

CHAPTER II

HISTORICAL

1. Chemical Constituents of the Genus *Garcinia*

The chemical constituents of the genus *Garcinia* have been studied for more than 40 years. These compounds were reported as xanthenes, flavonoids, triterpenoids, steroids and several miscellaneous substances. However, the main group is xanthenes. The distribution of compounds found in various parts of *Garcinia* spp. is shown in Table 1.

Table 1 Distribution of compounds in the genus *Garcinia*

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
<i>Garcinia andamanica</i>			
Scutellarein-7-diglucoside	Flavonoid	Leaf	Alam <i>et al.</i> , 1986
Sorbifolin-6-galactoside	Flavonoid	Leaf	Alam <i>et al.</i> , 1986
4-Hydroxywogonin-7-neo-hesperidoside	Flavonoid	Leaf	Alam <i>et al.</i> , 1986
<i>G. atroviridis</i>			
(-)-Hydroxycitric acid	Organic acid	Fruit	Lewis and Neelakantan, 1965
<i>G. buchananii</i>			
Biflavanone GB-1	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Jackson <i>et al.</i> , 1972

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
Biflavanone GB-1a	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Jackson <i>et al.</i> , 1972
Biflavanone GB-2	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Jackson <i>et al.</i> , 1972
Biflavanone GB-2a	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Jackson <i>et al.</i> , 1972
<i>G. cambogia</i>			
Cambogin	Benzenoid	Latex	Rao, Venkatswamy and Pendse, 1980
Garcinol	Benzenoid	Latex	Rao, Venkatswamy and Pendse, 1980
(-)-Hydroxycitric acid	Organic acid	Fruit	Lewis and Neelakantan, 1965
<i>G. conrauana</i>			
Eriodictyol	Flavonoid	Bark	Waterman and Crichton, 1980
Manniflavanone	Flavonoid	Leaf	Hussain and Waterman, 1982
O-Methylfukugetin	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Hussain and Waterman, 1982

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
Morelloflavone	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Hussain and Waterman, 1982
5,7-Dihydroxychromone	Chromone	Bark	Hussain and Waterman, 1982
Conrauanalactone	Lactone	Bark	Waterman and Crichton, 1980
3-(3'',3''-Dimethylallyl)-conrauanalactone	Lactone	Bark	Hussain and Waterman, 1982
<i>G. cowa</i>			
Cowanin	Xanthone	Latex	Na Pattalung <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Cowanol	Xanthone	Latex	Na Pattalung <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Cowaxanthone	Xanthone	Latex	Na Pattalung <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Norcowanin	Xanthone	Latex	Na Pattalung <i>et al.</i> , 1994
1,3,6-Trihydroxy-7-methoxy - 2,5-bis(3-methyl-2-butenyl)xanthone	Xanthone	Latex	Na Pattalung <i>et al.</i> , 1994
1,3,6-Trihydroxy-7-methoxy - 8-(3,7-dimethyl-2,6-octadienyl)xanthone	Xanthone	Stem	Lee and Chan, 1977

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
<i>G. densivenia</i>			
Pyranojacareubin	Xanthone	Bark	Waterman and Crichton, 1980
Rheediaxanthone-A	Xanthone	Bark	Waterman and Crichton, 1980
Morelloflavone	Flavonoid	Bark	Waterman and Crichton, 1980
O-Methylfukugetin	Flavonoid	Bark	Waterman and Crichton, 1980
<i>G. dulcis</i>			
Amentoflavone	Flavonoid	Leaf	Ansari and Rahman, 1976
Morelloflavone	Flavonoid	Leaf	Ansari and Rahman, 1976
Biflavanone GB-2a	Flavonoid	Leaf	Ansari and Rahman, 1976
Volkensiflavone	Flavonoid	Leaf	Ansari and Rahman, 1976
<i>G. echinocarpa</i>			
1,5-Dihydroxyxanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Bandaranayake <i>et al.</i> , 1975
1,3,6,7-Tetrahydroxyxanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Bandaranayake <i>et al.</i> , 1975

