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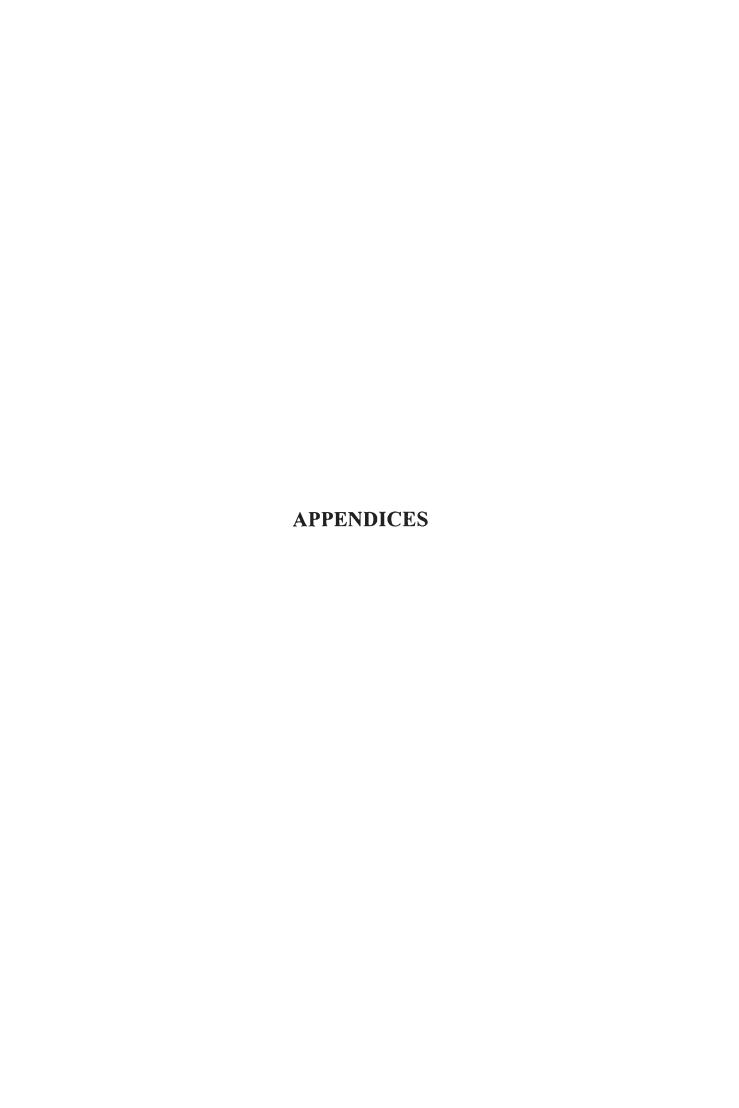
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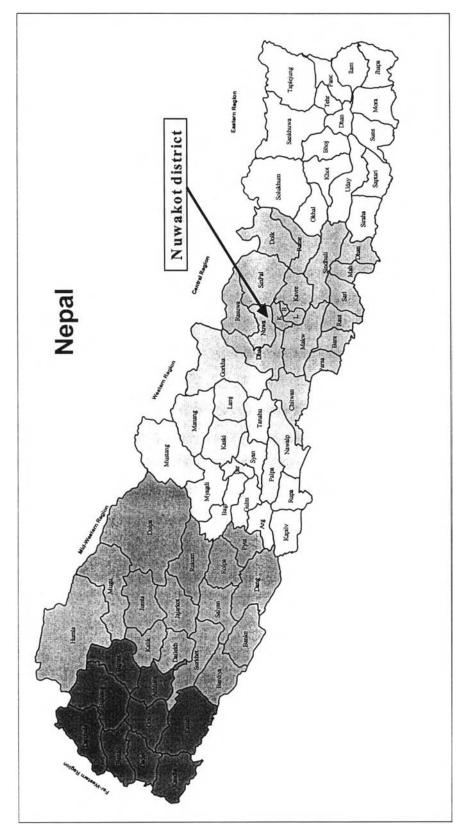
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Appendix 1

Map of Nepal Showing the Study District



Appendix 2

Name List of FCHVs Participating in the Study

Name of FCHV.	Ward No
1. Anjana Shrestha	5
2. Asta Maya Lama	6
3. Brinda Lamichhane	3
4. Bhawani Gurung	9
5. Chandra Maya Lama	7
6. Ful Maya Lama	5
7. Geeta Darnal	4
8. Mana Maya Lama	6
9. Mithu Devi Shrestha	3
10. Pan maya Gurung	1
11. Papi Maya Rana	4
12. Ram Kumari Lama	5
13. Saili Maya Gurung	9
14. Sarita Manandhar	3
15. Sobha Gurung	9
16. Sunita Baral	8
17. Thuli Maya Lama	2

## Eligibility Criteria for Including the CMWRA in the Study

Dire	ection:			
	he sample women	before coll	lecting pretest	he interviewer to confirm the eligibility K A data from them. Please tick ( ) in the spaces provided.
Dat	e of interview:			Interviewer:
Nar	ne of the VDC:			Ward no:
Hea	ad of the household	l		Name of the respondent:
	gibility status of the	·		
1.	Married and aged		•	
	Yes	∐No	(Exclude)	
2.	Currently resident	of the VI	OC and not into	ending to migrate within 1 year time:
	Yes	$\square_{No}$	(Exclude)	
3.	Fertile (currently	living with	n husband, nor	n-menopausal and no hysterectomy
	operation done):			
	Yes	□No	(Exclude)	
4.	Currently non-pre	gnant:		
	Yes	$\square_{No}$	(Exclude)	
5.	Current non-users	of moder	n methods of o	contraception:
	Yes	□No	(Exclude)	

If the response to all above items are "yes", she is eligible for the interview and take consent for interview

Appendix 4

FCHVs & CMWRAs Included in the Study

Ward No.	No. of households*	FCHVs included	CMWRA interviewed				
			Before intervention	After intervention			
1	130	1	30	29			
2	122	1	30	28			
3	260	3	30	27			
4	120	2	28	28			
5	170	3	30	28			
6	110	2	27	26			
7	80	1	25	25			
8	90	1	25	25			
9	65	3	25	25			
Total	1147	17	250	241			

<sup>\*</sup> Source: Election Commission, Voters' list, Kakani VDC, 1997

### **Observation Guide for Community Resources**

Purpose: To gain insight about the people of the community and their living

environment and resources

Direction: Take a tour of the study VDC with a local person as a guide. Make a brief

note of observation and information collected during the walk.

Name of the VDC:

Date of Observation visit:

1. Community type: Housing: scattered / compact

2. Family pattern:

Nuclear/ extended,

No. of children,

Education of sons & daughters

Marriage age for girls

3. Transportation to health post and district hospital:

Type of transport service:

**Availability** 

Cost.

4. Distance to be traveled from the residential area to:

Field,

Firewood

Water sources

Health post,

Local health resources: health persons, clinics, pharmacy and type of medicine available including FP services

- 5. Condition of streets and pathways
- 6. Economic status of the people: house size, windows, roofing material, variations in houses etc
- 7. Environmental sanitation: latrine facilities, sewage disposal, household drainage
- 8. Source of drinking water: lake, river, shallow well, deep well, tap water etc
- 9. Grouping of houses by ethnic group/ religion/, economic status
- 10. Community interaction pattern: with insiders and outsiders
- 11. Major occupation of people
- 12. Women's work pattern, leisure time activities, gatherings

## Observation Guide for FP Services at the Primary Health Care Center

Purpose: The purpose of this guide is to assist in collection of a baseline information about the FP services in the PHCC

Name of the health facility:

Date of observation:

- 1. Location of HF at the VDC:
- 2. Distance of HF from each ward:
- 3. Staffing pattern of the HF

Male staff

Female staff:

- 4. Working hours:
- 5. FP services:
  - a) Counseling service:
  - b) Availability of FP and other supplies
  - c) FP service schedule- days & timing
  - d) FP service providers
  - e) Qualification or skills of the staff
  - f) Record keeping system for new & old cases
  - g) Management of side effects:
  - h) Referral system
  - i) Distance from district hospital
  - j) Transportation facility
  - k) Follow-up system for regular and drop out cases and referral cases
- 6. Relationship of HF with community health volunteers

### Focus Group Discussion with FCHVs: Guide for the Moderator

**Purpose**: The purpose of this guide is to gather information regarding the attitude of FCHVs towards volunteer job, their awareness about family planning (FP) and the FP services that they were providing to the community

#### Direction to the Moderator

The moderator will welcome the participants to the discussion session and explain them about the purpose of the session i.e. to gather information regarding their knowledge, attitude and services in the community related to FP. The moderator will also explain the following to the participating FCHVs:

- 1. There is no right or wrong answer. Both positive and negative ideas are welcomed.
- 2. I will appreciate if everyone participates in the discussion.
- 3. The obtained information will be used for the study purpose only and no individual identity will be revealed anywhere.
- 4. To facilitate in information collection, I would like to take your permission for using audio tape-recorder.
- 5. Please speak one at a time so that the tape recorder will record information clearly

#### Introduction

- 1. Introduce self
- 2. Ask each participant to introduce herself and to tell about her name, the duration of her service as community health volunteer and about the villages she was serving

### **FGD Guiding Questions**

### A. Regarding the Volunteer Job

1. Please tell me about your volunteer work.

Probe: How did you choose the volunteer work?

How do you provide volunteer service?

What would motivate you to continue working as a volunteer?

How do you like volunteer job?

How long do you think you would continue working as a community

health volunteer?

## B. Awareness about Family Planning (Contraception)

1. Please describe your believes regarding contraception

Probe: How do you value about having children?

What do you mean by family planning?

How many children should a couple have?

2. Please tell me about the different contraceptives you know about

Probe: What are the different contraceptive methods?

When should they be taken?

How frequently should they be taken?

How do they work in the body?

What can be done to increase their effectiveness?

What are the advantages of these methods?

What are the limitations of these methods?

What unwanted effects may these methods produce?

#### C. FP Education Related Activities

1. Please tell me about the FP related education you provide to the community

Probe: How did you contact women?

How did you give FP education to community?

Which methods of FP did you include in your teaching and why?

What did you tell them about these methods?

How did you teach them about FP methods?

What were the common concerns of women regarding FP?

How did you clarify their concern?

What problems did you face in educating women about FP?

How frequently did you give FP education to individuals or groups?

#### D. Referrals

1. Please tell us about the referrals that you made for FP

Probe: How did you make referrals?

When did you refer women usually?

Where did you refer women usually?

How frequently did you refer the client?

What criteria did you use to refer?

How frequently did you refer the clients for FP methods?

### E. Distribution of FP Supplies

1. Please tell us about the FP methods you provided to the clients in the last 6 months time?

Probe: What did you look for before giving FP method?

How did you obtain FP supplies for distributing to the clients?

What kind of problem did you face in distributing FP methods to your

clients?

