HIGHLY POROUS POLYMERIC FOAM OF POLY(DVB) FILLED WITH MALEIMIDE-TERMINATED POLY(ARYLENE ETHER SULFONE) OLIGOMERS VIA HIGH INTERNAL PHASE EMULSION



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ABSTRACT

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Monreudee Dejsukdipol: Highly Porous Polymeric Foam of Poly(DVB) Filled with Maleimide-Terminated Poly(arylene ether sulfone) Oligomers via High Internal Phase Emulsion. Thesis Advisors: Asst. Prof. Manit Nithitanakul 63 pp.

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sulfone) Maleimide-terminated poly(arylene ether oligomers were synthesized by the nucleophilic step-growth polymerization of bisphenol A phenolates with activated halides at about 150 °C and a required amount of Bis-(4chlorophenyl)-sulfone. This method was accomplished by reacting the terminate amine with maleic anhydride. The obtained maleimide-terminated poly(arylene ether sulfone) oligomers were characterized by IR, NMR, and DSC. PolyHIPEs, using divinylbenzene filled with maleimide-terminated poly(arylene ether sulfone) oligomers (0, 2.5, 5, and 10 %) were prepared using SPAN80:DDBSS:CTAB (6.3:0.4:0.3) as the surfactant. The obtained polyHIPEs were characterized for their phase morphology, surface area, thermal properties, and mechanical properties using SEM, BET, TG/DTA, and a Universal Tensile Testing machine, respectively. The prepared polyHIPEs will be used for adsorbing the CO₂ produced during the gasification process to increase the heating value of syn gas.

บทคัดย่อ

มลฤฏี เคชศักดิพล : พอลิเมอร์ที่มีโครงสร้างรูพรุนสูงของพอลึ(ไคไวนิลเบนซิล)เติม ด้วยพอลึ(อัลลีลีนอีเทอร์ซัลโฟน)ปลายมาเลอิมิด (Highly Porous Polymeric Foam of Poly(DVB) Filled with Maleimide-Terminated Poly(arylene ether sulfone) Oligomers via High Internal Phase Emulsion) อ. ที่ปรึกษา : ผู้ช่วยศาสตราจารย์ คร.มานิตย์ นิธิธนากุล 63 หน้า

พอลี(อัลลีลีนอีเทอร์ซัลโฟน)ปลาขมาเลอิมิคสังเคราะห์โดขปฏิกิริขานิวคลีโอฟิลิก เสตป โกรส พอลิเมอร์ไรเซชั่นของบิสฟีนอลเอ ฟีโนเลสกับ กลุ่มเฮไลด์ที่อุณหภูมิ 150 องศาเซลเซียส โดยกำหนคปริมาณของบิส-4-คลอโรฟีนิลซัลโฟน วิธีนี้จะสำเร็จเมื่อได้เอมีนที่หมู่ปลายและทำ ปฏิกิริขากับมาเลอิกแอนไฮไคร์ท พอลี(อัลลิลีนอีเทอร์ซัลโฟน)ปลาขมาเลอิมิคที่ได้มานั้นจะถูก ทคสอบด้วยวิธี อินฟาเรค สเปกโครสโคปี, นิวเคลียร์แมกเนติกเรโซแนนส์ สเปกโครสโคปี และ ดิฟเฟอร์เรนเชียลแสกนนิ่งกาลอริมิครี พอลิเมอร์ที่มีโครงสร้างรูพรุนสูงของพอลี(ไดไวนิล เบน ซิล)เติมด้วย พอลี(อัลลีลีนอีเทอร์ซัลโฟน)ปลาขมาเลอิมิค (0, 2.5, 5, และ 10 เปอร์เซ็นค์โดย น้ำหนัก) ถูกเครียมขึ้นโดยใช้สารลดแรงดึงผิวสูตรผสมประกอบด้วยสแปน 80, ดีคีบีเอสเอส และซีแทบ ในอัตราส่วน 6.3, 0.4 และ 0.3 เปอร์เซ็นค์โดยน้ำหนัก พอลิเมอร์ที่มีโครงสร้างรู พรุนสูงที่ได้มานั้นถูกทคสอบเพื่อศึกษาโครงสร้าง, พื้นที่ผิว, อุณหภูมิ และความแข็งแรงโดยใช้ แสกนนิ่งอิเลกตรอนไมโครสโคป, เครื่องวัดพื้นที่ผิวบลูเนอร์ เอ็มเมท เทลเลอร์, เทอร์มอลกราวิ เมตริก, เครื่องทคสอบความแข็งแรงตามลำดับ พอลิเมอร์ที่มีโครงสร้างรูพรุนสูงที่เตมานิ้จะ ใช้สำหรับดูดซับก๊าซการ์บอนไดออกไซด์ที่ผลิตจากกระบวนการเผาขยะเพื่อเพิ่มปริมาณค่าความ ร้อนของก๊าซที่ได้จากการเผาขยะของซิลก์าซ

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