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
Morelloflavone	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Bandaranayake <i>et al.</i> ,1975
Volkensiflavone	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Bandaranayake <i>et al.</i> ,1975
β -Sitosterol	Steroid	Heartwood	Bandaranayake <i>et al.</i> ,1975
<i>G. eugeniifolia</i>			
1,7-Dihydroxyxanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Jackson,Locksley, and Scheinmann, 1969
1,7-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy- xanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Jackson,Locksley, and Scheinmann, 1969
1,5,6-Trihydroxyxanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Jackson,Locksley, and Scheinmann, 1969
1,6,7-Trihydroxyxanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Jackson,Locksley, and Scheinmann, 1969
1,4,7-Trihydroxy-3-methoxy- xanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Jackson,Locksley, and Scheinmann, 1969

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
Biflavanone GB-1	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Jackson,Locksley, and Scheinmann, 1969
Biflavanone GB-1a	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Jackson,Locksley, and Scheinmann, 1969
Biflavanone GB-2	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Jackson,Locksley, and Scheinmann, 1969
Biflavanone GB-2a	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Jackson,Locksley, and Scheinmann, 1969
<i>G. forbesii</i>			
Forbexanthone	Xanthone	Branch	Harrison <i>et al.</i> , 1993
Pyranojacareubin	Xanthone	Branch	Harrison <i>et al.</i> , 1993
1,3,7-Trihydroxy-2-(3-methyl- but-2-enyl)xanthone	Xanthone	Branch	Harrison <i>et al.</i> , 1993
<i>G. gerrardii</i>			
Garcigerrin A	Xanthone	Root bark	Sordat-Diserens <i>et al.</i> , 1989
Garcigerrin B	Xanthone	Root bark	Sordat-Diserens <i>et al.</i> , 1989

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
12b-Hydroxy-des-D-garcigerrin	Xanthone	Root bark	Sordat-Diserens <i>et al.</i> , 1989
<i>G. hanburyi</i>			
Desoxygambogenin	Xanthone	Resin	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Gambogellic acid	Xanthone	Resin	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Gambogenic acid	Xanthone	Resin	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Gambogenin	Xanthone	Resin	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Gambogenin dimethyl acetal	Xanthone	Resin	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Gambogic acid	Xanthone	Latex	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Gambogin	Xanthone	Resin	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Hanburin	Xanthone	Resin	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Isogambogenin	Xanthone	Resin	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Isogambogic acid	Xanthone	Latex	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Isomorellinol	Xanthone	Latex	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Isomorellin-B	Xanthone	Resin	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Morellin dimethyl acetal	Xanthone	Resin	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Moreollic acid	Xanthone	Resin	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
<i>G. huillensis</i>			
Garcinol	Benzenoid	Bark	Bakana <i>et al.</i> , 1987
β -Sitosterol	Steroid	Bark	Bakana <i>et al.</i> , 1987
Stigmasterol	Steroid	Bark	Bakana <i>et al.</i> , 1987

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
<i>G. indica</i>			
1,7-Dihydroxyxanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Cotterill, Scheinmann and Puranik, 1977
Morelloflavone	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Cotterill, Scheinmann and Puranik, 1977
Volkensiflavone	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Cotterill, Scheinmann and Puranik, 1977
Hydroxycitric acid	Organic acid	Fruit	Lewis and Neelakantan, 1965
Garcinol	Benzenoid	Fruit peel	Krishnaumrthy, Lewis and Ravindrawath, 1981
<i>G. kola</i>			
Amentoflavone	Flavonoid	Seed	Iwu and Igboko, 1982
4'-Methylapigenin	Flavonoid	Seed	Iwu and Igboko, 1982
4',5,7-Trimethylapigenin	Flavonoid	Seed	Iwu and Igboko, 1982

