

CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION



The purpose of this study is to determine all functions f on a group (G, \circ) into a group $(G', +)$ such that

$$(*) \quad f(x \circ y) + f(x \circ y^{-1}) = 2f(x) + 2f(y)$$

for all x, y in G . We are able to obtain only a partial solution to this problem.

In Chapter III, we characterize all f satisfying $(*)$ on abelian group (G, \circ) into abelian group $(G', +)$ which does not contain any element of order 2. In Chapter IV we illustrate how our result can be applied to the cases where (G, \circ) is a vector space over $\mathbb{Q}, (\mathbb{R}^n, +), (\mathbb{R}^+, \cdot)$ and (\mathbb{R}^*, \cdot) . Chapter V deals with the determination of continuous functions satisfying $(*)$ on a vector group, $(\mathbb{R}^n, +), (\mathbb{R}^+, \cdot), (\mathbb{R}^*, \cdot)$ and (\mathbb{C}^*, \cdot) .