### F. Follow-up Care

1. Tell me about the follow-up visits you made to FP user women?

Probe: How many FP user women have you followed up in the last 6 months time

How did you make the follow-up of the FP user women?

What did you did you do in your follow up visit with the FP non-user

women?

## G. Recording and Reporting

1. I would like to know about your recording and reporting system.

Probe: Do you use any format to record your activities?

Whom do you report your activities?

How frequently do you report your activities?

### H. Supervision and Other Aspects

1. Tell me about the supervision you received in performing your job.

Probe: Who supervises you in your work?

How is your activities supervised?

What kind of problem do you come across with?

How do you solve them?

2. I would like to know about your satisfaction with your volunteer job.

Probe: What constraints do you face in your job?

How satisfied are you with your job and why?

#### I. Closing

- 1. Any other suggestion or information would you like to share?
- 2. Thank you for giving your time and information to me

## Interview Questionnaire for Currently Married Women of Reproductive Age Group (CMWRAs)

#### Direction:

**Identification Data** 

The purpose of this questionnaire is to find out the practice, knowledge & attitude of CMWRAs about contraception before and after an educational intervention. The interviewer will explain the purpose of the study and verbal consent will be sought from the CMWRAs before interviewing them. They will also be assured of the confidentiality of the information. The interviewer is expected to tick  $(\checkmark)$  mark the respondent's answer in the right column or write down the answer in the spaces provided. Before leaving the respondent's home, the interviewer will check the filled questionnaire for completeness and consistency of answers obtained.

Ward No:	Village:
House No:	Date of interview:
Head of the household:	Name of the respondent:
Name of respondent's husband:	
Note: Section I, II & III will be used in the pretest of section V, VI & VII will be used during prete	
Section I: CMWRAs' Bio-Data (For Pretest on	ly)
First of all, I would like to ask you some questions a	bout you and your husband
1. How old are you?	
Age in completed years	
1.1 Which month & year were you born?	
Month Year	
1.2. If the respondent can not tell her age, estim	ate her age
Estimated age	

2.	What is your caste?					
	1) Brahmin/Chhetri	2) Newar				
	3) Tamang/Lama	4) Others, specify				
3.	Can you read and write?	-				
	1) No (Skip to Q. No. 4) 2) Yes					
	3.1 What is your educational attainment?					
	1) Just read & write	2) Primary (up to 4 <sup>th</sup> std.)				
	,	4) College level				
4.	Are you engaged in any income generating	g occupation?				
	1) No (Skip to Q. No. 5)	2) Yes				
	4.1 Which occupation are you engaged in	?				
5.	Apart from your husband & children, who	all are living in your family?				
	1) Father-in-law/ mother-in-law	2) Brother-in-law/ sister-in-law				
	3) Others (specify)	_				
6.	Can you read and write					
	1) No (Skip to Q. No. 7)	2) Yes				
	6.1 What is your husband's educational a	ttainment?				
	1) Just read & write	2) Primary (up to 4 <sup>th</sup> std.)				
	3) Secondary (5 <sup>th</sup> to 10 <sup>th</sup> std)	4) College level or above				
7.	What is his main occupation?					
	1) No work	2) Farmer				
	3) Laborer	4) Business				
	5) Service	6) Others (specify)				
C	tion II. Fontility Deleted Items (Fon Du	otoot on hi)				
	tion II: Fertility-Related Items (For Provident I) would like to ask some questions about					
8.	How old were you when you first got mar					
	1) Age in completed years					
0	2) Do not know	time progrant?				
9.	How old were you when you became first time pregnant?					
	1) Age in completed years					
10	2) Not yet pregnant (If non pregnant skip					
IU.	Until now how many times have you been	i pregnant:				
	No. of pregnancies					

11.	How many children were born to you unt	il now?
	No of children born	
12.	How many sons and daughters do you ha	ve now?
	1) Sons	
	2) Daughters	
13.	How old is your youngest child?	
	Age in completed years	
14.	Who makes the decision mostly about the	e care of your children?
	1) Self	2) Husband
	3) Both	4) Others, specify
15.	Who makes the decision mostly about yo	our health care?
	1) Self	2) Husband
	3) Both	4) Others, specify
16.	If it were entirely up to you to decide the would you desire to have?	number of children, how many children
	would you doon to have.	
	No. of children desired	
	•	
Sec	•	
	No. of children desired	ed Items (For Pretest only)
I w	No. of children desired	ed Items (For Pretest only) d to use of contraceptives in past
I w	No. of children desiredetion III: Past Contraceptive Use Relate ould like to ask you some questions relate	ed Items (For Pretest only) d to use of contraceptives in past
I w	No. of children desiredetion III: Past Contraceptive Use Relate ould like to ask you some questions relate	ed Items (For Pretest only)  d to use of contraceptives in past  he health center?
I w	No. of children desiredetion III: Past Contraceptive Use Relate ould like to ask you some questions relate. How long do you have to walk to reach t	ed Items (For Pretest only)  d to use of contraceptives in past  he health center?
I w 17.	No. of children desired	ed Items (For Pretest only) d to use of contraceptives in past he health center?  I of FP in past?  2) Yes
I w 17.	No. of children desired	ed Items (For Pretest only) d to use of contraceptives in past he health center?  I of FP in past?  2) Yes
I w 17.	No. of children desired	ed Items (For Pretest only) d to use of contraceptives in past he health center?  I of FP in past?  2) Yes
I w 17.	No. of children desired	ed Items (For Pretest only) d to use of contraceptives in past he health center? d of FP in past? 2) Yes  2) Husband
I w 17.	No. of children desired	ed Items (For Pretest only) d to use of contraceptives in past he health center? d of FP in past? 2) Yes  2) Husband 4) Heath worker
I w 17. 18. 19. 20.	No. of children desired	ed Items (For Pretest only) d to use of contraceptives in past he health center? d of FP in past? 2) Yes  2) Husband 4) Heath worker
I w 17. 18. 19. 20.	No. of children desired	ed Items (For Pretest only) d to use of contraceptives in past he health center? d of FP in past? 2) Yes  2) Husband 4) Heath worker
I w 17. 18. 19. 20.	No. of children desired	ed Items (For Pretest only) d to use of contraceptives in past he health center?  d of FP in past?  2) Yes  2) Husband 4) Heath worker  me method?

## Section IV: Contraceptive Current Use Status (For Posttest only)

Now I will ask you few questions related to your use of contraceptive. Your true response will be valuable in reaching a right conclusion.

1.	Are you or your husband cu	arrently using	a method of contraception?			
	1) No, why?		(Skip to next section)			
	2) Yes, why?					
2.	Which method are you/ you	ır husband usi	ng currently?			
	1) Condom	2) Pills	3) Depo provera			
	4) Norplant	5) IUD	6) Male sterilization			
	7) Female sterilization	8) Others_				
3.	Who decided to use this me	ethod?				
	1) Self		2) Husband			
	3) Female community heal	th volunteer	4) Heath worker			
	5) Others (specify)					
4.	How long have you/ your h	iusband been ι	ising it?			
	Duration					
5.	What precautions are you t	aking while us	sing this method?			
	1)		2)			
	3)		4)			
6.	What are the reasons for selecting this method?					
	1) Easy to use		2) Easy to obtain			
	3) Others (specify)					
7.	From where did you obtain	this contrace	ptive?			
	1) FCHV		2) Health facility			
	3) Retail shop		4) Others (specify)			
8.	Did you experience any ad	verse change i	n your health after using this method?			
	1) Yes, Explain					
	2) No					
9.	Did you face any problem	in your marita	l relation after using this method?			
	1) Yes, Explain					
	2) No					

10.	Did you experience any change in your d method?	ay to day activities after using this			
	1) Yes, Explain				
	2) No				
11.	If yes, have you taken any assistance?				
	1) Yes, (Explain from whom, what sort of	of assistance, time & cost involved etc)			
	2) No				
12.	What kind of assistance do you need nov	v?			
	1) None				
	2) Kind of assistance needed				
13.	Considering all above factors, what would	d you like to do with this method?			
	1) Continue	2) Change to other method			
	3) Others (specify) Why?				
14.	Would you like to recommend this method				
	1) No Why?				
	2) Yes Why?				
Sec	tion V: Knowledge Items (For Pretest	& Posttest)			
<b>V</b> .1	: Knowledge Items on Contraception				
No	w I will ask you some questions related to	contraception:			
1.	There are various methods of contracept methods have you heard of?	ion a couple can use. Which of those			
	1) Condom	2) Pills			
	3) Depo provera (3 months injectable)	4) Norplant (5 years method)			
	5) IUD (10 years method)	6) Sterilization operation			
	7) Others (specify)				
	(If none, skip to Section III)				
2.	From where did you get information abo	ut these methods?			
	1) Health personnel	2) FCHV			
	3) Friends/neighbor	4) Husband			
	5) Radio / TV	6) Others (specify)			

3. From where can these methods be obtained?			
	1) HP/ SHP	2) FCHV	
	3) Retail shop	4) Others (specify)	

## V.2: Specific Contraceptive Related Knowledge Items (For Pretest & Posttest)

Now I will read some statements related to contraceptives. If you think the statement is correct please answer "True" and if you think the statement is wrong please answer "False"

S. No.	Knowledge	j	Resp	onses
		T	F	Others
1	Pills should be taken daily			
2	Pills can be taken in any sequence from the packet*			
3	Women using pills can have a feeling of nausea during the initial months			
4	Depo is taken in every three months interval			
5	Depo is started within 7 days after the onset of menstruation.			
6	Depo should be avoided by breast feeding mother*			
7	Norplant is inserted inside the skin in the arm			
8	One time insertion of norplant can prevent pregnancy up to 5 years			
9	A woman using norplant can continue her activities as before			
10	IUD is inserted into the uterus			
11	After each menstruation the woman should check for the presence of IUD thread in place			
12	IUD may increase menstrual flow during the initial months			
13	Condom is a temporary method of contraception for men			
14	Condom prevents sperms from entering into the vagina			
15	Condoms are reusable*			
16	Laproscopy is a permanent method of FP for women			
17	In laproscopy, tubes that carry egg cell to the uterus are cut.			
18	Vasectomy is a permanent method of FP for men			
19	In vasectomy the sperm carrying tubes are cut.			
20	Following sterilization operation a man or woman can work as before.			

Note: Items with \* sign means false items

## Section VI: Attitude Items (For Pretest & Posttest)

Below are few items to reveal your attitude towards contraceptives. I read them one by one and please indicate whether you strongly agree (SA), agree (A), disagree (DA) or strongly disagree (SDA) to each of them.