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
Kolaflavanone	Flavonoid	Seed	Iwu and Igboko, 1982
Biflavanone GB-1	Flavonoid	Seed	Iwu and Igboko, 1982
Biflavanone GB-1a	Flavonoid	Seed	Cotterill and Scheinmann, 1978
Biflavanone GB-2	Flavonoid	Seed	Cotterill and Scheinmann, 1978
Biflavanone GB-3	Flavonoid	Seed	Kabangu <i>et al.</i> , 1987
Kolanone	Benzenoid	Fruit pulp	Hussain <i>et al.</i> , 1982
Garcinol	Benzenoid	Root	Niwa, Terashima and Agil, 1993
Garcipyran	Benzenoid	Root	Niwa <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Garcifuran A	Benzenoid	Root	Niwa <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Garcifuran B	Benzenoid	Root	Niwa <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Cycloartenol	Benzenoid	Seed	Aplin <i>et al.</i> , 1967
24-Methylenecycloartenol	Benzenoid	Seed	Aplin <i>et al.</i> , 1967
<i>G. livingstonei</i>			
6,11-Dihydroxy-2,2-dimethylpyrano [3,2-C] xanthen-7(2H)-one	Xanthone	Root bark	Sordat-Diserens <i>et al.</i> , 1992

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
6,11-Dihydroxy-3-methyl-3-(4-methylpent-3-enyl)-3H-pyrano [2,3-C]xanthen-7-one	Xanthone	Root bark	Sordat-Diserens <i>et al.</i> , 1992
4-(3',7'-Dimethylocta-2',6'-dienyl)-1,3,5-trihydroxy-9H-xanthen-9-one	Xanthone	Root bark	Sordat-Diserens <i>et al.</i> , 1992
Garcilvin A	Xanthone	Root bark	Sordat-Diserens <i>et al.</i> , 1992
Garcilvin B	Xanthone	Root bark	Sordat-Diserens <i>et al.</i> , 1992
Garcilvin C	Xanthone	Root bark	Sordat-Diserens <i>et al.</i> , 1992
12b-Hydroxy-des-D-garcigerrin	Xanthone	Root bark	Sordat-Diserens <i>et al.</i> , 1992
1,4,5-Trihydroxy-3-(3-methylbut-2-enyl)-9H-xanthene-9-one	Xanthone	Root bark	Sordat-Diserens <i>et al.</i> , 1992
Guttiferone A	Benzenoid	Fruit	Gustafson <i>et al.</i> , 1992
Amentoflavone	Flavonoid	Leaf	Pelter and Warren, 1971
<i>G. lucida</i>			
30-Hydroxycycloartenol	Triterpene	Bark	Nyemba <i>et al.</i> , 1990

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
31-Norcycloartenol	Triterpene	Bark	Nyemba <i>et al.</i> , 1990
24,25-Epoxycycloartenol	Triterpene	Bark	Nyemba <i>et al.</i> , 1990
<i>G. mangostana</i>			
2,8-bis-(γ,γ -Dimethylallyl)- 1,3,7-trihydroxyxanthone	Xanthone	Aril	Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987
Calabaxanthone	Xanthone	Aril	Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987
Demethylcalabaxanthone	Xanthone	Aril	Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987
Gartanin	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987
1-Isomangostin	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987
1-Isomangostin hydrate	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
3-Isomangostin	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987
3-Isomangostin hydrate	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987
α -Mangostin	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987
β -Mangostin	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987
γ -Mangostin	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987
8-Deoxygartanin	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Govindachari <i>et al.</i> , 1971
BR-xanthone A	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Balasubramanian and Rajagopalan, 1988
BR-xanthone B	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Balasubramanian and Rajagopalan, 1988
Garcinone A	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Sen <i>et al.</i> , 1982

