

REFERENCES

1. Anand, S.C., and Shaw, R.H., "Mesh Refinement and Substructuring Technique in Elastic-Plastic Finite Element Analysis", Computer & Structure, Vol. 11, 1979, pp. 13-21.
2. Bathe, K.J., and Wilson, E.L., Numerical Methods in Finite Element Analysis, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1976.
3. Belytschko, T., and Schoeberle, D.F., "On the Unconditional Stability of an Implicit Algorithm for Nonlinear Structural Dynamics", Journal of Applied Mechanic, 1975, pp. 865-869.
4. Chang, F.T., "Elastic-Plastic Analysis of Multi-Story Frames Using an Elastic-Viscoplastic Model", M. Eng. Thesis No. ST-79-6, Asian Institute of Technology, Bangkok, 1979.
5. Clough, R.W., and Benuska, K.L., "Nonlinear Earthquake Behavior of Tall Buildings", Journal of Engineering Mechanic Division, ASCE, Vol. 93, EM 3, 1967, pp. 129-146.
6. Guyan, R., "Reduction of Stiffness and Mass Matrices", AIAA Journal, Vol. 3, 1965, pp. 383.
7. Henshell, R.D., and Ong, J.H., "Automatic Master for Eigenvalue Economization", Earthquake Engineering and Structural Dynamics, Vol. 3, 1975, pp. 375-383.
8. Hurty, W.C., "Dynamic Analysis of Structural Systems Using Component Modes", AIAA Journal, Vol. 3, No. 4, 1965, pp. 678-685.
9. Irons, B.M., "Structural Eigenvalue Problem ; Elimination of Unwanted Variables", AIAA Journal, Vol. 3, 1965, pp. 961-962.

10. Leung, A.Y.T., "An Accurate Method of Dynamic Condensation in Structural Analysis", International Journal for Numerical Methods in Engineering, Vol. 12, 1978, pp. 1705-1715.
11. Lukkunaprasit, P., and Alam, J., "A Simplified Dynamic Condensation Scheme in Dynamic Analyses of Tall Buildings", Proceedings of the International Conference on Engineering for Protection from Natural Disasters, Asian Institute of Technology, 1980, pp. 401-414.
12. Lukkunaprasit, P., and Kelly, J.M., "Dynamic Plastic Analysis Using Stress Resultant Finite Element Formulation", International Journal of Solids and Structures, 1979, pp. 221-240.
13. Lukkunaprasit, P., Widartawan, S., and Karasudhi, P., "Dynamic Response of an Elastic-Viscoplastic System in Modal Coordinates", Earthquake Engineering and Structural Dynamics, Vol. 8, 1980, pp. 237-250.
14. Massonnet, C.E., and Saye, M.A., Plastic Analysis and Design, Vol. 1, Blaisdell Publishing Company, 1965.
15. Neal, B.G., The Plastic Methods of Structural Analysis, 3 rd. Ed., Clapman and Hall, London, 1977.
16. Newmark, N.M., "A Method of Computation for Structural Dynamics", Journal of Engineering Mechanic Division, ASCE, Vol. 85, EM 3, 1959, pp. 67-94.
17. Noor, A.K.; Kamel, H.A; and Fulton, R.E., "Substructuring Technique-Status and Projection", Computer and Structures, Vol. 8, 1978, pp. 621-632.
18. Przemieniecki, J.S., "Matrix Structural Analysis of Substructures", AIAA J., 1, No. 1, 1963, pp. 138-147.

19. Rubinstein, M.F., Matrix Computer Analysis of Structure, Prentice-Hall Inc., New Jersey, 1966.
20. Zienkiewicz, O.C., The Finite Element Method, 3rd Ed., McGraw-Hill, London, 1977.