Items	SA	A	DA	SDA	Others
A woman should continue bearing children until she has a son*					
Contraceptive methods should be used only after a couple achieves the desired family size*					
Discussing with others about contraception is embarrassing*					
Women who do not use contraceptives may become pregnant unintentionally					
Access to contraceptive service is a problem to my community					
Irregular bleeding is a major threat to women in my community in using contraceptive*					
As long as breast-feeding is continued a woman need not worry about pregnancy at all*					
A woman should not use a contraceptive without the consent of her husband *					
Having too many children is an economic burden to the family.					
Avoiding pregnancy is sinful act*					
Birth spacing enables parents to care for their children better					
Couples with fewer children have more chance of having happy lives.					
Abortion is an easy method of getting rid of unintended pregnancies*					
Use of contraceptive can improve understanding between the husband and wife.					
Birth spacing promotes the health and well being of the mother and children					
	A woman should continue bearing children until she has a son*  Contraceptive methods should be used only after a couple achieves the desired family size*  Discussing with others about contraception is embarrassing*  Women who do not use contraceptives may become pregnant unintentionally  Access to contraceptive service is a problem to my community  Irregular bleeding is a major threat to women in my community in using contraceptive*  As long as breast-feeding is continued a woman need not worry about pregnancy at all*  A woman should not use a contraceptive without the consent of her husband *  Having too many children is an economic burden to the family.  Avoiding pregnancy is sinful act*  Birth spacing enables parents to care for their children better  Couples with fewer children have more chance of having happy lives.  Abortion is an easy method of getting rid of unintended pregnancies*  Use of contraceptive can improve understanding between the husband and wife.  Birth spacing promotes the health and well	A woman should continue bearing children until she has a son*  Contraceptive methods should be used only after a couple achieves the desired family size*  Discussing with others about contraception is embarrassing*  Women who do not use contraceptives may become pregnant unintentionally  Access to contraceptive service is a problem to my community  Irregular bleeding is a major threat to women in my community in using contraceptive*  As long as breast-feeding is continued a woman need not worry about pregnancy at all*  A woman should not use a contraceptive without the consent of her husband *  Having too many children is an economic burden to the family.  Avoiding pregnancy is sinful act*  Birth spacing enables parents to care for their children better  Couples with fewer children have more chance of having happy lives.  Abortion is an easy method of getting rid of unintended pregnancies*  Use of contraceptive can improve understanding between the husband and wife.  Birth spacing promotes the health and well	A woman should continue bearing children until she has a son*  Contraceptive methods should be used only after a couple achieves the desired family size*  Discussing with others about contraception is embarrassing*  Women who do not use contraceptives may become pregnant unintentionally  Access to contraceptive service is a problem to my community  Irregular bleeding is a major threat to women in my community in using contraceptive*  As long as breast-feeding is continued a woman need not worry about pregnancy at all*  A woman should not use a contraceptive without the consent of her husband *  Having too many children is an economic burden to the family.  Avoiding pregnancy is sinful act*  Birth spacing enables parents to care for their children better  Couples with fewer children have more chance of having happy lives.  Abortion is an easy method of getting rid of unintended pregnancies*  Use of contraceptive can improve understanding between the husband and wife.  Birth spacing promotes the health and well	A woman should continue bearing children until she has a son*  Contraceptive methods should be used only after a couple achieves the desired family size*  Discussing with others about contraception is embarrassing*  Women who do not use contraceptives may become pregnant unintentionally  Access to contraceptive service is a problem to my community  Irregular bleeding is a major threat to women in my community in using contraceptive*  As long as breast-feeding is continued a woman need not worry about pregnancy at all*  A woman should not use a contraceptive without the consent of her husband *  Having too many children is an economic burden to the family.  Avoiding pregnancy is sinful act*  Birth spacing enables parents to care for their children better  Couples with fewer children have more chance of having happy lives.  Abortion is an easy method of getting rid of unintended pregnancies*  Use of contraceptive can improve understanding between the husband and wife.  Birth spacing promotes the health and well	A woman should continue bearing children until she has a son*  Contraceptive methods should be used only after a couple achieves the desired family size*  Discussing with others about contraception is embarrassing*  Women who do not use contraceptives may become pregnant unintentionally  Access to contraceptive service is a problem to my community  Irregular bleeding is a major threat to women in my community in using contraceptive*  As long as breast-feeding is continued a woman need not worry about pregnancy at all*  A woman should not use a contraceptive without the consent of her husband *  Having too many children is an economic burden to the family.  Avoiding pregnancy is sinful act*  Birth spacing enables parents to care for their children better  Couples with fewer children have more chance of having happy lives.  Abortion is an easy method of getting rid of unintended pregnancies*  Use of contraceptive can improve understanding between the husband and wife.  Birth spacing promotes the health and well

Note: Items with \* sign indicate negative items

Sec	ction VII.1: CMWRAs' Consultation with FCHV (For Pretest & Posttest)
1.	During the last 6 months time, did you consult with FCHV about FP?
	1) Yes (How many times?) 2) No (Omit the rest questions)
2.	In which topic did you discuss with her in your last FP consultation about?
3.	Who initiated the discussion?
	Self FCHV
4.	How long did you have the consultation?
	Hour Minute
5.	What was your purpose of that consultation with her?
6.	Did you receive the information that you desired to obtain from her?
	1) Yes
	2) No, why?
<b>Se</b> (	ction VII.2: Satisfaction of CMWRAs with the Consultation with FCHVs Was FCHV easily accessible?
	□ No □ Yes
2.	Did she give you adequate time for consultation?
	□ No □ Yes
3.	Did you feel free to express your problems or concerns to her?
	□ No □ Yes
4.	Did you receive adequate information on FP from her?
	□ No □ Yes

## Interview Questionnaire for CMWRA (Nepali Version)

र्पारचय संख्या
ग्रामिण महिलालाई शुरुको र पछिको अन्तर्वार्तामा सोधिन प्रश्नावली
देशनः प्रश्नावर्लाको उक्षय १५ देखि ४९ वर्ष सम्मका हाल शुरुको गर्भ निरोधका साधन प्रयो ग नगरेका मिण विवाहित महिलाको गर्भ निरोध बारेको जान र अवधारणाको जानकारी लिनु हो। अध्ययनको लागि गिएका हरेक महिलालाई अन्तर्वाता लिनु अधि अध्ययनको उद्धेय तथा उनीहरुको स्हमागिता र प्राप्त गनकारीको गोपनियतावारे बताउनु पर्नेख र उनीहरुको मौंखिक अनुमित लिएर मात्र प्रश्नहरु सोधनु पर्नेख। शनकर्ताले हरेक प्रश्नको उत्तर सही को ठामा (४) चिन्ह लगाई वा खाली ठाँकमा उत्तर लेखि भर्नु पर्नेख प्रश्नावली भरी सकेपछि उत्तर ठीकसंग भरे नभरेको दोहो स्थायर हेर्नु पर्नेख । प्रश्न सोध्दा खण्ड १, २ र शुरुको अन्तर्वातामा मात्र शोधनु पर्नेख, खण्ड ४ पिछको अन्तर्वातामा मात्र शोधनु पर्नेख र खण्ड , ६ र ७ शुरुको र पिछको दुबै अन्तर्वातामा श
वडा ने : छि घर ने : घर ने : प्रश्नकर्ताको नाम : रमुलीको नाम : हिलाको श्रिमानको नाम :
खण्ड १: <u>महिलाको व्यक्तिगत बिवरण</u>
र्वप्रथम, म तपाई र तपाईकों श्रिमानको व्यक्तिगत विवरण बारे केही प्रश्न सोध्न चाहन्छु । तपाँइको उमेरकति पुग्यों ?
१ तपाँई कुन साल र मिहनामा जन्मनु भएको थियो ? साल
तपाँइ किंत लेखपढ जान्नु हुन्छ? (९) छुन (२) प्राथमिक (४ कक्षा सम्म) (३) माध्यमिक (५ देखि ९० कक्षा सम्म) (४) कलेजस्तर वा माथि तपाँई आय आर्जन हुने कुन पेशा (काम) मा लाग्नु भएको छु? पेशा उल्लेख गर्ने

<ul> <li>प्रताईको परिवारमा तपाँइको श्रमान र छो रा छो रीबाहेक अरु को को हुनु हुन्छ?</li> <li>(१) सासु ससुरा (२) जेठाजु जेठानी, देवर देउरानी, नन्द आमाजु</li> <li>(३) अन्य भए उल्लेख गर्ने</li></ul>
p.
खण्ड २: महिलाको प्रजनन बारेको बिवरण
अब म तपाँईको गर्भ र बालबच्चाबारे केही प्रश्न साप्टिन चाहन्छु।
<ul> <li>९. (पिंहलों) बिबाह हुँदा तपाँईकों उमेर कित पुगेको थियों?</li> <li>९. पिंहलों गर्भ रहँदा तपाँई कित बर्ष पुग्नु भएको थियों?</li> <li>९. पिंहलों गर्भ रहँदा तपाँई कित बर्ष पुग्नु भएको थियों?</li> <li>९) उमेर (वर्षमा) (२) गर्भवती नभएको प्रश्न न दः मा जाने)</li> <li>३. अहिलेसम्म कित पटक गर्भवती हुनु भयों?</li> <li>गर्भ संख्या</li></ul>
४. अनि अहिलेसम्म जम्मा कतिवटा वच्चा जन्माउनु भयो ? बच्चा संख्या
५ तपाँईको अहिले कतिजना छो राछो री छन्? (१) छो रा संख्या (२) छो र संख्या
६ तपाँईको सक्निन्दा सानो वच्चाको उमेर कति पुग्यो ? उमेर (बर्षमा)
७. तपाईको बालबच्चाको स्थाहार बारे धेरैजसो कसले निर्णय गर्नु हुन्छ? (१) आफै ले (२) श्रीमानले (३) दुवैले (४) अन्य भए उल्लेख गर्ने
<ul> <li>तपाईको आफनो स्वास्थ्य स्याहार बारे धेरैजसो कसले निर्णय गर्नु हुन्छ?</li> <li>(१) आफै ले</li> <li>(२) श्रीमानले</li> <li>(३) दुबैले</li> <li>(४) अन्य भए उल्लेख गर्ने</li> </ul>
९ यदि तपाँईको आफने बशको कुराभएको भए तपाँई कितवटा वच्चा पाउनु हुन्थ्यो होला? इच्छाइएको वच्चा संख्या
खण्ड ३ : गर्भ निरोधको सधनको पहिलेको प्रयोगबारे

१. स्वास्थकेंद्र पुग्न तपाँईलाई कति बेर हिड्नु पर्छ?