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
Garcinone B	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Sen <i>et al.</i> , 1982
Garcinone C	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Sen <i>et al.</i> , 1982
Garcinone D	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Sen <i>et al.</i> , 1986
Garcinone E	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Asai <i>et al.</i> , 1985
Mangostinone	Xanthone	Fruit hull	Asai <i>et al.</i> , 1985
1,3,6,7-Tetrahydroxyxanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Holloway and Scheinmann, 1975
1,3,6,7-Tetrahydroxyxanthone O- β -D-glucoside	Xanthone	Heartwood	Holloway and Scheinmann, 1975
Maclurin	Benzenoid	Heartwood	Holloway and Scheinmann, 1975
Egonol	Benzenoid	Fruit hull	Sakai <i>et al.</i> , 1993
<i>G. mannii</i>			
Biflavanone GB-1	Flavonoid	Bark	Crichton and Waterman, 1979
Biflavanone GB-1a	Flavonoid	Bark	Crichton and Waterman, 1979
Biflavanone GB-2	Flavonoid	Bark	Crichton and Waterman, 1979
Biflavanone GB-2a	Flavonoid	Bark	Crichton and Waterman, 1979
Manniflavanone	Flavonoid	Bark	Crichton and Waterman, 1979

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
Kolaflavanone	Flavonoid	Bark	Crichton and Waterman, 1979
β -Sitosterol	Steroid	Bark	Crichton and Waterman, 1979
Stigmasterol	Steroid	Bark	Crichton and Waterman, 1979
Xanthochymol	Benzenoid	Bark	Crichton and Waterman, 1979
<i>G. morella</i> Morelloflavone	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Karanjgaokar, Radhakrishnan and Venkataraman, 1967
<i>G. multiflora</i> 1,3,6,7-Tetrahydroxyxanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Chen, Lin and Hung, 1975
Apigenin	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Chen, Lin and Hung, 1975
Biflavanone GB-1a	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Chen, Lin and Hung, 1975
Biflavanone GB-2a	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Chen, Lin and Hung, 1975

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
GB-1a glucoside	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Chen, Lin and Hung, 1975
Fukugiside	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Chen, Lin and Hung, 1975
Morelloflavone	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Chen, Lin and Hung, 1975
Spicataside	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Chen, Lin and Hung, 1975
Volkensiflavone	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Chen, Lin and Hung, 1975
Xanthochymuside	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Chen, Lin and Hung, 1975
<i>G. myrtifolia</i>			
Euphol	Triterpene	Bark	Spino <i>et al.</i> , 1995
Friedelin	Triterpene	Bark	Spino <i>et al.</i> , 1995
Myrtiaphenone A	Benzenoid	Bark	Spino <i>et al.</i> , 1995
Myrtiaphenone B	Benzenoid	Bark	Spino <i>et al.</i> , 1995
Vismiaphenone C	Benzenoid	Bark	Spino <i>et al.</i> , 1995
<i>G. nervosa</i>			
Nervosaxanthone	Xanthone	Bark	Ampofo and Waterman, 1986
Rubraxanthone	Xanthone	Bark	Ampofo and Waterman, 1986

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
β -Sitosterol	Steroid	Bark	Ampofo and Waterman, 1986
Stigmasterol	Steroid	Bark	Ampofo and Waterman, 1986
7-Methyltectorigenin	Flavonoid	Leaf	Ilyas <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Irigenin	Flavonoid	Leaf	Ilyas <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Nervosin	Flavonoid	Leaf	Ilyas <i>et al.</i> , 1994
<i>G. opaca</i>			
Macluraxanthone	Xanthone	Leaf	Goh <i>et al.</i> , 1992
1,3,5-Trihydroxy-6',6'-dimethylpyrano (2',3' : 6,7)-4-(1,1-dimethylprop-2-enyl) xanthone	Xanthone	Leaf	Goh <i>et al.</i> , 1992
1,3,5-Trihydroxy-6',6'-dimethylpyrano-(2',3' : 6,7)-2-(3-methyl-but-2-enyl)-4-(1,1-dimethylprop-2-enyl) xanthone	Xanthone	Leaf	Goh <i>et al.</i> , 1992
Friedelin	Triterpene	Leaf	Goh <i>et al.</i> , 1992
Taraxerol	Triterpene	Leaf	Goh <i>et al.</i> , 1992
β -Sitosterol	Steroid	Leaf	Goh <i>et al.</i> , 1992
<i>G. ovalifolia</i>			
Macluraxanthone	Xanthone	Bark	Waterman and Crichton, 1980