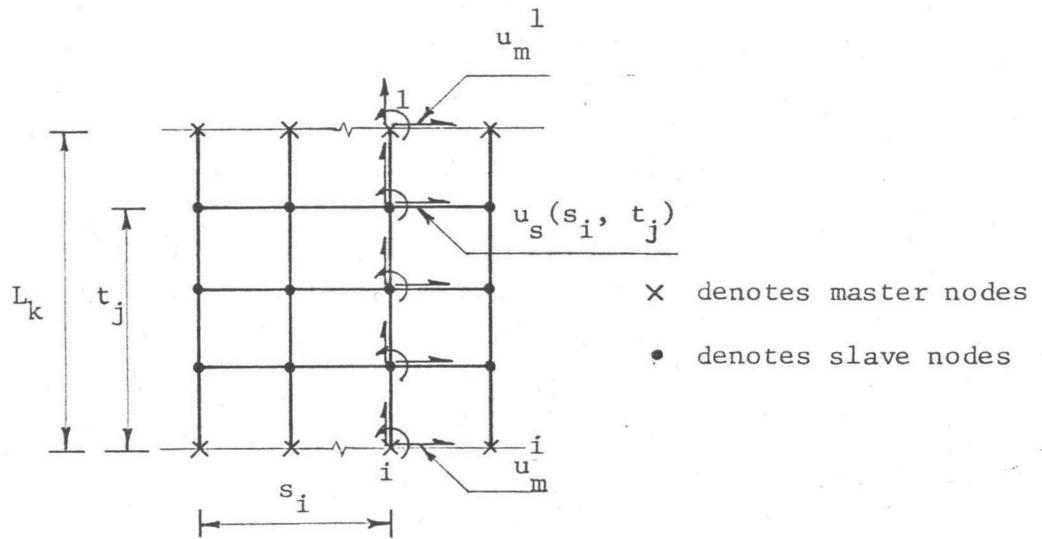


Fig. 1. The k^{th} substructure

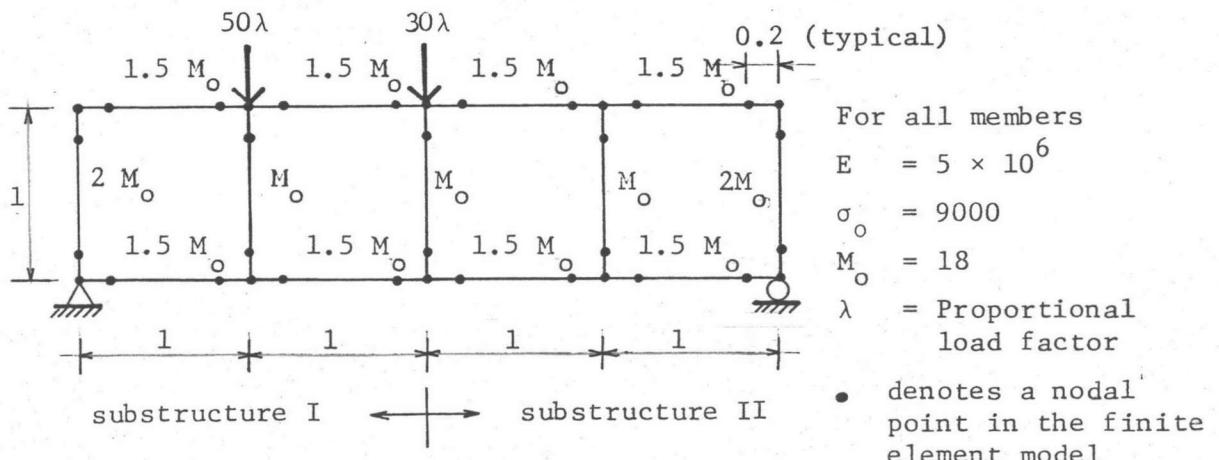


Fig. 2 (a) Vierendeel Girder - Geometry and Loading

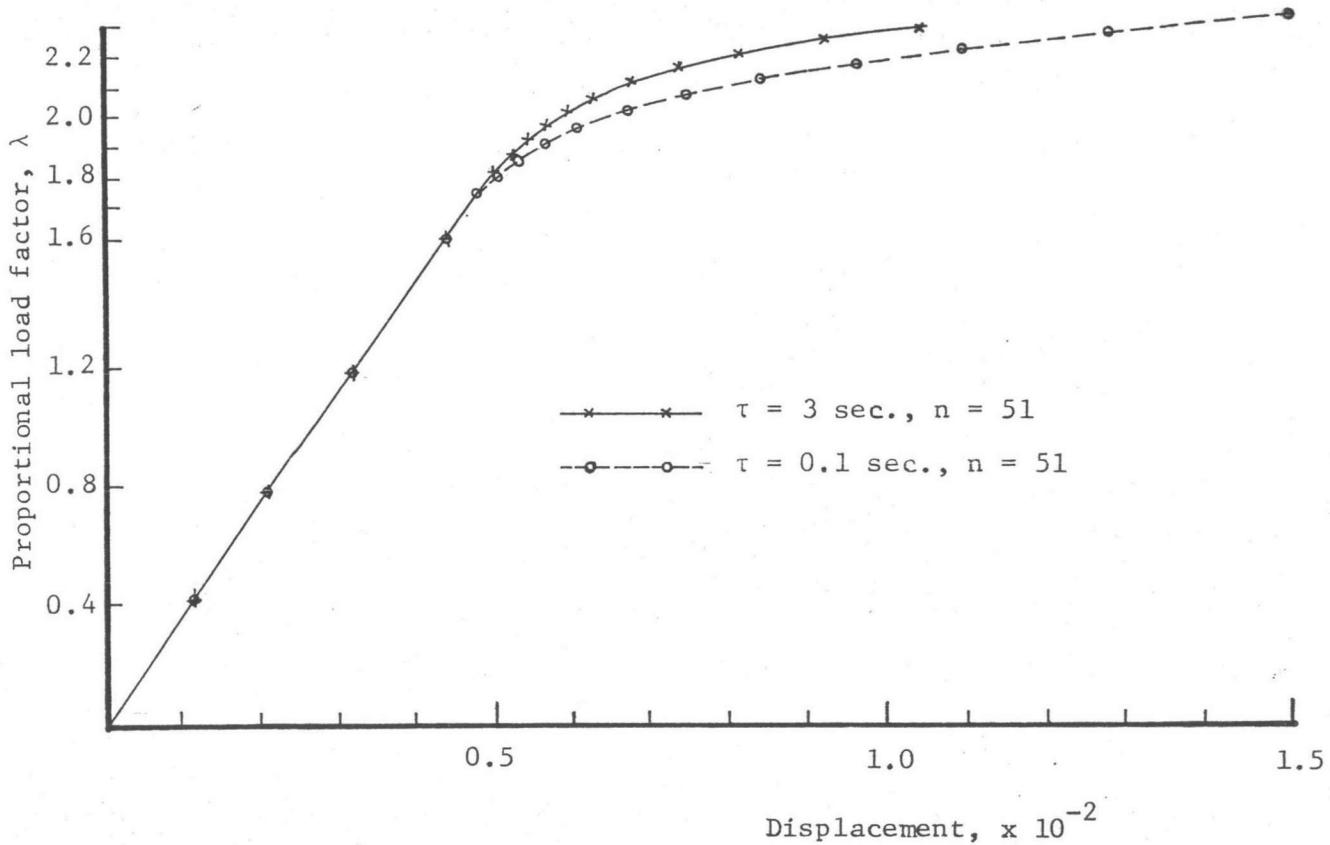


Fig. 2 (b) Vierendeel Girder - Vertical Displacement at Mid Span

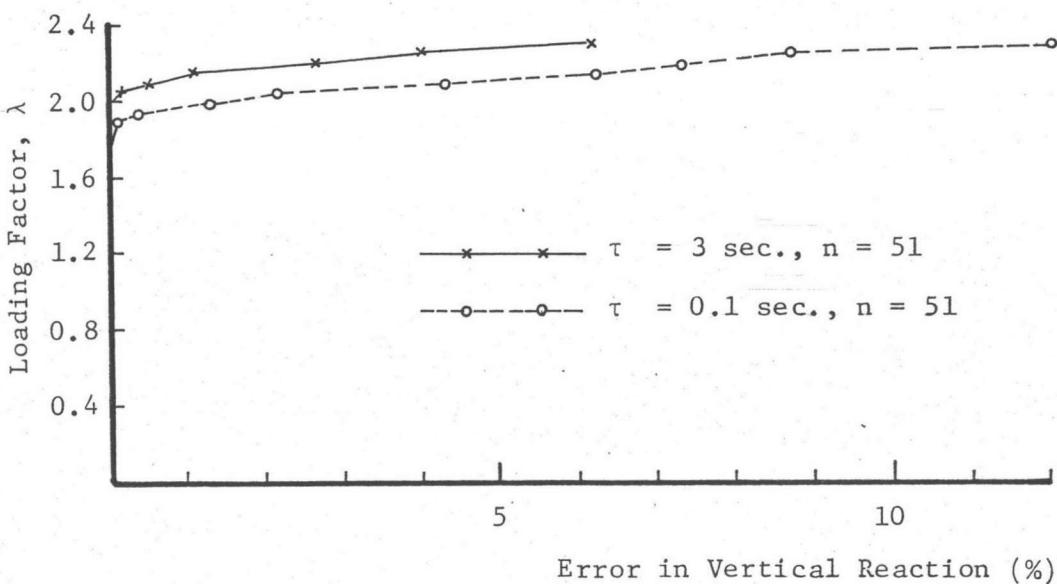
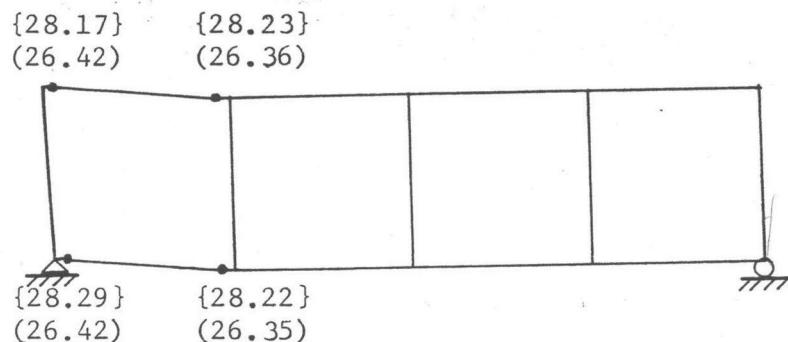