<ul> <li>तपाँई वा तपाँईको श्रीमानले पहिले गर्भ निरोधको कुनै साधन प्रयोग गर्नु भएको थियो ?</li> <li>(१) थिएन (प्रश्न नं. ६ मा जाने) (२) थियो</li> <li>कुन साधन प्रयोग गर्नु भएको थियो ?</li> <li>साधनको नाम</li> </ul>
४ साधन प्रयोग गर्न कसले निर्णय गर्नु भएको थियो ? (१) आफै ले (२) श्रीमानले
(३) दुवैले (४) अन्य भए, उल्लेख गर्ने ५ साधन छो डनाको कारण केथियो ?
कारण .६. हाल कुनै साधन नअपनाउनुको कारण के हो ?
ताल कुन सावन नजपनाउनुका कारण कता !
खण्ड ४: गर्भ निरोध सधनको हालको प्रयोगबारै
अब म तपाईलाई गर्भ निरोधको सधनको हालको प्रयोगबारे केही प्रश्नहरु सो ध्छु ।
<ol> <li>हाल तपाई वा तपाईको श्रमानले गर्भ निरोधको कुनै साधन वा तरीका</li> </ol>
अपनाउनु भएको छ?
(१) छ कारण
(२) छैन कारण(अर्को खण्डमा जाने)
२. हाल कुन साधन अपनाई रहनु भएको छ?
(१) ढाल (२) खाने चक्की (३) डिपो (४) नरत्यान्ट (५) लुप (६) पुरुषले गर्ने बन्ध्याकरण
(४) नरत्यान्ट (५) लुप (६) पुरुषल गर्न बन्ध्याकरण
(७) महिलाले गर्ने वन्ध्र्याकरण (८) अन्य कुनै भए उल्लेख गर्ने
३ यो सधन प्रयोग गर्ने निर्णय कसले लिएको हो?
(१) आफैं ले (२) श्रीमानले
(३) महिला स्वास्थ्य स्वयं सेविकाले (४) स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ताले
(५) अन्य कुनै भए उल्लेख गर्ने
४. यो सधन कहिले देखि प्रयोग गर्नु भएको ?
५ यो सधनको असर सफल हो सभनेर तपाईले के कस्तो सबधानी लिनु भयो ?
(9)
(३)
इ. या संध्रम छोन्तुका कारण कायया ! (१) मध्ये मार्ग्य महिन्ये । (१) मध्य महिन्येयान मार्ग्य
(९) प्रयो ग गर्न सजिलो (२) सधन सजिलैसित पाउने (३) अन्य कुनै भए उल्लेख गर्ने
७. पछिल्लो पल्ट यो स्प्रन कहाबाट लिनु भयो ?
(१) महिला स्वास्थ्य स्वयं सेविका (२) स्वास्थ्य केन्द्र
(३) औषधि पसल (४) अन्य भए उल्लेख गर्ने
द्रा अधनको प्रयोगले तपाईको आफनो स्वास्थ्यमा कुनै असर पर्यो?
(१) पर्यो भने के असर
(२) परेन
९ यो सधनको प्रयोगले तपाईको बैचाहिक सम्बन्धमा कुनै फरक आयो?
(१) आयो भने कस्तो फरक आयो ?

१० यां सधनको प्रयोगले तपाईको वैनिक कियाकलापमा क्नै असर पर्यो?
g ,
(९) पर्यो, भने बताउनु हो स
(२) परेन
१९ यदि असर परेको भए यो सधनको प्रयोगले परेको असन्लाई हटाउन तपाईले कसैसंग कुनै
मद्रत लिनु भयो ?
(९) भयो भने कसबाट महत लिनु भयो ?
कस्तो मद्दत पाउनु भयो ?
मद्द पाउन लागको समय
मद्दा पाउन लागेको खर्च
(२) भएन
१२ अव तपाईलाड कुनै महत आवश्यक छ?
(१) छ भने कस्तां किसिमको महत?
(२) छैन
१३ यो सधनको प्रभावलाई ध्यानमा राख्दा यो सधनको प्रयोगबार तपाइको निर्णय के छ?
(१) यहि साधन प्रयोगगरि रहेन कारण
(२) अर्को सधन प्रयोग गुर्ने कारण
(३) अन्य भए उल्लेख गर्ने
१४. के तपाई यो सधन प्रयोगगर्न अरु महिलालाई सल्लाह दिनु हुन्छ?
(१) हुन्छ, किन?
(२) हुदैन किन?
खण्ड ५.९ : गर्भ निरोधबारेको ज्ञान
अव म गर्भ निरोधक साधनहरु (परिवार नियों जन) बारे केही प्रश्न सोध्न चाहन्छु।
अब म गर्भ निरोधक साधनहरु (परिवार नियों जन) बारें केहीं प्रश्न सोध्न चाहन्छु। १. गर्भ निरोधका विभिन्न साधनहरु मध्य तपाँइलाई थाहा भएको सधनहरुको नाम बताउनु हो स?
अब म गर्भ निरोधक साधनहरु (परिवार नियों जन) बारें केही प्रश्न सोध्न चाहन्छु। १. गर्भ निरोधका विभिन्न साधनहरु मध्य तपाँ इलाई थाहा भएको सधनहरुको नाम बताउनु हो स? (१) ढाल (२) चक्की
अब म गर्भ निरोधक साधनहरु (परिवार नियों जन) बारें केही प्रश्न सोध्न चाहन्छु।  १. गर्भ निरोधका बिभिन्न साधनहरु मध्य तपाँइलाई थाहा भएको सधनहरुको नाम बताउनु हो स?  (१) ढाल  (२) चक्की  (३) डिपों  (४) नरल्यान्ट
अब म गर्भ निरोधक साधनहरु (परिवार नियों जन) बारे केही प्रश्न सोध्न चाहन्छु।  ९ गर्भ निरोधका विभिन्न साधनहरु मध्य तपाँडलाई थाहा भएको सधनहरुको नाम बताउनु हो स?  (९) ढाल  (२) चक्की  (३) डिपों  (४) नरल्पान्ट  (५) आइ यु डी  (६) पुरुष बन्ध्याकरण
अव म गर्भ निरोधक साधनहरु (परिवार नियों जन) बारें केही प्रश्न सोध्न चाहन्छु।  १. गर्भ निरोधका विभिन्न साधनहरु मध्य तपाँइलाई थाहा भएको सधनहरुको नाम बताउनु हो स?  (१) ढाल  (२) चक्की  (३) डिपों  (४) नरल्पान्ट  (५) आइ यु डी  (७) पुरुष बन्ध्याकरण  (७) महिला बन्ध्याकरण  (७) अन्य भए उल्लेख गर्ने
अव म गर्भ निरोधक साधनहरु (परिवार नियों जन) बारें केही प्रश्न साध्न चाहन्छु।  ९ गर्भ निरोधका विभिन्न साधनहरु मध्य तपाँइलाई थाहा भएको सधनहरुको नाम बताउनु हो स?  (९) ढाल  (२) चक्की  (३) डिपो  (४) गरल्पान्ट  (५) आइ यु डी  (७) प्रष बन्ध्याकरण  (७) महिला बन्ध्याकरण  (७) अन्य भए उल्लेख गर्ने
अव म गर्भ निरोधक साधनहरु (परिवार नियों जन) बारें केही प्रश्न सोध्न चाहन्छु।  १. गर्भ निरोधका विभिन्न साधनहरु मध्य तपाँ इलाई थाहा भएको सधनहरुको नाम बताउनु हो स?  (१) ढाल  (२) चक्की  (३) डिपों  (४) नरल्पान्ट  (५) आइ यु डी  (६) पुरुष बन्ध्याकरण  (७) महिला वन्ध्याकरण  (७) अन्य भए उल्लेख गर्ने  यी साधनवारे कसवाट थाहा पाउनु भयों ?  (१) स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता  (२) महिला स्वास्थ्य स्वयम् सेविका
अब म गर्भ निरोधक साधनहरु (परिवार नियों जन) बारें केही प्रश्न सोध्न चाहन्छु।  १. गर्भ निरोधका विभिन्न साधनहरु मध्य तपाँडलाई थाहा भएको सधनहरुको नाम बताउनु हो स?  (१) ढाल  (२) चक्की  (३) डिपो  (४) नरल्पान्ट  (५) आइ यु डी  (६) पुरुष बन्ध्याकरण  (७) महिला वन्ध्याकरण  (७) अन्य भए उल्लेख गर्ने  यी साधनवारे कसवाट थाहा पाउनु भयो ?  (१) स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता  (२) महिला स्वास्थ्य स्वयम् सेविका  (३) सार्था वा छिमेकी  (४) श्रीमान
अब म गर्भ निरोधक साधनहरु (परिवार नियों जन) बारें केही प्रश्न सोध्न चाहन्छु।  १. गर्भ निरोधका बिभिन्न साधनहरु मध्य तपाँ इलाई थाहा भएको सधनहरुको नाम बताउनु हो स?  (१) ढाल  (२) चक्की  (३) डिपों  (४) नरल्पान्ट  (५) आइ यु डी  (६) पुरुष बन्ध्याकरण  (७) महिला वन्ध्याकरण  (७) अन्य भए उल्लेख गर्ने  यी साधनवारें कसवाट थाहा पाउनु भयों ?  (१) स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता  (२) महिला स्वास्थ्य स्वयम् सेविका  (३) साथी वा छिमेकी  (४) श्रीमान  (५) रेडियों वा टिभि  (६) अन्य भए, उल्लेख गर्ने
अव म गर्भ निरोधक साधनहरु (परिवार नियों जन) बारें केही प्रश्न सोध्न चाहन्छु।  १. गर्भ निरोधका विभिन्न साधनहरु मध्य तपाँ इलाई थाहा भएको सधनहरुको नाम बताउनु हो स?  (१) ढाल  (२) चक्की  (३) डिपो  (४) नरल्पान्ट  (५) आइ यु डी  (६) पुरुष बन्ध्याकरण  (७) महिला बन्ध्याकरण  (७) अन्य भए उल्लेख गर्ने  यी साधनवारें कसवाट थाहा पाउनु भयों?  (१) स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता  (२) महिला स्वास्थ्य स्वयम् सेविका  (३) साथी वा छिमेकी  (४) श्रीमान  (५) रेडियों वा टिभि  (६) अन्य भए, उल्लेख गर्ने  ३ यी साधन कहाँकहाँवाट पाउन सिकन्छ? (एकभन्दा बढी उत्तर आउन सक्ने)
अब म गर्भ निरोधक साधनहरु (परिवार नियों जन) बारें केही प्रश्न सोध्न चाहन्छु।  १. गर्भ निरोधका बिभिन्न साधनहरु मध्य तपाँ इलाई थाहा भएको सधनहरुको नाम बताउनु हो स?  (१) ढाल  (२) चक्की  (३) डिपों  (४) नरल्पान्ट  (५) आइ यु डी  (६) पुरुष बन्ध्याकरण  (७) महिला वन्ध्याकरण  (७) अन्य भए उल्लेख गर्ने  यी साधनवारें कसवाट थाहा पाउनु भयों ?  (१) स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता  (२) महिला स्वास्थ्य स्वयम् सेविका  (३) साथी वा छिमेकी  (४) श्रीमान  (५) रेडियों वा टिभि  (६) अन्य भए, उल्लेख गर्ने