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
Fridelin	Triterpene	Bark	Waterman and Crichton, 1980
β -Sitosterol	Steroid	Bark	Waterman and Crichton, 1980
Xanthochymol	Benzenoid	Bark	Waterman and Crichton, 1980
Guttiferone E	Benzenoid	Leaf	Gustafson <i>et al.</i> , 1992
Isoxanthochymol	Benzenoid	Leaf	Gustafson <i>et al.</i> , 1992
<i>G. parivofolia</i>			
Rubraxanthone	Xanthone	Latex	Na Pattalung <i>et al.</i> , 1988
<i>G. pedunculata</i>			
1,3,5,7-Tetrahydroxyxanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Rao <i>et al.</i> , 1974
1,3,6,7-Tetrahydroxyxanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Rao <i>et al.</i> , 1974
Biflavanone GB-1a	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Rao <i>et al.</i> , 1974
Volkensiflavone	Flavonoid	Heartwood	Rao <i>et al.</i> , 1974
2,3',4,5',6-Pentahydroxybenzophenone	Benzenoid	Heartwood	Rao <i>et al.</i> , 1974
Cambogin	Benzenoid	Pericarp	Sahu, Das and Chatterjee, 1989

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
Garcinol	Benzenoid	Pericarp	Sahu, Das and Chatterjee, 1989
Pedunculol	Benzenoid	Pericarp	Sahu, Das and Chatterjee, 1989
<i>G. poiyantha</i>			
Isorheediaxanthone B	Xanthone	Bark	Ampofo and Waterman, 1986
Xanthochymuside	Flavonoid	Bark	Ampofo and Waterman, 1986
Isoxanthochymol	Benzenoid	Bark	Ampofo and Waterman, 1982
Xanthochymol	Benzenoid	Bark	Ampofo and Waterman, 1982
<i>G. pyrifera</i>			
Isocowanin	Xanthone	Bark	Ampofo and Waterman, 1986
Isocowanol	Xanthone	Bark	Ampofo and Waterman, 1986
Rubraxanthone	Xanthone	Bark	Ampofo and Waterman, 1986
β -Amyrin	Triterpene	Bark	Ampofo and Waterman, 1986
Oleanolic aldehyde	Triterpene	Bark	Ampofo and Waterman, 1986

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
<i>G. quadrifaria</i>			
1,3,5-Trihydroxy-4,8-di(3',3'-dimethylallyl) xanthone	Xanthone	Bark	Waterman and Hussain, 1982
O-Methylfukugetin	Flavonoid	Bark, Seed	Waterman and Hussain, 1982
Morelloflavone	Flavonoid	Bark, Seed	Waterman and Hussain, 1982
<i>G. quaesita</i>			
Hermonionic acid	Benzenoid	Bark	Gunatilaka, Sriyani and Sotheeswaran, 1984
Quaesitol	Benzenoid	Bark	Gunatilaka, Sriyani and Sotheeswaran, 1984
<i>G. spicata</i>			
Biflavanone GB-1	Flavonoid	Leaf	Gunatilaka <i>et al.</i> , 1984
Biflavanone GB-1a	Flavonoid	Leaf	Gunatilaka <i>et al.</i> , 1984
Biflavanone GB-2	Flavonoid	Leaf	Gunatilaka <i>et al.</i> , 1984

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
Biflavanone GB-2a	Flavonoid	Leaf	Gunatilaka <i>et al.</i> , 1984
Morelloflavone	Flavonoid	Leaf	Gunatilaka <i>et al.</i> , 1984
Friedelan-3b-ol	Triterpene	Leaf	Gunatilaka <i>et al.</i> , 1984
Friedelin	Triterpene	Leaf	Gunatilaka <i>et al.</i> , 1984
β -Sitosterol	Steroid	Leaf	Gunatilaka <i>et al.</i> , 1984
<i>G. staudtii</i>			
Rheediaxanthone-A	Xanthone	Bark	Waterman and Hussain, 1982
Xanthochymol	Benzenoid	Bark	Waterman and Hussain, 1982
<i>G. subelliptica</i>			
Garciniaxanthone A	Xanthone	Heartwood	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Garciniaxanthone B	Xanthone	Heartwood	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Garciniaxanthone C	Xanthone	Heartwood	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Garciniaxanthone D	Xanthone	Heartwood	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1995

Table 1 (Continue)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
Garciniaxanthone E	Xanthone	Heartwood	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Symphoxanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1996
1-O-Methylsymphoxanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1996
2,5-Dihydroxy-1-methoxy-xanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Subelliptenone A	Xanthone	Root bark	Iinuma <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Subelliptenone B	Xanthone	Root bark	Iinuma <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Subelliptenone C	Xanthone	Root bark	Iinuma <i>et al.</i> , 1995
Subelliptenone D	Xanthone	Root bark	Iinuma <i>et al.</i> , 1995
Subelliptenone E	Xanthone	Root bark	Iinuma <i>et al.</i> , 1995
Subelliptenone F	Xanthone	Root bark	Iinuma <i>et al.</i> , 1995
Subelliptenone G	Xanthone	Root bark	Iinuma <i>et al.</i> , 1995
Subelliptenone H	Xanthone	Root bark	Iinuma <i>et al.</i> , 1995

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
Subelliptenone I	Xanthone	Root bark	Iinuma <i>et al.</i> , 1995
1,5-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy-xanthone	Xanthone	Root bark	Iinuma <i>et al.</i> , 1995
Globuxanthone	Xanthone	Root bark	Iinuma <i>et al.</i> , 1995
12b-Hydroxy-des-D-garcigerin	Xanthone	Root bark	Iinuma <i>et al.</i> , 1995
1,2,5-Trihydroxyxanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
1,5-Dihydroxyxanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
1,2-Dihydroxy-5,6-dimethoxy xanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
2,6-Dihydroxy-1,5dimethoxy xanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
1,6-Dihydroxy-5-methoxy-xanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
1,8-Dihydroxy-6-methoxy-xanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Subellinone	Benzenoid	Heartwood	Fukuyama <i>et al.</i> , 1993
<i>G. tarboti</i>			
Talbotaflavone	Flavonoid	Root	Joshi <i>et al.</i> , 1970

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
Morelloflavone	Flavonoid	Root	Joshi <i>et al.</i> , 1970
<i>G. terpnophylla</i>			
1,5-Dihydroxyxanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Bandaranayake <i>et al.</i> , 1975
Euxanthone	Xanthone	Heartwood	Bandaranayake <i>et al.</i> , 1975
α -Mangostin	Xanthone	Heartwood	Bandaranayake <i>et al.</i> , 1975
Biflavanone GB-1	Flavonoid	Bark	Bandaranayake <i>et al.</i> , 1975
Biflavanone GB-1a	Flavonoid	Bark	Bandaranayake <i>et al.</i> , 1975
Biflavanone GB-2	Flavonoid	Bark	Bandaranayake <i>et al.</i> , 1975
β -Sitosterol	Steroid	Bark	Bandaranayake <i>et al.</i> , 1975
<i>G. thwaitesii</i>			
2,5-Dihydroxy-1,6-dimethoxy xanthone	Xanthone	Bark, