded. A general base catalysis by phosphate ion was possible. Since pH values of buffer solutions containing the drug had changed, therefore a degradation product should be capable of changing the pH values. The results of ionic strength effect indicated a possible reaction between two molecules of like charges at pH 5. In pH 12 solution, at least one of the reactant was a neutral molecule. Degradation rates of ranitidine HCl increased with decreasing dielectric constant values. A possible reaction between a neutral ranitidine HCl and methanol was assumed.

ภาควิชา.....เคมีชั้นเรียน
สาขาวิชา.....เคมีชั้นเรียน
ปีการศึกษา..... ๒๕๓๗

ลายมือชื่อนิสิต..... พหลกร ใจดี
ลายมือชื่ออาจารย์ที่ปรึกษา..... ดร. ดร. คณิต
ลายมือชื่ออาจารย์ที่ปรึกษาร่วม.....

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

| | | |
|----------------|---|----------------------------|
| At | = | attenuation |
| °C | = | degree celcius |
| cm | = | centimeter |
| conc | = | concentration |
| M | = | molar |
| mcg | = | microgram |
| mg | = | milligram |
| min | = | minute |
| ml | = | milliliter |
| mm | = | millimeter |
| nm | = | nanometer |
| PN | = | PARENTERAL NUTRIENT |
| PAR | = | Peak area ratio |
| r ² | = | Coefficient of correlation |
| SD | = | Standard deviation |
| TPN | = | TOTAL PARENTERAL NUTRITION |
| v/v | = | volume/ volume |
| w/w | = | weight/weight |
| μl | = | microliter |