# खण्ड ५ २ : गर्भ निरोधक साधनको ज्ञान

४ अब म गर्भ निरोधको सधनबारे केही विवरण पढ्छु र ती बिवरण तपाईलाई ठीक वा वैठीक कस्तो लाग्छ भन्तु हो स्।

सि	गर्भ निरोधवारको जान	ठीक	वेठीक	अन्य
न.				
9	पिल्स दिनदिने खान् पर्छ।			
5	पाकटबाट पिल्स जहांबाट निकालेर खाए पनि हुन्छ।			
77	पिल्स खाए पछि शुरुशुरुमा वाकवाकी लाग्न सक्छ।			
8	डिपों हरेक तीन तीन महिनामा लिईन्छ।			
¥	डिपों महिनावारी भएको ७ दिन भित्र शुरु गर्न, पर्छ।			
દ	दुध खुवाउन महिलाले डिपो लिनु हुन्छ।			
૭	नग्ल्यान्ट पाखुराको छालाभित्र साखिन्छ।			
5	नरल्यान्ट एकपल्ट राखे पछि ५ वर्षसम्म गर्भ रहदैन।			
9	नग्ल्यान्ट लगाएको महिलाल पहिले जस्तै आफ्नो काम गर्न सर्व्छान।			
90	लुप महिलाको पाठेघरभित्र गखिन्छ।			
99	प्रत्येक पल्ट महिनावारी सिकए पछि लुपको धागो आपनो ठाउँमा छ			
	कि छैन छ।मेर हेर्न् पर्छ।			<u> </u>
93	ल्प लगाए पछि शुरुको महिनावारीमा बढी रगत जान सक्छ।			
97	ढाल पुरुषले प्रयोग गर्ने गर्भ निरोधको अस्थायी साधन हो।			
98	ढालले पुरुपको शुककीटलाई योगीमा जानबाट रो वछ।			
9%	एक पल्ट प्रयोग भैसकेको ढाल पुन प्रयोग गर्न हुन्छ।			
૧૬	भ्यासेक्टोमी पुरुषले गर्न गर्भ निगं घका आई तरीका हो।			
৭৬	भ्यासेक्टोमी अपरेशनमा अण्डकायका नलीलाई काटिन्छ।			
95	ल्याप्रोस्कोपी महिलाले गर्न गर्भ निरो घको आई तरीका हो।			
99	ल्याप्रोस्कोपी अपरेशनमा पाठेघरसंग जो डिएको नलीलाई काटिन्छ।			
20	बन्ध्याकरणअपरेशन पछि पुरुष वा महिलाले आपनो दैनिक काम पहिलेको जस्तै गर्न संबद्धना			

# खण्ड ६: गर्भ निराधबारेको अवधारणा

निम्न अवधारणाबारे तपाँई कित्तसम्म सहमत हुनुहुन्छ भन्ने कुरा एकदम सहमत, सहमत, असहमत वा एकदम असहमत भिन व्यक्त गर्नु होला।

गर्भ निरोधवारेको भनाइ	एकदम	सहमत	असहमत	एकदम	अन्य
	सहमन			असहमत	
१. एउटा छो रा नहुन्जेल सम्म महिलाले बच्चा पाइ		j	!	}	
राख्नुपर्छ।					
🤋 गर्भ निरोधको साधन बच्चा पाउन पुगिसके पछि					
मात्र प्रयो ग गर्नुपर्छ।					
३. गर्भ निरोधवारे अरुसंग छलफल गर्नु अस्जिलो					
हुन्छ।			L		
४ गर्भ निरोधको सधन प्रयोग नगर्नै महिला					
नचाहदा नचाहदै पनि गर्भवती हुन सक्छिन्।					
५ तपाईको गांउमा परिवार नियो जन गर्न इच्छुकहरु					
लाई सा स्ना प्राप्त गर्न कठीन छ।					
६ महिनावारीमा अनियमितता आउने डरले गांउमा	İ				Y
महिलाहरूले गर्भ निरोधको सधन प्रयो ग गर्दैनन्।					
७ वच्चालाई दुध खुवाउन्जेल अको गर्भ रहला भनेर					
डराउन् पदै न।					
८ श्रीमानको सहमती बिना गर्भ निरोधको सधन					
प्रयो ग गर्न हुंदैन।					
९. वालबच्चा धेरै भएका आमाबाबुल वढी आर्थिक					
भार व्यहों र्नु पर्छ।					
१० गर्भ रहनबाट रोक्नाले आमाबाबुलाई पाप लाग्छ।		- 11			
११. परिवार नियो जन गर्ने आमाबाबुले आफनो बाल					
बच्चाको स्राहार राम्ररी गर्न सक्छन।					
१२ थो रै वच्चा पाउने दम्पतीको जीवन सुखी हुन				}	
सम्भावना वढी हुन्छ।			i		
१३ गर्भपतन आफुले नचाहेको गर्भवाट छुटकारा			}		
पाउन एउटा सजिला उपाय हो।					
१४ गर्भ निरोधक साधनको प्रयोगले श्रीमान					
श्रीमतीको विचमा समभदारी वढाउन सक्छ।					
१५ दुईवटा बच्चाको बिचको लामोअन्तरले परिवारको					
स्वास्थ्य राम्रो नस्न मद्दत गर्न सक्छ।					<u></u>

# खण्ड ७१: महिला स्वास्थ्य स्वयसेविका सगको छलफल बारे

महिला स्वास्थ्य स्वयंसेविकाले प्रदान गरेका परिवार नियोजनको सेवाप्रति तपाई कित सन्तुष्ट हुनु हुन्छ भन्ने जान्न अब म केही प्शन साँध्नेखा

<ol> <li>गएको ६ मिहना भित्र तपाँईले आफनो गांउको मिहला स्वास्थ्य स्वयंसैविकासग गर्भ निरोध (पिरव नियो जन) बारे छलफल गर्नु भयो ?</li> </ol>
(१) भयो भयो भन कति पटक?)
(२) भएन (भएन भने कारणर वाकी पृश्न नसोध्ने)
र नीजसंगको पिछल्लो भेटघाटमागर्भ निरोधको कुन बिषयमा छलफल गर्नु भयो र
३. छलफल कसले शुरु गर्नु भएको थियो ?आफुले स्वयंसेविकाले
४. र्कात बेर सम्म छलफल गर्नु भयो ? घन्टा मिनेट.
५ छलफल किन गर्न भएको ?
६ उक्त छलफलवाट गर्भ निरोधबारे तपाँईले चाहेको जानकारी पाउनु भयो ?
(१) भया
(२) भएन भने कारण
खण्ड ७२: महिला स्वास्थ्य स्वयंसैविकाले प्रदान गरेको गर्भ निराधबारेको सेवाको सन्तुष्टि
७े महिला स्वास्थ्य स्वयं सेबिकासंग भेट्न तपाईलाई सजिलों छ?
(१) छ (२) छैन
८. परिवार नियोजनवारे छलफल गर्न निजले पर्याप्त समय दिनु भयो ?
(१) भयो (२) भएन
९ परिवार नियोजनबार सरसल्लाह लिंदा तपाइले नीजसंग प्रश्न सोध्ने वा मनको कुराखों ल्न मोक
पाउनु भयो ?
(१) भयो (२) भएन
१०. निजबाट परिवार नियो जनबारे तपाइले पर्याप्त जानकारी पाउनु भयो ?
(१) भयों (२) भएन
हप्टव्य
प्रश्नावली भरी सकेपछि एकपल्ट रुजु गरेर महिलालाई धन्यवाद दिई अन्तर्वार्ता तुरयाउनु हाँ सा

Appendix 10

Record Keeping form for FCHVs (Nepali Version)

गतिबिधिहरु	साउन	भाद्र	आश्विन	कार्तिक	मार्ग	पौ प	माघ	फागुन	चैत्र	बैशाख	गेफ	असार
आमा समूहको बैठक बसेको पटक	<b>→</b>											
	3											
परिवार नियोजनमारे शिक्षा दिएय पट	मं क <b>)</b>											
										= 7		
रेफर गरेको 🗍 🚓			-									
TEN TO THE TEN THE T					-3		;					

गतिबिधिहरु	साउन	भाद्र	आश्विन	कार्तिक	मार्ग	पौष	माध	फागुन	चैत्र	वैशाख	जेष्ठ	असार
खाने चनका  यतरण गरको जना ->												
			,							-		
कण्डम वितरण गरेको जना →												
					es.							
व्यक्तिगत अनुगमन गरेको जना												

# Study on Empowerment of FCHV Record Review Guide for New Acceptors of FP Methods at PHCC

Duration:		
Name of the	Health	facility

S. No.	Date	Name of the woman	Age	Address	FP method taken	Return date
	-					
						<u></u>

## Approval Letter from Nepal Health Research Council



Nepal Health Research Council

Estd. 1991

-NHRC

Date:

Ref. 2006

**Executive Committee** 

Chairman Prof. Gopal Prasad Acharva

Vice-Chairman

Member-Secretary Dr. Kamal Gyawali

Members Prof. Sanu Maiya Dali Dr. Rishi Ram Koirala Dr. Madhu Ghimire Dr. Ram Kewal Shah

Representative

Ministry of Finance National Planning Commission Ministry of Health Chief, Research Committee, IOM Chairman, Nepal Medical Council April 24, 2000.

Ms. Sarala Shrestha Associate Professor Nursing Campus Institute of Medicine Maharajgunj, Kathmandu.

Tel; 411723

Subject:

Approval of the research proposal entitled "The process and outcome of empowerment of female community health volunteers in regards to contraceptive acceptance among the rural women of reproductive age group in Nepal."

#### Dear Ms. Shrestha:

We are pleased to inform you that the above mentioned proposal submitted by you has been approved by NHRC board on the date April 7,2000, following the recommendation of the Technical Review Committee (TRC) and Ethical Review Committee (ERC). This also certifies that the proposal is ethically cleared.

As per NHRC regulation you are to follow strictly the protocol stipulated in your proposal finalized after the interaction of TRC and ERC with you. Any change in objectives (s), problem statement, research question or hypothesis. methodology, implementation procedure, data management and budget that may be necessary in course of the implementation of the research proposal can only be made so and implemented after prior approval from this council. You are thus strongly advised to submit to NHRC the details of such changes intended or desired with justification prior to instituting actual change.

You are also to abide by the ethical guidelines of NHRC strictly during the implementation of your research proposal. In addition, in course of investigation of any medical health problem needing immediate care, further investigation, or expert consultation you are obliged to inform the subject-study or control clearly in writing from within seven days of detection. However, during the transmission of such information confidentially must be maintained.

Lastly, you are obliged to submit periodic progress reports every 3 months and submit three copies of the final research report, and financial statement after completion of the research. If an article based upon that research is published, you should submit two copies of that article.

If you have any question, please contact our research officers.

Thank you.