Fig. 2 (c) Vierendeel Girder - Error in Vertical Reactions



- denotes a plastic hinge

Values in parentheses are moments at collapse

{ } for $\tau = 3$ sec., $n = 51$, $\lambda = 2.25$

() for $\tau = 0.1$ sec., $n = 51$, $\lambda = 2.10$

Fig. 2 (d) Vierendeel Girder - Collapse Mechanism

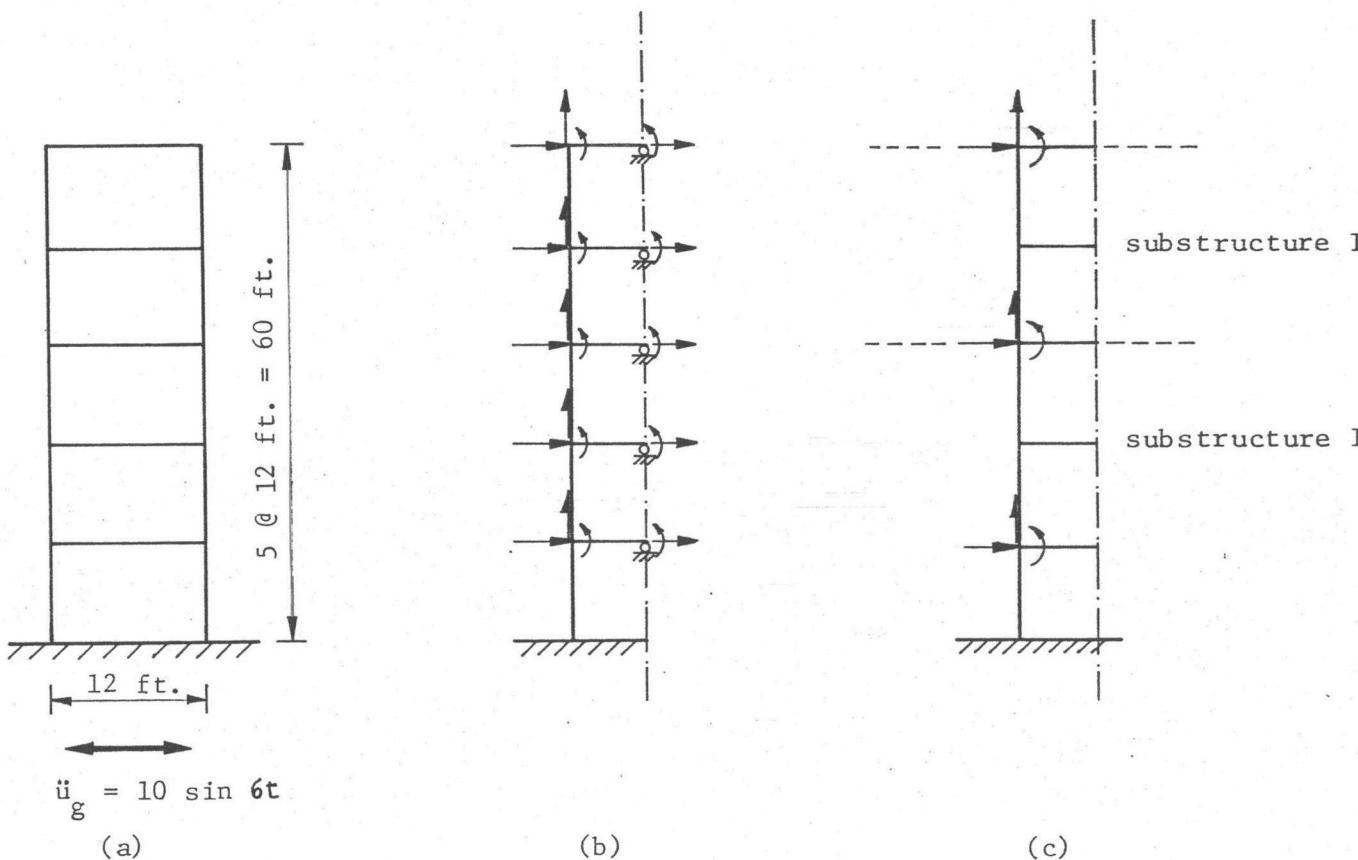


Fig. (3) Five - Story Frame (a) Geometry, (b) Full System Model (25 d.o.f.), (c) Substructure I

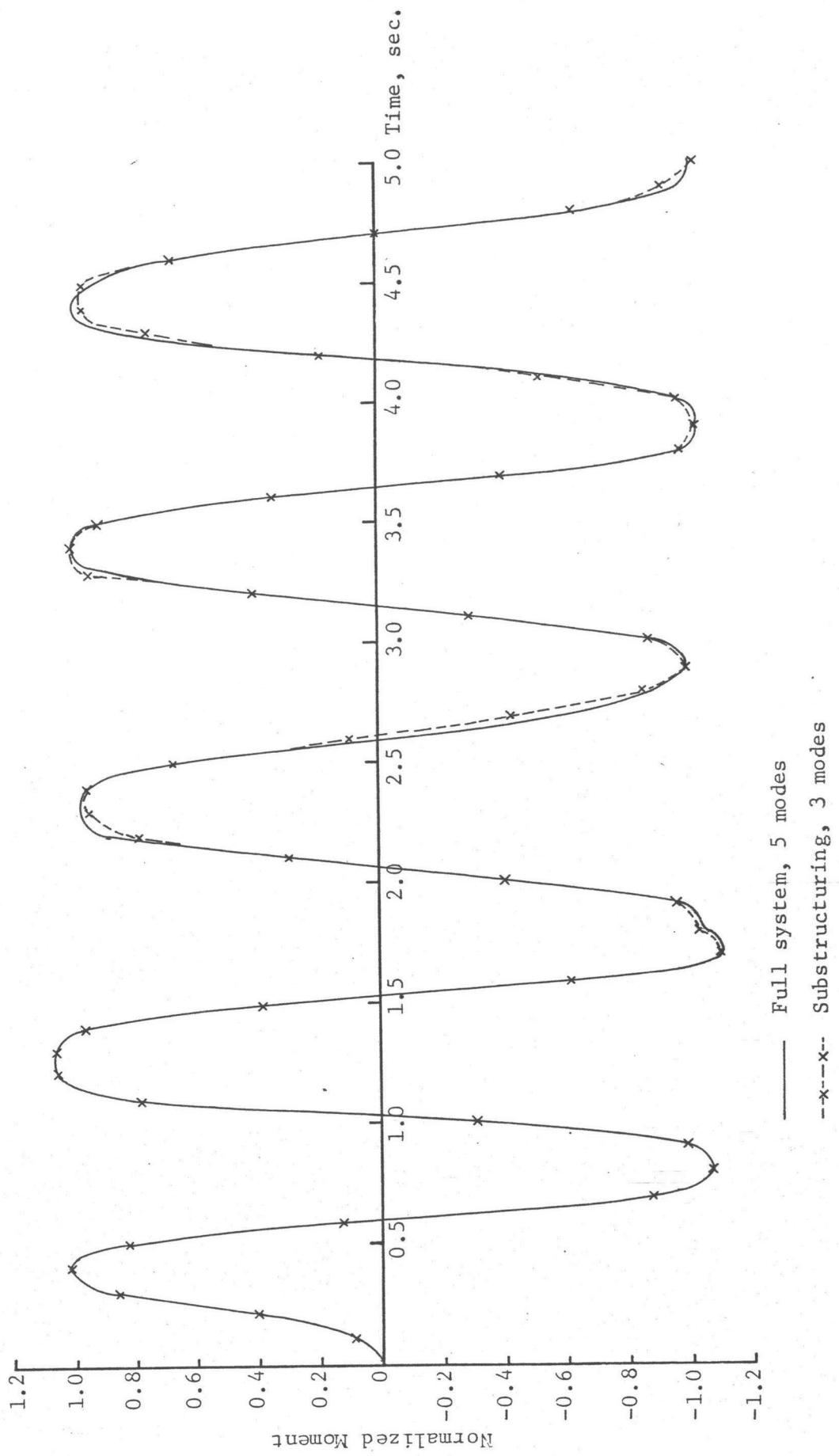
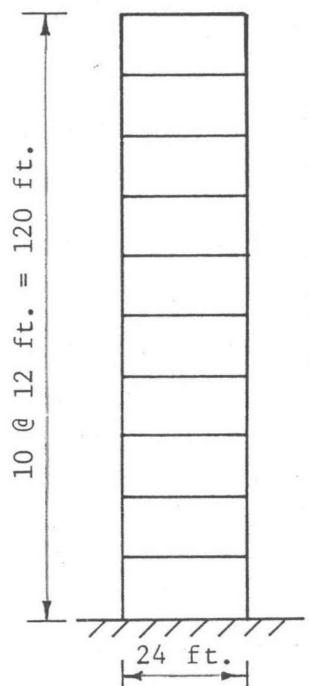


Fig. 3 (d) Five-Story Frame-Response of Moment at the End of Second Floor Beam



$$\ddot{u}_g = 10 \sin 6t$$

(a)

Column section :
1.6 ft. \times 1.6 ft.
 $I_{\text{girder}} = 20 \times I_{\text{column}}$
 $\sigma_0 = 2000 \text{ ksf}$
 $E = 449,600 \text{ ksf}$
 $\rho = 0.004658 \text{ k-sec}^2/\text{ft}^4$

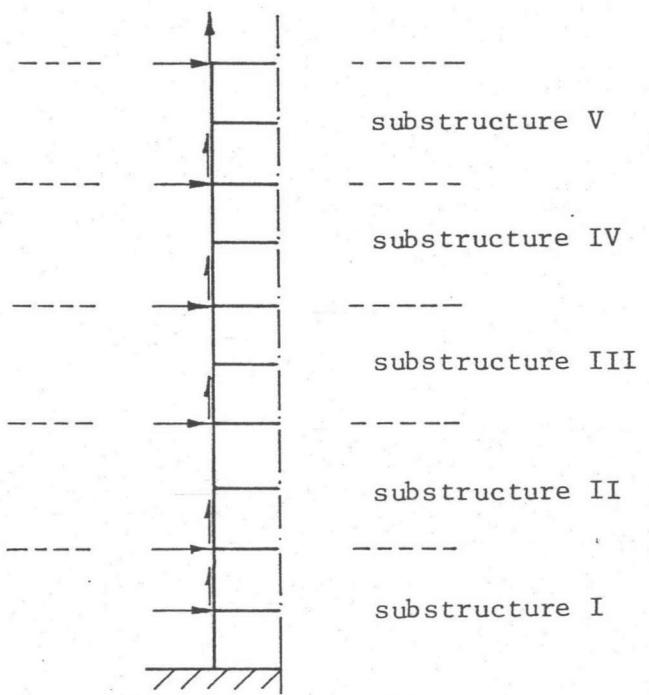
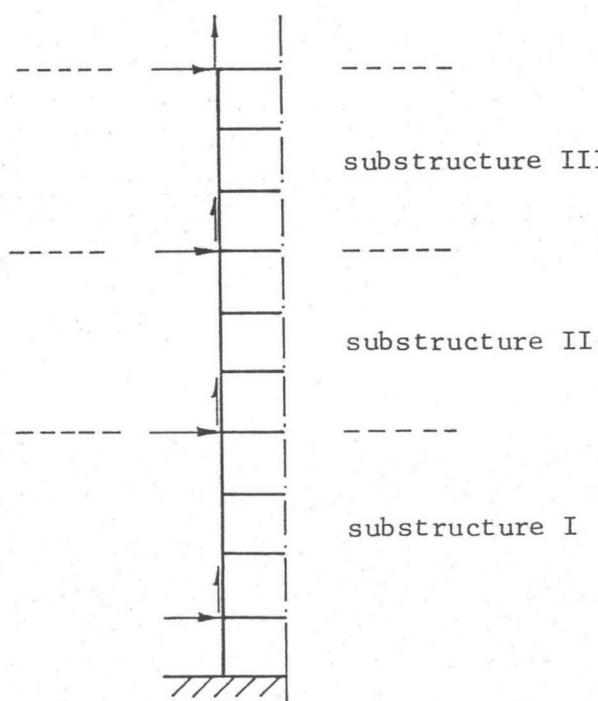
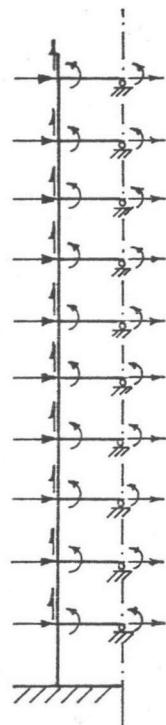


Fig. 4. Ten-Story Frame (a) Geometry, (b) Full System Model (50 d.o.f.), (c) Model 10 A (8 generalized coordinates), (d) Model 10 B (12 generalized coordinates).

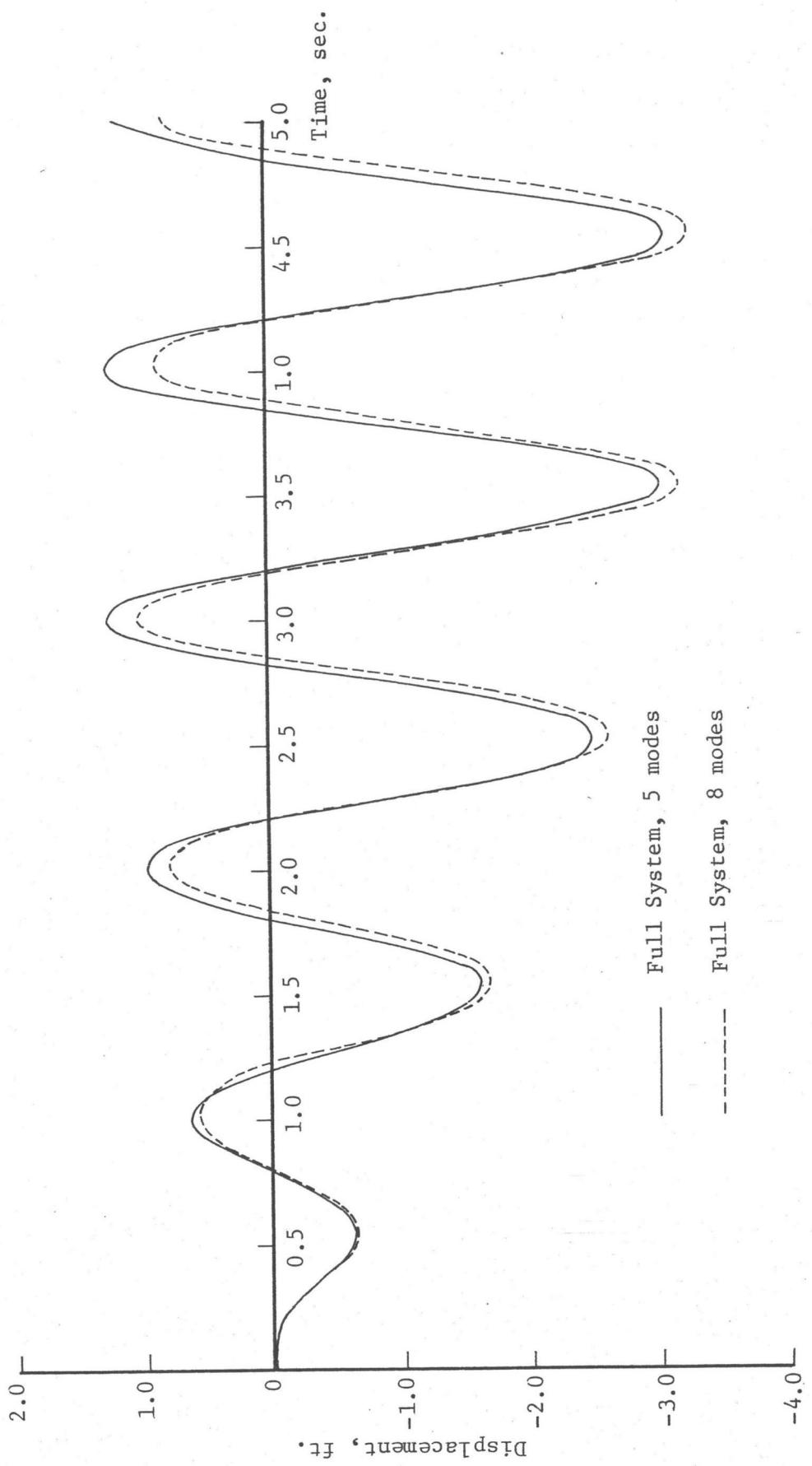


Fig. 4 (e) Ten-Story Frame—Horizontal Displacement Response at Top Story of the Full System

Analyses.

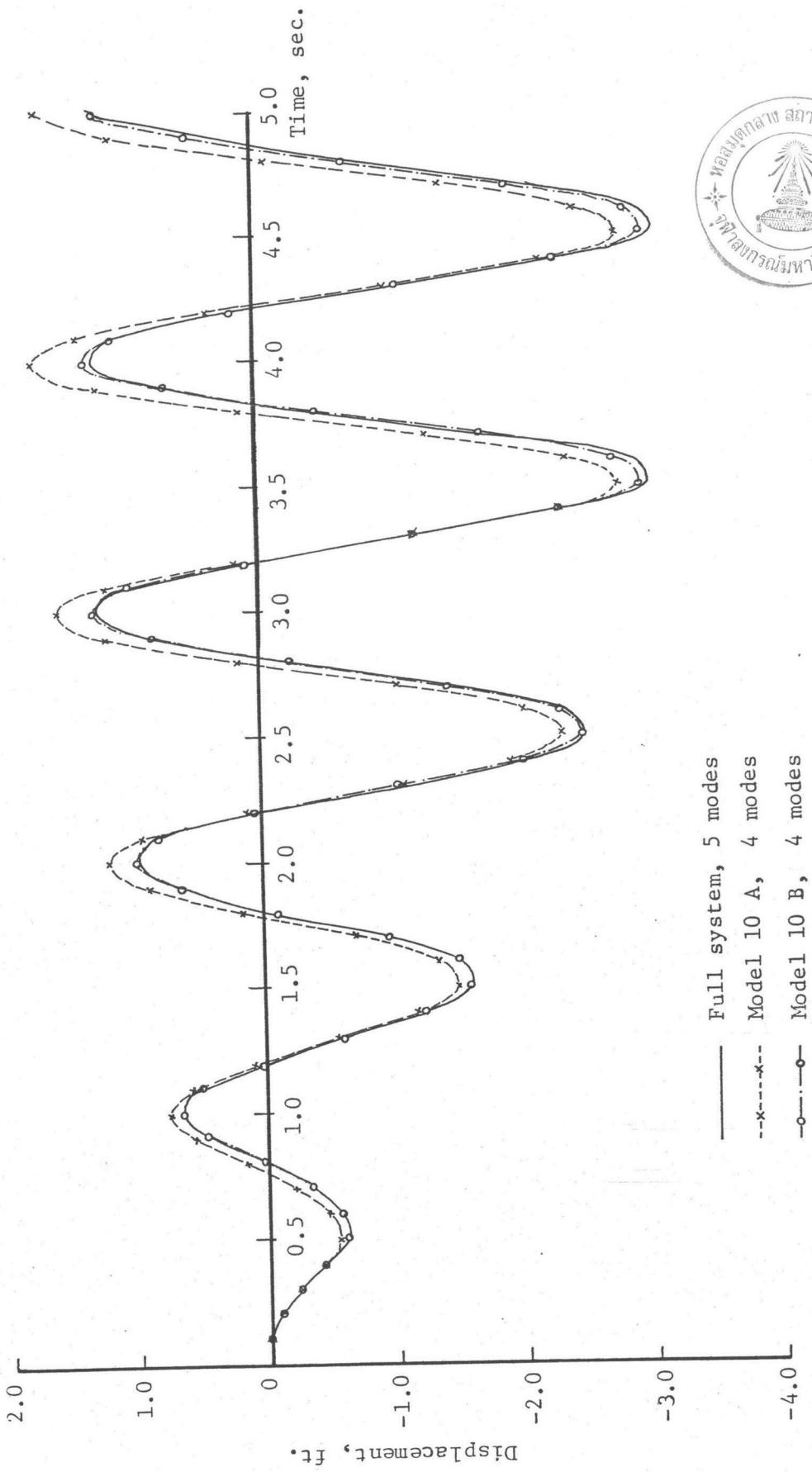


Fig. 4 (f) Ten-Story Frame-Horizontal Displacement Response at Top Story

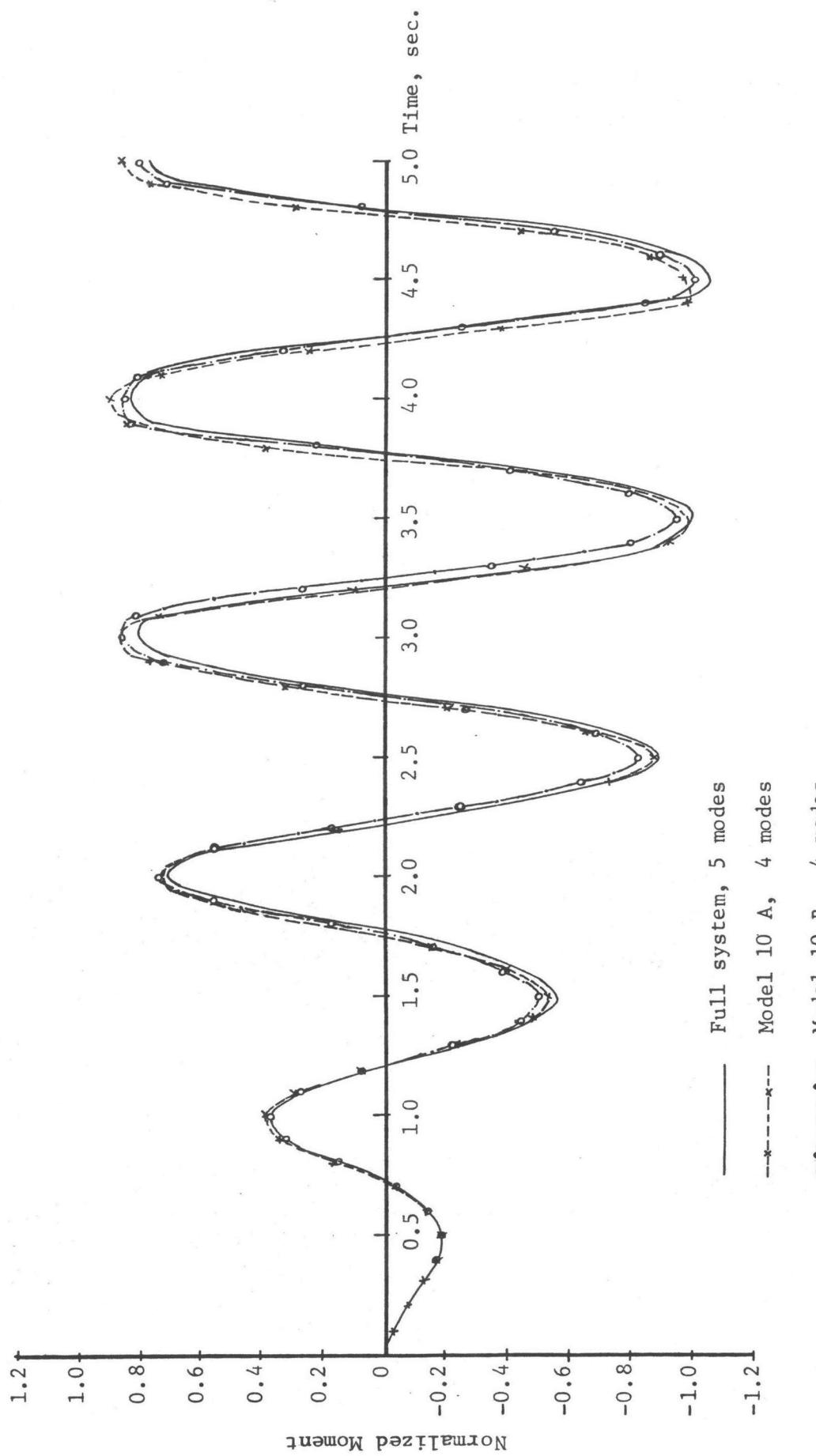


Fig. 4 (g) Ten-Story Frame—Response of Moment at Column Base

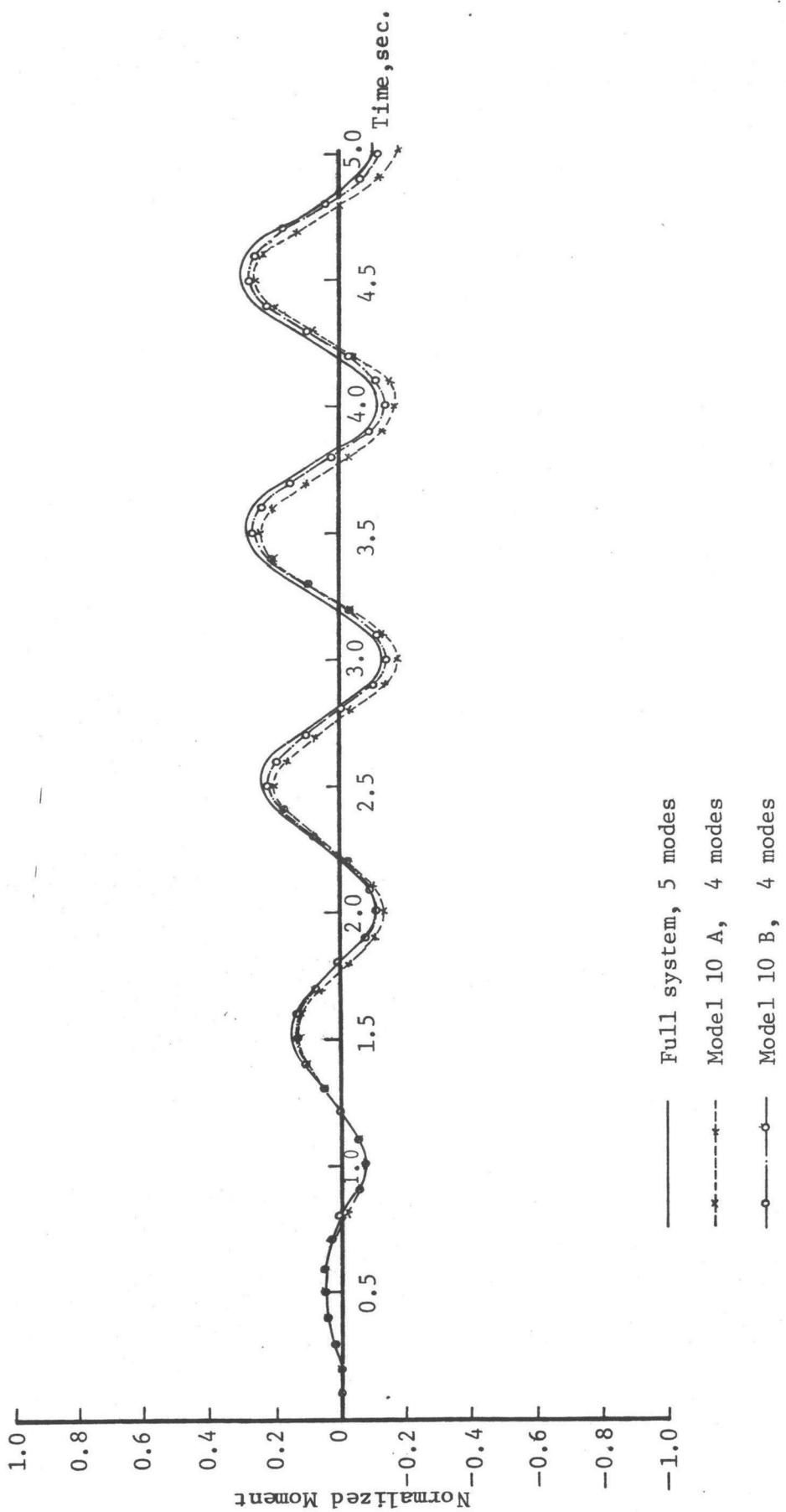
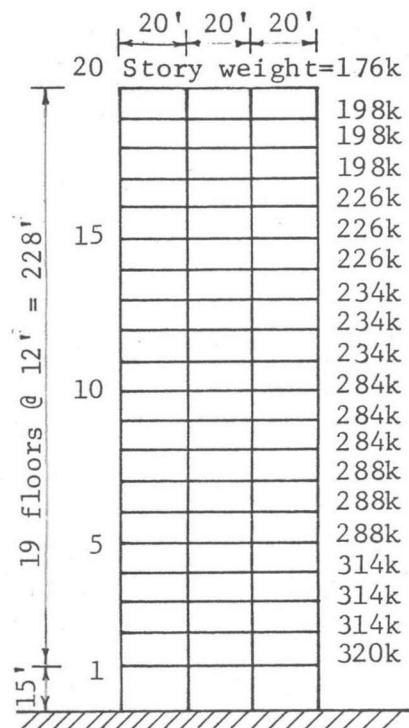
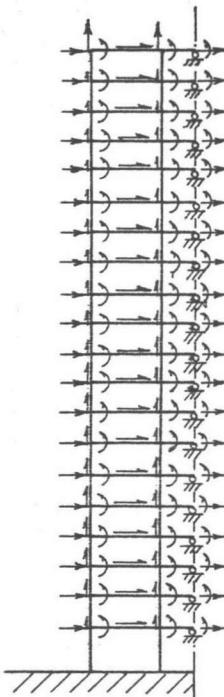


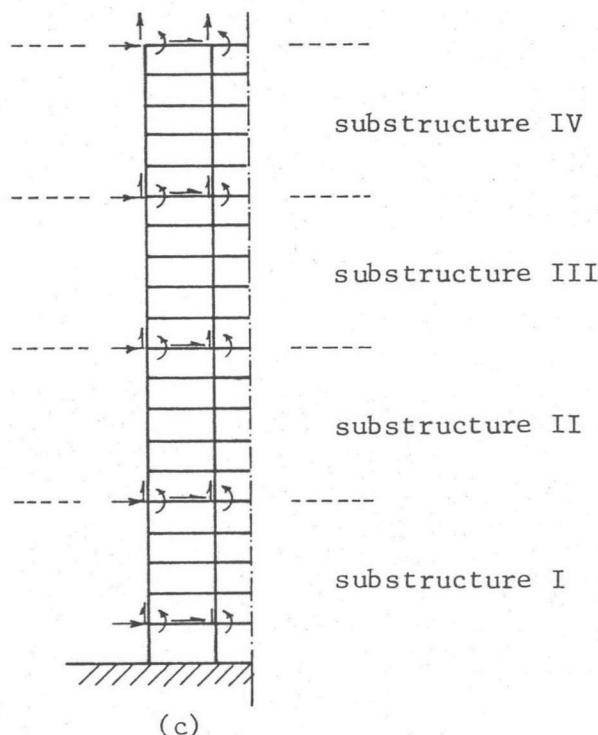
Fig. 4(h) Ten-Story Frame—Response of Moment at the End of Second Floor Beam



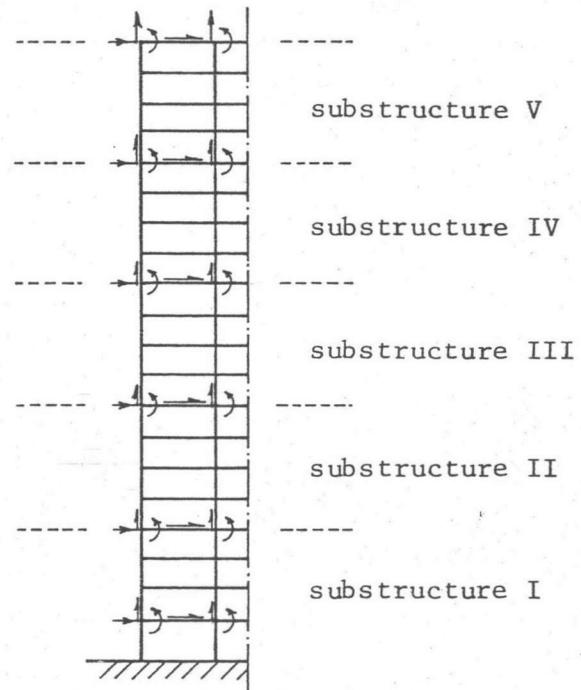
(a)



(b)



(c)



(d)

Fig. (5) Twenty-Story Frame (a) Geometry, (b) Full System Model (160 d.o.f.)

(c) Model 20 A (30 generalized coordinates), (d) Model 20 B

(36 generalized coordinates.)

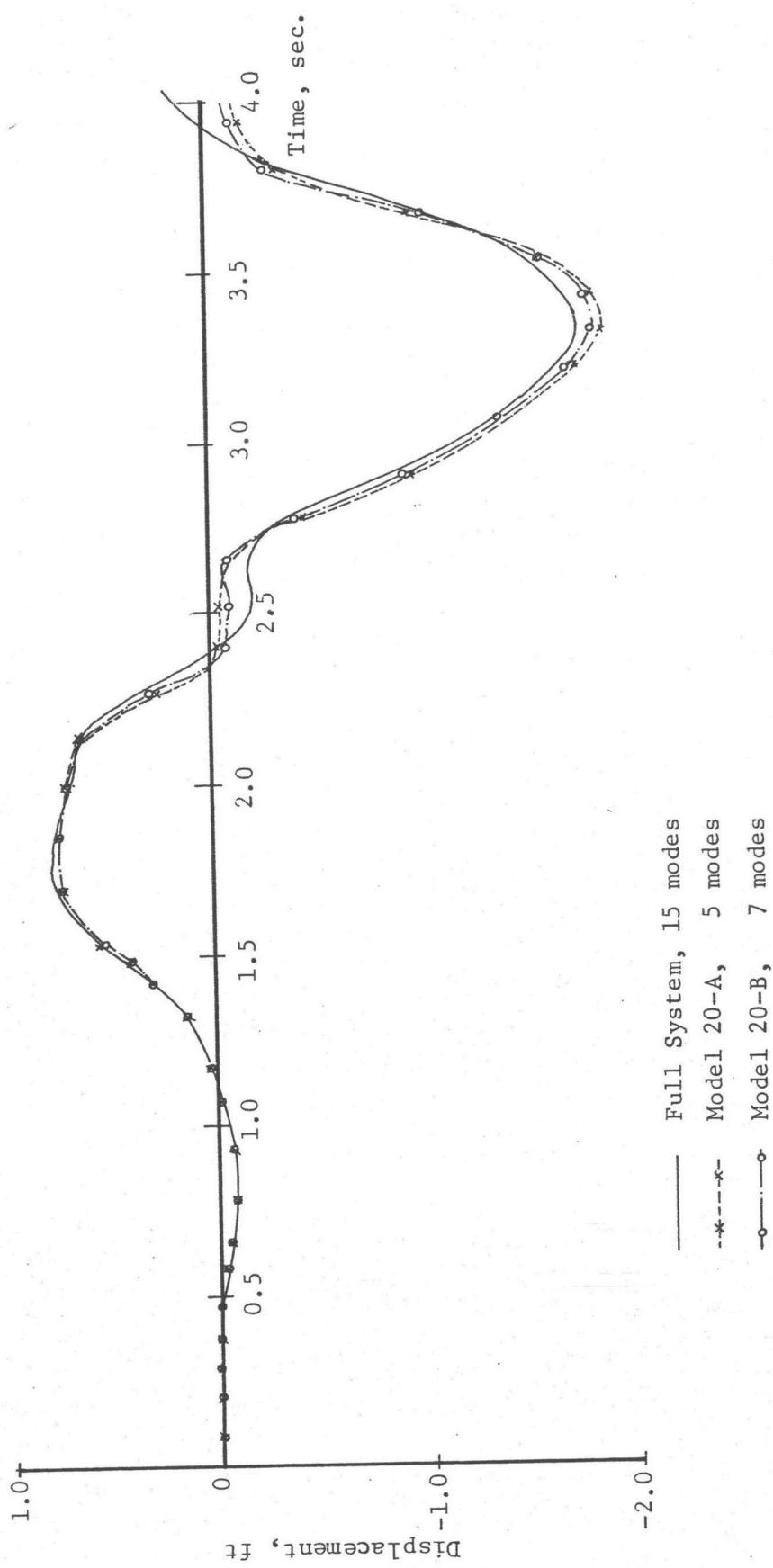


Fig. 5 (e) Twenty-Story Frame-Horizontal Displacement Response at Top Story

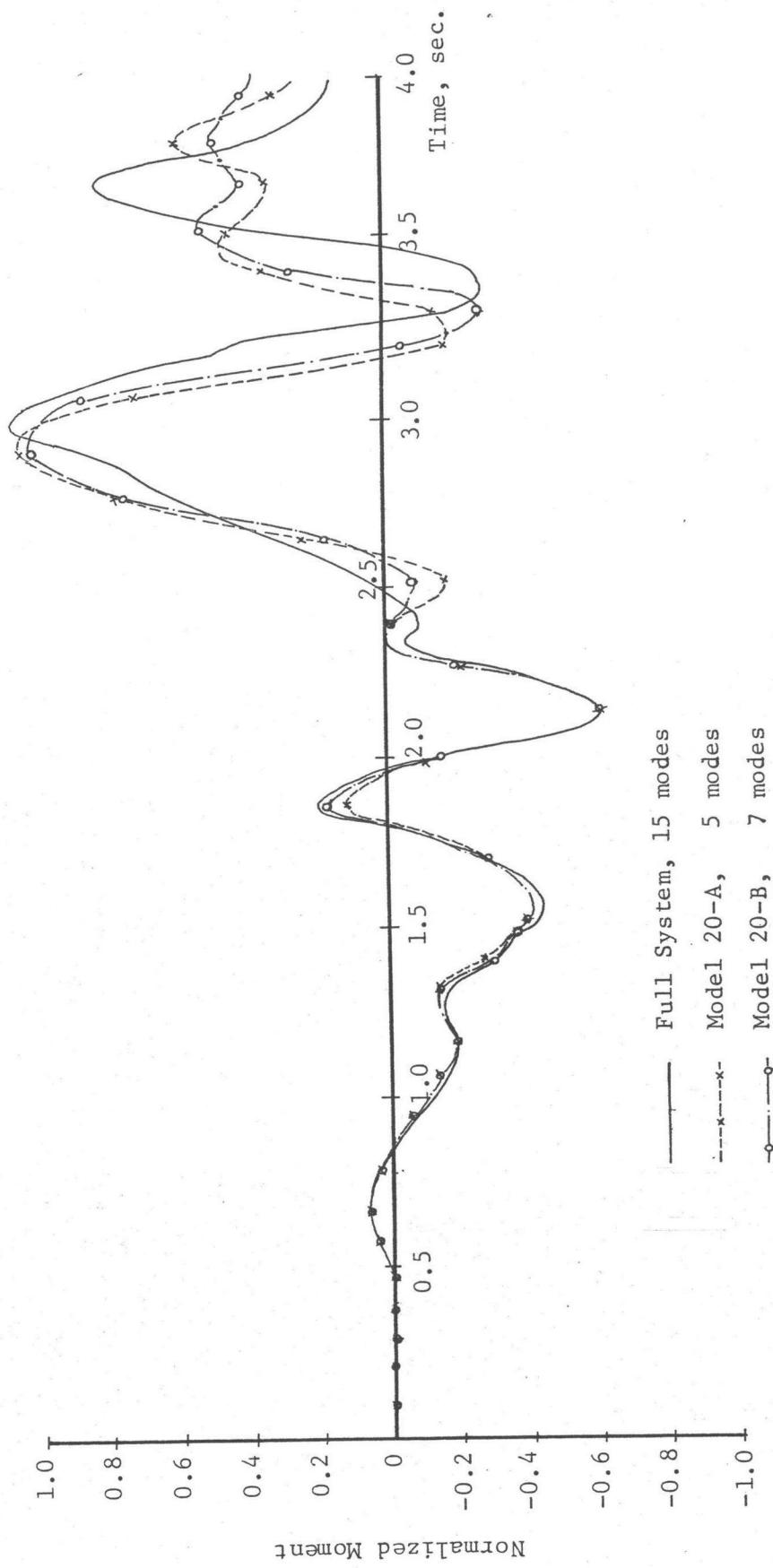


Fig. 5 (f) Twenty-Story Frame—Response of Moment at the End of Exterior Second Floor Beam

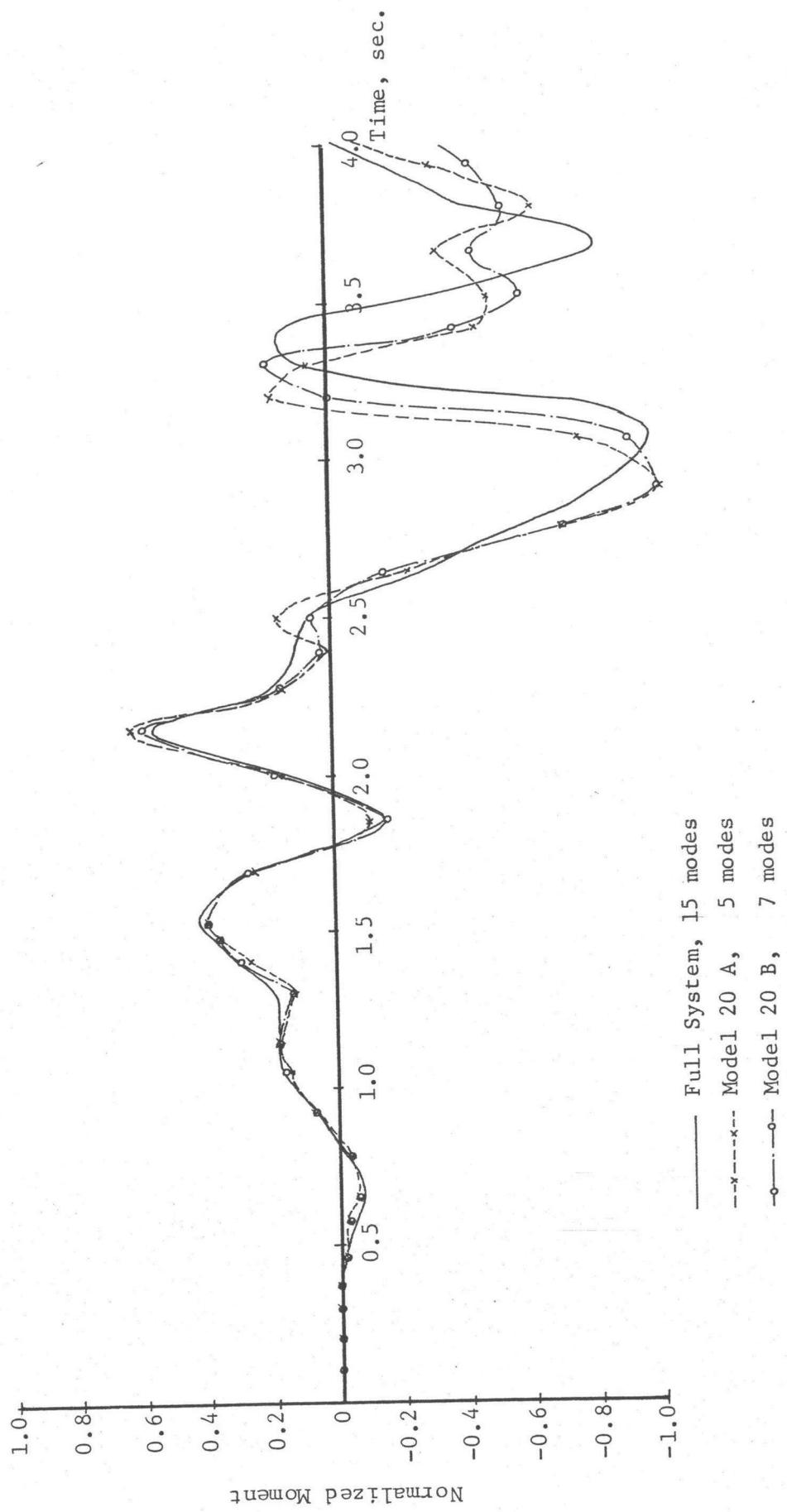


Fig. 5 (g) Twenty-Story Frame-Response of Base Moment of Interior Column

Table 1 - Member Properties for the Five-Story Frame

Story	Column Size (in × in)	Beam Size (in × in)	Floor Mass (k-sec ² /ft ⁴)
1-3	22 × 22	10 × 22	0.625
4,5 (top)	14 × 14	8 × 16	0.625

$$\text{For all members : } \sigma_0 = 367.2 \text{ ksf}$$

$$E = 449,600 \text{ ksf}$$

$$\rho = 0.004658 \text{ k-sec}^2/\text{ft}^4$$

Note : 1 kip = 4.45 kN, 1 ksf = 47.904 kN/m²

$$1 \text{ k-sec}^2/\text{ft}^4 = 515.68 \text{ kN-sec}^2/\text{m}^4$$

Table 2 - Natural Periods (in seconds) and Errors for the Five-Story Frame

Mode No.	Full System	Substructured System	Error %
1	0.6494	0.6476	- 0.28
2	0.2610	0.2497	- 4.33
3	0.1344	0.0879	-34.60
4	0.0887	0.0419	-52.76
5	0.0519	0.0185	-64.35

Table 3 - Maximum Horizontal Displacement at Top Story and
 Maximum Normalized Moment at the End of the Second
 Floor Beam of the Five Story Frame

	No. of Modes Used	Max. Displ. (ft.)	Max. Normalized Moment
Full System	5	0.4238	1.114
With Substructuring	3	0.4295	1.098
Error, %		1.34	-1.44

Table 4 - Natural Periods (in Seconds) and Percentage Errors
 (in Parentheses) for the Ten-Story Frame

Mode no.	Full System	Model 10 A	Model 10 B
1	0.9087	0.9074 (-0.14%)	0.9101 (+0.15%)
2	0.2957	0.2792 (-5.58%)	0.2901 (-1.89%)
3	0.1656	0.1459 (-11.89%)	0.1582 (-4.47%)
4	0.1190	0.1050 (-11.74%)	0.1131 (-4.96%)
5	0.0937	0.0759 (-18.97%)	0.0904 (-3.52%)

Table 5 - Maximum Horizontal Displacement at Top story and Maximum Normalized Moment at Column Base of the Ten-Story Frame. (Figures in parentheses are the percentage errors)

	No. of Modes Used	Max. Displ. (ft.)	Max. Normalized Moment
Full System	5	3.042	1.0488
Model 10 A	4	2.772 (-8.87%)	0.9609 (-8.38%)
Model 10 A	5	(large error)	(large error)
Model 10 B	4	2.970 (-2.37)	1.0054 (-4.14)
Model 10 B	5	3.141 (+3.25)	1.0298 (-1.81)

Table 6 - Member Properties for the Twenty-Story Frame

Relative Stiffness of Columns and Girders, Ratio $(EI)_{\sigma} : (EI)_o$			
Story	Exterior Column	Interior Column	Girders
18-20	1.0	2.0	4.0
15-17	1.5	3.0	6.0
12-14	3.0	6.0	
9-11	4.5	9.0	8.0
6-8	6.0	12.0	
3-5	10.0	20.0	
1-2	12.0	24.0	10.0

$$\text{Reference Stiffness } (EI)_o = 133,500 \text{ k-ft}^2$$

$$E = 4,176,000 \text{ ksf}$$

$$\sigma_o = 5,184 \text{ ksf}$$

$$\text{Note : } 1 \text{ ksf} = 47.904 \text{ kN/m}^2, 1 \text{ k-ft}^2 = 0.413 \text{ kN-m}^2$$

Table 7 - Natural Periods (in seconds) and Percentage Errors
 (in Parentheses) for the Twenty-Story Frame

Mode no.	Full System	Model 20 A	Model 20 B
1	2.8080	2.8264 (+0.65%)	2.8239 (+0.57%)
2	1.0074	0.9616 (-4.55%)	0.9756 (-3.16%)
3	0.5648	0.5116 (-9.42%)	0.5216 (-7.65%)
4	0.4144	0.3922 (-5.36%)	0.3951 (-4.66%)
5	0.3750	0.3415 (-8.93%)	0.3484 (-7.09%)
6	0.3033	0.1931 (-36.33%)	0.2575 (-15.10%)
7	0.2405	0.1447 (-39.83%)	0.1951 (-18.88%)

Table 8 - Maximum Horizontal Displacement at Top Story and Maximum Normalized Moment at the Left End of Exterior Second Floor Beam of the Twenty-Story Frame (Figures in Parentheses are Percentage Errors)

	No. of Mode Used	Max. displ. (ft.)	Max. normalized moment
Full System	15	1.780	1.075
Model 20 A	5	1.879 (+5.56%)	1.026 (-4.56%)
Model 20 A	7	1.878 (+5.50%)	1.118 (+4.00%)
Model 20 B	7	1.835 (+3.09%)	1.032 (-4.00%)

Table 9 C.P.U. Time for the Twenty-Story Frame Analyses

	No. of Modes Used	Execution Time	Percentage Difference Compared with that of the Full System
Full System	15	30 min. 19 sec.	—
Model 20 A	5	37 min. 51 sec.	+ 24.85%
Model 20 A*	5	29 min. 02 sec.	- 4.23%
Model 20 B	7	40 min. 35 sec.	+ 33.86%
Model 20 B*	7	30 min. 52 sec.	+ 1.81%

* denotes analyses without substructuring but the full system coordinates are reduced to retain only the master coordinates

VITA

Mr. Chairote Jakpaisan accquired Bachelor's Degree (Second Class Honor) in Engineering from Chulalongkorn University in 1971. He is now the head of the Subdivision of Civil Works Maintenance at the Electricity Generating Authority of Thailand, Nonthaburi.

