CHAPTER V



METHOD USED IN THE TEST.

From the studies on the proposed method, the developed method are as follows.

Add 0.2 ml of DNA working solution (4 mg/100 ml)
to each well of polystyrene plate. Incubate for 1 hour at
37 C.

2. Wash 3 times with 0.1 M potassium phosphate buffer pH 7.0 containing 1% BSA or 1% gelatin.

3. Add 0.2 ml of 1:200 diluted normal rabbit serum in phosphate albumin buffer. Incubate 1 hour 1 at 37 C. Wash as before.

 Add 0.2 ml of two fold serial dilution of test serum to each well starting at 1:8. Incubate for 1 hour at 37 C. Wash as described before.

5. Add 0.2 ml of 1:100 conjugate to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at 37 C. Wash the plate as previously described.

6. Add 0.2 ml of substrate to each well, observe the reaction or stop reaction with 1% sodium azide at 10 minutes.

The criteria for differentiate results:

positive	-	the well that develops brown color	
negative	100	the well that does not develop	
		brown color	
control	antese angles	the well that is not exposed to	

negative

the end point titer = the highest dilution of

serum that develops color.

test sera, this well should be

TABLE 1	TEST FOR	OPTIMAL	CONDITION	FOR	INCUBATING	DILUTED
	CONJUGAT	E				

Temp.	Time	Titers					
	(hrs.)	Positive serum	Negative serum				
4 C	18	256	16 *				
RT.	3	256	16 *				
RT.	4	256	32				
RT.	18	512	64				
37 C	1 <u>5</u>	256	16 *				
37 C	1	256	16 *				
37 C	2	512	32				
37 C	3	512	64				
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* optimal condition for incubating diluted conjugate

Time		Positive		Negative				Background			
(Minutes)	32	64	128	256	512	8	16	32	64	128	Duckground
1	W	8	638	-		67	629			619	_
5	2+.	-1+	W	utije	-	W	1+		5	828 [°]	-
10	4+	3+	1+		61009	2+	1+	84	68	22	- *
15	4+	4+	2+	1+	-	2+	2+	1+	8.09	1210	
20	4+	4+	3+	2+	l+	3+	3+	2+	1+	-	1+
30	4+	4+	3+	3+	2+	4+	3+	2+	2+	1+	2+

TABLE 2. TEST FOR OPTIMAL TIME FOR INCUBATING SUBSTRATE

* optimal time for incubating substrate

Temp.	Time	Titers			
Temp.	(hrs.)	Positive serum	Negative serum		
4 C	18	256	64		
RT.	3	128	16		
RT.	4	dark background	dark background		
RT.	18	dark background	dark background		
37 C	12	128	8		
37 C	1	256	16 *		
37 C	2 .	256	32		
37 C	3	512	64		
			L.		

TABLE 3. OPTIMAL CONDITION FOR INCUBATING DILUTED UNKNOWN SERA

* optimal condition for incubating diluted unknown sera

PН	Tit	Background	
-	Positive serum Negative serum		
6.0	256	64	l+
6.5	256	32	-
7.0	256	16	- *
7.5	256	16	- *
8.0	128	8 .	-
	1		

TABLE 4 pH OF BUFFER USED FOR WASHING PLATE

* optimal pH of buffer used for washing plate

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PROTEIN IN BUFFER	Tit	Background		
	Positive serum	Negative serum	Background	
0.5% BSA	256	32	-	
1% BSA	256	16	- *	
2% BSA	256	3.2	1+	
3% BSA	256	32	1+	
0.5% gelatin	256	64	-	
1% gelatin	256	16	- *	
2% gelatin	64	32	-	
3% gelatin	128	32	-	

TABLE 5 EFFECT OF PROTEIN USED IN THE WASHING BUFFER

* optimal concentration of protein used in the washing buffer

TABLE 6 EFFECT OF WASHING PROCESS WITH BUFFER, DISTILLED WATER, TAP WATER.

WASHING TECHNIC	Tit	Background	
	Positive	Negative	
Buffer 3 times	256	16	- *
Buffer 2 time, and Dist. water 1 time	256	16	- *
Buffer 1 time, and Dist. water 2 times	128	32	
Dist. water 3 times	64	16	én.
Tap water 3 times	The	color is too	dark to read.

* suitable condition for washing process.

No.	1	Titers						
100.	1 month	2 month	3 month	4 month	5 month	6 month		
1	512	512	512	512	256	256		
2	1024	1024	512	256	256	256		
3	1024	1024	1024	512	256	128		
4	1024	512	1024	512	256	256		
5	256	256	256	128	128	64		
6	16	16	16	16	8	8		
7	16	8	8	neg	neg	neg		
8	neg	neg	neg	neg	neg	neg		
9	8	8	neg	neg	neg	neg		
10	neg	neg	neg	neg	neg	neg		
				\				

TABLE 7 THE STABILITY OF DNA COATED PLATE

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