Yours truly,

Dr. Kamal Gyawali Member-Secretary

(a)

# Permission Letter from Central Regional Health Directorate for Conducting the Study in Nuwakot District



भी १ को तरकार स्वाहत्य मध्यालय क्टिक { ४२२६३६ ४२२६४३

स्वास्त्य तेद्ध दिभाग

मध्यमाञ्चल क्षेत्रीय ख्रीस्थ्य सेवा निर्वेशनालय

पत्र संख्या := २०४ विकिः स्त्र संख्या र मिति := ११७८ हरिहर भवन लिलतपुर, नेपाल मिति २०४६।१।२०

विषय:- वंटनीय नरा निर्मालका

उपमुक्त विकासना नहीं उ० वसा स्वत नहारावर्गका वह -प्राध्मापक वरता विष्ठित धाइतेण को बैकक स्थात करेज अपन पठताक है त्य वृत्तात्वपर्य यूनामविद्या अनुत्राय पा एवं वा अध्ययनको बातवाताना त्यव जिथा जिल्लाको गा वि व हरूमा निस्मिविष्यको अनुवन्धात अध्ययन गर्नको लागा त्यव कार्यात्वपको बहर्गा दिलाई पाठक मना यस निर्देशनात्मना नित्रेयन गर्ने अपने उत्तरीध वाद्य गर्ने अपने उत्तरीध गर्ने ।

दियान

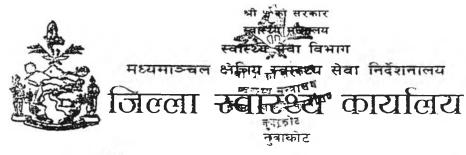
२०१५ । ३१२०

continuity health volunteers in regards to increasing vipali

(b)

## Permission Letter from Nuwakot District Health Office

## For conducting the Study in Kakani VDC



पत्र संख्या :-0\% | \% 6 चलानी नं. :-9022

बाघटार, नुवाकोट

होन : ०१०-६०२३१

070-609==

क्याक्सः ०१०-६०२३१

२०५६।१०।१३

विषय: आवश्यक सहयोग गरी दिने बारे।

भी ८५ को ली प्रा०स्वा०के०/हेळपी०/सव्हेळपी० नवाकोट ।

उपर्यूक्त सम्बन्धमा चि०शा० अ० संस्थान, नर्सिङ क्याम्पस महाजगंजको सह-प्राध्यापक श्रीमती सरला श्रेष्ठलाई पि०एच०डी०अध्ययनको सिलसिलामा Process and outcome of enpowerment of female community health volunteers in regards to increasing contraceptive acceptance among rural women of reproductive age group विषयको अध्ययन गर्न त्यस संस्था अन्तर्गतको कार्कको गा०वि०स०मा गर्नको लागि निजलाई आवश्यक सहयोग गरी दिनु हुन जानकारी गराईन्छ ।

नि, श्रमुख

# Orientation Training for Research Assistants for KAP Data Collection from CMWRA

Duration: 3 days

General objective: To prepare research assistants to assist in data collection

Specific Objectives: To enable the research assistants to:

- 1. State the purpose of the study
- 2. Demonstrate the technique of approaching the CMWRAs
- 3. Identify the criteria for selection of the CMWRAs
- 4. List the qualities of an interviewer
- 5. Demonstrate the technique of data collection

### **Program**

Day 1	Introduction to the study	Researcher
	Sampling process	Researcher
	Qualities of an interviewer	Researcher
Day 2	Technique of data collection	Researcher
	Use of instrument	Researcher
	Role play	Participants
Day 3	Field visit for practice on data collection	Participants
	Feedback on data collection	Researcher

## **Empowerment Training Programme for FCHVs**

Empowerment training program is aimed at empowering FCHVs so as to empower CMWRAs in controlling their fertility through use of contraceptives

## a) At Core-Group Level

Venue: Kakani Primary Health Care Center Dates: 1-7 May, 2000

Date & Time	Objective	Activity
1/5/2000,	33,000.70	110th vity
1100-11:30	To introduce the group to the program	Introduction to the program: What the program is about? Who are we? What do we believe? Why are we here? How can we work together?
	To introduce the facilitator (researcher) and participants (FCHVs) to each other	Introduction of participants and facilitator through a game
11:30-14:00	To assist the participants to visualize the families under their care	Draw the map of the wards & indicate the households under their care: Presentation and discussion
14:00-14:30	-	Tea break
14:30-16:00	To identify the routine activities of the participants in their communities	Recall the routine activities carried out by FCHVs in the previous 1 week period & proportion of time spent on these activities: Presentation & feedback, Consensus building on the FP activities they could carry out
2/5/2000		
11:00-11:30		Review of previous days activities
11:30-12:30	To determine what the participants understand by ideal age for childbearing, ideal spacing & ideal number of children	Group discussion on the meaning of different terms: On ideal family, too early, too frequent, too many and too late child births & relating these to the families in their communities
12:30-15:00	To enable participants to identify the causes & consequences of high	Story-telling-with-scenarios exercise: Divide the participants into 3 small groups & present the same sets of

	fertility	pictures with before & after scenario (with large & small families respectively). Ask them to describe what they see & feel about each scenario Tell them to share similar scenarios from their communities. Ask them what they see as the consequences of each scenario. Ask them what they feel as the cause for the problem scenario
15:00-16:00		Presentation of group work & discussion & consensus forming
3/5/2000		
11:00-11:30		Review of previous day's work
11:30-13:30	To identify the methods used by the community for controlling fertility	Group Activity: Ask participants in groups to list the methods used to control fertility in their communities and share own experiences regarding the merits & demerits among contraceptive user & non-user women
13:30-14:00		Presentation of group work
14:30-16:00	To enable participants to identify the target population who would possibly need FP service	Using the village household map, participants find out the eligible women for contraception in their wards
4/5/2000		
11:00- 11:30		Review of previous day's work
11:30-13:00	To enable participants to formulate the possible solutions for non-use of contraceptives	Discussion on possible solutions: Participants find out the possible solutions that they could use to address problem of the non-use of contraceptives
13:00-16:00	To enable participants to develop the action plan to start the FP related services with CMWRAs in the community	Ask participants to draw seasonal calendar to determine which times of the day and months they can use for FP related activities
		Participants will prepare a plan for starting the program with CMWRAs.

5/5/2000	-	
11:00-13:30	To review with the participants the different contraceptive methods including actions, benefits, limitations and side effects:	Discussion with participants using real specimens and diagram -Sharing of experiences,
	Non-clinical methods: Pills, condom, breast feeding Clinical methods: Depo, norplant, IUD, Vasectomy & tubectomy Physiological method: Lactational amenorrhoea	Demonstration of the technique of taking pills and condom
14:00-16:00	-To enable participants to identify high-risk conditions for FP methods	Demonstration of the screening guideline for checking high-risk conditions
6/5/2000		
11:00- 12:30	-To enable participants to identify the correct technique	Demonstration and discussion on technique of using contraceptives
	of use of pills, condom & breast feeding	Discussion & sharing of experiences
12:30-13:30	-To enable them to identify women needing referral	Discussion on importance of recording and reporting of information
14:00- 16:00	-To enable them to record & report the activities carried out	Review of record keeping format
7/5/2000		
11:00-11:15		Review of previous days' sessions
11:15-16:00	To enable participants to use facilitation skills with CMWRAs	Role play exercises in use of facilitation skills by individual FCHVs in raising awareness about contraception among CMWRAs, each followed by feedback & discussion

## b) At the Action-Group Level

Guided action and reflection cycles of FCHV with CMWRAs to enhance and reinforce the facilitation skills of FCHV

Venue: Home of FCHV or CMWRAs Dates: May 10 to June 30, 2000

Objective	Activity
To assist FCHV to explain the purpose of the meeting	FCHV will explain the purpose of the meeting and the group will introduce to each other
To enable FCHVs to assist CMWRAs in identifying the implications of large family size on the health of children and family	FCHVs will explain to CMWRAs about "the story- telling-with scenarios exercise" and present the pictures with before & after scenario (with large & small families respectively). Ask them to describe what they see & feel about each scenario Tell them to share similar scenarios from their families or neighborhood. Ask them what they see as the consequences of each scenario. Ask them what they feel as the cause for the problem scenario
To enable FCHVs to assist CMWRAs in making a plan as to what they would do in regards to controlling their fertility	FCHVs will discuss with CMWRAs the possible solutions and help them to develop a plan of action
To enhance the ability of FCHV to increase the awareness of CMWRAs about the contraceptive methods	FCHV will provide FP education to CMWRAs using group discussion technique and help them clarify their misconceptions
To enhance the skill of FCHV in demonstrating to CMWRAs the correct technique of the taking oral contraceptive pills and condom	Demonstrate the correct technique of taking pills and condom using real samples
To enable FCHV to evaluate the effectiveness of the session	FCHV will ask one CMWRA to summarize what they have gained from the session and what is their plan for the follow-up.

# Screening Checklist for High-Risk Conditions For Use of Temporary Contraceptive Methods

Direction: FCHVs will use the following checklist to screen CMWRAs for the presence of any conditions that is risky for the use of hormonal (oral contraceptive pills, depo or norplant) or intrauterine (IUD) contraceptives

High risk conditions	Present/	If present, avoid using "x" marked methods				
	Absent	Pills	Depo	Norp lant	IUD	
1. Onset of last menstruation more than 7 days ago		х	х	х	х	
2. Bleeding or spotting between menses		x	x	x	x	
3. Heavy bleeding ( 4 pads per day) during menses		-	-	-	x	
4. Prolonged bleeding (8 days) during menstruation		-	-	-	x	
5. Severe menstrual cramps needing treatment		-	-	-	x	
6. Breast feeding		x	-	-	-	
7. Cigarette smoker		x	-	-	-	
8. Abnormal yellow skin or eyes (Jaundice)		x	x	x	-	
9. Severe headache or blurred vision		x	x	x	-	
10. Severe pain in calves, thighs or chest		x	-	-	-	
11. Known case of high blood pressure		x	x	x	-	
12. Presence of mass or lump in the breast		x	x	x	-	
13. Known case of diabetes		x	x	x	-	
14. Taking medicine for TB or convulsion		x	-	x	-	
15. Pallor (weakness)		-	-	-	x	

## **Checklist on Facilitating Group Sessions**

Techniques*	Yes	No	Remark
Arranges the seating to facilitate face to face contact			
2. Greets the participants warmly			
3. Explains the purpose of the session clearly			
4. Invites everyone in the group to participate in the discussion			
5. Asks questions that require participants to answer in their own words			
6. Encourages participants to share their experiences to the group			
7. Deals with silent/dominating participant appropriately			
8. Keeps the discussion on track			
9. Assist the participants to express their concerns/ beliefs			
10. Provides relevant information to the participants about contraception			
11. Demonstrates correct technique of using contraceptive methods			
12. Uses visual materials appropriately			
13. Assists participants in planning for the follow-up activities			
14. Reviews with participants the achievements			
15. Concludes the session by thanking the participants			

<sup>\*</sup> Adopted from Bergdall, 1993

## Job Description of FCHVs Related to FP Services

Immediate Supervisor: Village health worker (VHW)

Type of job: Voluntary service on primary health care components to the community

**Placement:** Irrespective of the population size a minimum of at least one FCHV per ward

### Present job responsibilities:

- Motivate the eligible couples for family planning and inform about contraceptive methods
- Distribute condoms
- Refer couples interested in other contraceptive methods to the health institutions
- Re-supply pill acceptors
- Follow-up of clients and refer for complications

FCHVs' Biodata

ID	Age	Education	Occupation	Duration	Reason for	Age at	No of	Age of	FP used	Education	Occupation	Family
	in			of work	FCHV	marriage	children	youngest		of the	of the	type
	yrs.			as FCHV	training	(years)		child		husband	husband	
FCHVI	23	10 <sup>th</sup> std.	Agriculture	5 yrs.	For status	17	1	2 yrs.	Depo	SLC	Service	Nuclear
FCHV2	26	5 <sup>th</sup> std	Agriculture	5 yrs.	For service	18	2 (	5 yrs.	Vasectomy	8 <sup>th</sup> std.	Agriculture	Nuclear
FCHV3	26	9th std.	None	5 yrs.	For status	19	2	2 yrs.	Pills	SLC	Service	Nuclear
FCHV4	20	Literate	Agriculture	5 yrs.	For learning	NA <sup>1</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	Extended
FCHV5	42	Literate	Agriculture	2 yrs.	For job	16	2	12 yrs.	Vasectomy	2 <sup>nd</sup> std.	Agriculture	Nuclear
FCHV6	37	Literate	Agriculture	2 yrs.	For service	14	6	7 yrs.	Depo	3 <sup>rd</sup> std	Shop-keep.	Nuclear
FCHV7	21	8 <sup>th</sup> std.	None	5 yrs.	For self dev.	20	1	7 mths.	NA <sup>2</sup>	SLC	Service	Nuclear
FCHV8	44	Literate	Shop-keep.	11 yrs.	For status	14	3	16 yrs.	None	Literate	Shop-keep.	Nuclear
FCHV9	45	Literate	Shop-keep.	11 yrs.	For learning	20	2	24 yrs.	NA <sup>3</sup>	- *	-	Extended
FCHV10	50	Literate	Agriculture	14 yrs.	For service	9	4	10 yrs.	NA <sup>4</sup>	Literate	Agriculture	Nuclear
FCHV11	46	Literate	None	11 yrs.	For job	16	5	14 yrs.	None	4 <sup>th</sup> std.	Service	Nuclear
FCHV12	24	Literate	Agriculture	4 yrs.	For learning	18	3	2 yrs.	Depo	3 <sup>rd</sup> std.	Laborer	Nuclear
FCHV13	35	Literate	Agriculture	4 yrs.	For service	19	2	15 yrs.	None	2 <sup>nd</sup> std.	Carpenter	Nuclear
FCHV14	21	8 <sup>th</sup> std.	Service	5 yrs.	For learning	NA	-	-	-	-	-	Extended
FCHV15	34	Literate	Agriculture	11 yrs.	For service	21	3	12 yrs.	None	2 <sup>nd</sup> std.	Service	Nuclear
FCHV16	24	Literate	Stitching	5 yrs.	For self dev.	NA <sup>1</sup>	-	-	•	-	-	Extended
FCHV17	41	Literate	Agriculture	2 yrs.	For self dev.	14	3	10 yrs.	Vasectomy	Literate	Agriculture	Nuclear

Note:

NA<sup>1</sup>= Unmarried NA<sup>2</sup>= Not applicable (Husband away to another country) NA<sup>3</sup> = Not applicable (Husband dead), NA<sup>4</sup> = Menopause

## FCHVs' Post-intervention Activity record

Table 5a: Number of Formal Group Meetings conducted by FCHVs during the 6 months Post-intervention Follow-up Period

FCHVs			per of Forma		etings Condu		
	1 <sup>st</sup> month	2 <sup>nd</sup> month	3 <sup>rd</sup> month	4 <sup>th</sup> month	5 <sup>th</sup> month	6 <sup>th</sup> month	Total
FCHV 1	0	2	3	0	2	2	9
FCHV 2	1	1	1	0	0	1	4
FCHV 3	0	1	2	0	1	1	5
FCHV 4	0	2	1	0	1	1	5
FCHV 5	1	1	1	0	1	2	6
FCHV 6	0	3	2	0	1	2	8
FCHV 7	1	2	1	0	1	2	7
FCHV 8	1	1	1	1	1	1	6
FCHV 9	0	1	2	1	0	2	6
FCHV 10	0	2	2	1	1	0	6
FCHV 11	1	2	2	0	0	1	6
FCHV 12	0	1	2	0	1	2	6
FCHV 13	0	1	2	0	1	2	6
FCHV 14	0	2	1	0	1	1	5
FCHV 15	0	2	2	1	1	1	7
FCHV 16	1	1	2	0	1	1	6
FCHV 17	1_	1	1	0	1	2	6
Total	7	26	28	4	15	24	104

Table 5b: Number of CMWRAs who had received FP Education from the FCHVs during the Six Months Post-intervention Follow-up Period

FCHVs			o. of CMWRA				
	1 <sup>st</sup> month	2 <sup>nd</sup> month	3 <sup>rd</sup> month	4 <sup>th</sup> month	5 <sup>th</sup> month	6 <sup>th</sup> month	Total
FCHV 1	2	0	6	3	4	4	19
FCHV 2	1	1	4	1	4	3	14
FCHV 3	3	1	4	1	2	4	15
FCHV 4	1	2	3	3	2	2	13
FCHV 5	2	1	3	1	2	4	13
FCHV 6	1	0	8	1	3	5	18
FCHV 7	1	3	6	1	2	4	17
FCHV 8	3	2	4	1	2	3	14
FCHV 9	1	2	2	2	3	5	15
FCHV 10	1	2	4	1	2	4	14
FCHV 11	2	2	2	2	3	5	16
FCHV 12	1	1	3	3	2	4	14
FCHV 13	3	3	2	3	1	3	15
FCHV 14	2	2	2	3	3	1	13
FCHV 15	2	2	3	3	3	4	17_
FCHV 16	4	4	3	2	1	1	15
FCHV 17	3	2	1	3	3	2	14
Total	32	30	60	34	42	58	256

Table 5c: Number of CMWRAs Referred by FCHVs for FP Methods during the 6 months Post-intervention Follow-up Period

FCHVs	Number of CMWRAs Referred								
	1 <sup>st</sup> month	2 <sup>nd</sup> month	3 <sup>rd</sup> month	4 <sup>th</sup> month	5 <sup>th</sup> month	6 <sup>th</sup> month	Total		
FCHV 1	1	2	2	2	2	0	9		
FCHV 2	2	1	2	1	0	0	6		
FCHV 3	2	1	1	2	1	0	7		
FCHV 4	1	2	1	1	0	1	6		
FCHV 5	1	1	1	1	1	2	7		
FCHV 6	2	2	2	2	1	1	10		
FCHV 7	2	2	1	1	2	1	9		
FCHV 8	1	2	2	1	1	1	8		
FCHV 9	1	2	1	2	2	0	8		
FCHV 10	1	2	1	2	2	0	8		
FCHV 11	2	1	1	3	1	1	9		
FCHV 12	1	1	2	1	1	1	7		
FCHV 13	2	2	1	2	1	0	8		
FCHV 14	2	0	1	0	2	2	7		
FCHV 15	2	2	2	1	1	1	9		
FCHV 16	2	1	2	1	1	0	7		
FCHV 17	2	2	1	1	2	1	9		
Total	27	26	24	24	21	12	134		

Table 5d: Number of CMWRAs receiving Pills refill packets from FCHVs during the Six Months Post-intervention Follow-up Period

FCHVs		Number of CMWRAs receiving Pills Refill Packets								
	1 <sup>st</sup> month	2 <sup>nd</sup> month	3 <sup>rd</sup> month	4 <sup>th</sup> month	5 <sup>th</sup> month	6 <sup>th</sup> month	Total			
FCHV 1	0	0	1	1	0	1	3			
FCHV 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
FCHV 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
FCHV 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
FCHV 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
FCHV 6	0	0	0	1	1	0	2			
FCHV 7	0	0	0	1	1	1	3			
FCHV 8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
FCHV 9	0	0	1	0	1	0	2			
FCHV 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
FCHV 11	0	0	0	1	0	0	1			
FCHV 12	0	0	0	1	0	0	1			
FCHV 13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
FCHV 14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
FCHV 15	0	0	0	0	1	0	1			
FCHV 16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
FCHV 17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Total	-	-	2	5	4	2	13			

Table 5e: Number of CMWRAs receiving Condom Packets from FCHVs during the Six Months Post-intervention Follow-up Period

FCHVs		Number of CMWRAs receiving Condom Packets							
	1 <sup>st</sup> month	2 <sup>nd</sup> month	3 <sup>rd</sup> month	4 <sup>th</sup> month	5 <sup>th</sup> month	6 <sup>th</sup> month	Total		
FCHV 1	0	1	11	0	2	1	5_		
FCHV 2	0	1	0	1	1	0	3		
FCHV 3	0	1	2	0	1	0	4		
FCHV 4	0	0	1	1	1	0	3		
FCHV 5	0	1	0	1	0	0	2		
FCHV 6	0	1	1	2	2	0	6		
FCHV 7	1	0	1	0	1	2	5		
FCHV 8	0	1	0	0	1	0	_ 2		
FCHV 9	1	1	0	1	0	1	4		
FCHV 10	1	0	1	1	0	0	3		
FCHV 11	1	0	1	0	1	1	4		
FCHV 12	0	1	0	1	0	1	3		
FCHV 13	0	1	1	0	1	_ 0	3		
FCHV 14	0	1	0	1	0	0	2		
FCHV 15	0	0	2	1	1	1	5		
FCHV 16	0	1	1	0	1	0	3		
FCHV 17	0	1	0	1	1	0	3		
Total	4	12	12	11	14	7	59		

Table 5f: Number of CMWRAs Followed-up by FCHVs during the Six Months Post-intervention Follow-up Period

FCHVs	Number of CMWRAs Followed-up							
	1 <sup>st</sup> month	2 <sup>nd</sup> month	3 <sup>rd</sup> month	4 <sup>th</sup> month	5 <sup>th</sup> month	6 <sup>th</sup> month	Total	
FCHV 1	0	2	2	2	1	2	9	
FCHV 2	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	
FCHV 3	1	2	1	2	1	1	8	
FCHV 4	0	1	1	1	1	2	6	
FCHV 5	1	1	2	1	1	1	7	
FCHV 6	1	2	2	1	2	1	9_	
FCHV 7	0	1	2	1	3	1	8	
FCHV 8	0	1	2	1	1	1	6	
FCHV 9	1	2	1	2	1	1	8	
FCHV 10	0	1	2	1	1	2	7	
FCHV 11	2	2	1	1	2	1	7	
FCHV 12	1	1	2	1	1	1	7	
FCHV 13	1	1	1	2	2	0	7	
FCHV 14	0	1	1	2	1	1	6	
FCHV 15	0	2	2	2	2	1	9	
FCHV 16	1	1	1	0	1	2	6	
FCHV 17	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	
Total	11	23	25	22	23	20	124	

## **Curriculum Vitae**



#### Name Sarala Shrestha

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**Education:** 

1982-1984 : Master of Nursing, RAK College of Nursing, University of Delhi, India

(in Child Health Nursing with thesis on protein-energy malnutrition in

under-five children).

1971-1975 : B. Sc. Nursing, LT College of Nursing, SNDT, Women's University,

Bombay, India (including nursing & midwifery subjects)

1968-1971 : I. Sc., Tri-chandra College, Tribhuvan University, Kathmandu, Nepal,

(Major subjects: Physics, chemistry & biology)

**Employment:** 

May 2002 to date : *Professor*, TU, Institute of Medicine (IOM), Maharajgunj

**Nursing Campus** 

July 1997- April 2002 : Associate Professor, TU, IOM, Maharajgunj Nursing Campus

June 1981- July 1997 : Lecturer, TU, IOM, Maharajgunj Nursing

June 1975- June 1981 : Assistant Lecturer, TU, IOM, Nursing Campus, Mahaboudha

Work Experience:

Campus Chief : Maharajgunj Nursing campus, TU, Institute of Medicine,

2002 to date (Day to day management of the Campus activities, teaching in classroom & providing clinical supervision and research guidance to the students)

Departmental Head : Department of Midwifery, Maharajgunj Nursing Campus,

1996-1997 (Organizing midwifery teaching learning experiences to the students and planning for faculty

development in midwifery)

Assist. Campus Chief : Maharajgunj Nursing Campus, 1988-91 (Assisting the

campus chief in the management of the campus)

Chairperson : Nepal Nursing Council Review Committee, Nursing

Association of Nepal 1988-1990, (Reviving Nepal Nursing

Council Act)

Chief: Examination Section, Mahaboudha Nursing Campus, 1978-

79 (Conducting summative examination and keeping record

of the students performance

Teacher Role : Maharajgunj Nursing Campus, 1975 to date (Taught

courses like, fundamentals of Nursing, nutrition, applied sciences, pharmacology midwifery, medical surgical

nursing, pediatric nursing, and research to different level of

nursing students)

### **Professional Memberships**

1996-1997 : Master of Nursing Research Committee, Maharajgunj Nursing Campus

1994-1995 : Curriculum Development Committee of Master of Nursing Programme,

IOM

1992 to date : Child Development Society, Nepal

1991-1992 : Steering Committee of Master of Nursing Programme, IOM

1988-1989 : Curriculum Review Committee of Bachelor of Nursing Programme,

Maharajgunj Nursing Campus,

1984-1985 : Curriculum Development Committee of Bachelor of Nursing

Programme in Child Health, Mahaboudha Nursing Campus,

1975 to date : Nursing Association of Nepal,

### **Research Experience:**

- 1. Short-term Consultant for "Baseline Health Facility Assessment of Nuwakot District for Maternal & Child Survival Programme through Local Women Health Workers, SCF, US, 2000.
- 2. Principal Investigator, "Assessment of Post-Basic Bachelor of Nursing Graduates in relation to Roles assumed Following Graduation", WHO, 1993-1994.
- 3. **Co-Investigator**, "Impact of Counselling Service on the Acceptance and Continuation of Temporary Contraceptive Measures", WHO, 1993.
- 4. **Principal Investigator**, "The Feasibility Study of Initiating Master of Nursing Programme in Nepal", Nursing Education Department, IOM, 1991-92.
- 5. Co-Investigator, "The Relationship between the Socio-economic and Cultural Background of Mothers and their Awareness about Child Spacing and Fertility Rate", Family Health Project, IOM, 1991-92
- 6. **Co-Investigator**, "Mothers' Knowledge about the Immunisation Schedule of their Under Five Children", Family Health Project, IOM, 1991-92.

- 7. Co-Investigator, "The KAP of Mothers-in-law regarding the Intra-Conceptional Care of their Daughters-in-law Before and After Educational Session", WHO, 1989-91.
- 8. **Principal Investigator,** "The Study to Investigate the Factors related to Morbidity of Inpatient Children Under Five in Selected Paediatric Units", Family Health Project, IOM, 1986-87.
- 9. **Co-Investigator**: "The Follow-up Study of the Graduates of Certificate of Medical Science: Nursing from 1974 to 84 in terms of Fulfilment of the Objectives of the Programme", IOM, 1985-86.

#### **Publications:**

#### I. Books:

- 1. "Nursing Care of Children", et al, published by Health learning Material Centre, IOM, 2000.
- 2. "A Manual of Fundamentals of Nursing", et al, published by Health Learning Materials Centre, IOM, 1989.
- 3. "Child Health Promotion", a Nepali version textbook for Proficiency Certificate Level Nursing Students, published by Family Health Project, IOM, 1986.

#### II. Articles Published:

- 1. "A Conceptual Model for Empowerment of the Female Community Health Volunteers in Nepal" Education for Health, 2003; 16(3): 318-327.
- 2. "Increasing Contraceptive Acceptance through Empowerment of Female Community Health Volunteers in Rural Nepal", J Health Popul Nutr, 2002; 20(2): 138-147.
- 3. "Socio-Cultural Factors influencing Adolescent Pregnancy in Rural Nepal", Int J Adolesc Med Health, 2002; 14(2):101-9.
- 4. "Utilisation of Maternal and Family Planning Services by Rural Women in Nepal", et al. Journal of IOM, 1995; 17(2):86-91.
- 5. "Teaching Research in Bachelor of Nursing Programme: An Evaluation Study", **Journal of NAN**, May 1995 Special Issue: 21-27.
- 6. "Need and Feasibility for Introducing Master of Nursing Programme in Nepal", et al. Journal of IOM, 1993; 15(2); 230-236.
- 7. "Pictorial aid on safe-Motherhood Components", et al Journal of IOM, 1992; 14(4): 306-317.

- 8. "Educating Nepalese Women to provide Improved care for their Childbearing Daughters-in-law", et al, World Health Forum, 1992; 13(4): 353-354.
- 9. "Nursing Education in Nepal", et al, National Nurses Conference Souvenir, Nursing Profession Today and Tomorrow, January 1991.
- 10. "Measures towards Prevention of Maternal Mortality", TNAN Journal, May 1988 (Special Issue): 6-9.
- 11. "Teaching the Mothers of Malnourished Children", **Journal of IOM**, 1984; 6(2): 149-154.

### **Paper Presented:**

- 1. "Community oriented nursing education in Nepal" at the 4th International Conference on Community-Oriented Medical and Dental Education, Baqai Medical University, Karachi, Pakistan, 15-17 August, 2004
- 2. "Maternal health services in Nepal" at the "Fourth International Confederation of Midwives Asia- Pacific Regional Conference", Saitama Prefecture, Japan, 7-9 June 1995.
- 3. "The status of the utilisation of maternal health and family planning services by rural women" at the International Research Conference on Enhancement of Maternal and Child Health, Kathmandu, Nepal, 2-4 November, 1993.
- 4. "The KAP of mothers-in-law regarding the intra-conceptional care of their daughters-in-law before and after educational session", at the "Fourth international conference for maternity nurse researchers", Taipei, Taiwan, 1-4, November, 1992.
- 5. "AIDS and infant mortality" at the workshop on "Challenge of AIDS to Nurse Educators", Pokhara, Nepal, December 31 to January 3, 1991.

## Training, Workshops and Conferences Attended:

- 1. "Research Methodology & Biostatistics" Khonkaen University, Khonkaen, Thailand, June 1 to September 30, 1997.
- 2. "Improving the Health of Children around the World through Continuing Education", Children's Hospital, Columbus, Ohio, USA, 20 Feb. to 17 May 1997
- 3. "Fifth International Conference of Maternity Nurse Researchers -Visions for Childbearing Women's Health 2000 AD", Kona, Hawaii, 15-18 November 1994.
- 4. "International Nursing Research Conference on enhancement of maternal and child health", organised by NAN/NRSI, Kathmandu, Nepal, 2-4 November 1993.
- 5. "Inter-country consultation on research in nursing", Chaing Mai, Thailand, 24-28 June, 1991.
- 6. "International workshop on women and health: leadership training for health and development", Yogyakarta, Indonesia, 6-10 August 1990.

#### Served as Facilitator:

- 1. "Review workshop on Research for Nursing Faculty", Bir-hospital Nursing Campus, June 3-6, 1993.
- 2. "Workshop for the Implementation of Master of Nursing Programme", Maharajgunj Nursing Campus, July 19-25, 1994.
- 3. "Training on Research Methodology", MOH/NHTC, November 24 -December 14, 1996.

#### Award Received:

- 1. "Special Prize of Vice Chancellor of Tribhuvan University", 2061 (2004 AD)
- 2. "Education Day Award", HMG, Ministry of Education and Sports, 2060 (2004 AD)
- 3. "2047 Amar Pahari Medical Literary Award" for authoring the book titled "Manual of Fundamentals of Nursing" (1991 AD)

#### **Academic Abilities**

My teaching career started in 1975 when I entered Tribhuvan University as assistant lecturer. My 28 years of experience as an educator has helped me in gaining skills in teaching, curriculum development, and development of learning resources. During these years my exposure to administrative job as chairperson of instruction committees, assistant campus chief, campus chief, chief of the examination section and head of the department etc. has helped me in developing my skills in planning and management of resources. Further, it has helped me to learn how to work effectively with people in team.

Besides conducting research, long years of teaching and guiding bachelors and masters level students in nursing research enabled me to gain expertise and skills in the area of research. Furthermore, through participation in various committees of IOM such as "Entrance examination committee", "Midwifery and Paediatric Subject committees" and Faculty Board meetings, I gained skills in the promotion of the educational standard.

With the belief that women and children are the most vulnerable groups in the country, my personal concern has been to work towards the betterment of the health of women and children. With this concern, I did "Master of Nursing in Child Health Nursing" and took the dissertation topic for Ph.D. as "the Empowerment of Female Community Health Volunteers for increasing Contraceptive Acceptance among the Married Women of Reproductive Age Group".

My present job of Campus Chief has added my responsibilities to that of meeting the challenges of planning and managing day to day function of the campus as a whole and establishing co-ordination and relationships with the governmental and non-governmental organisations for bilateral benefits.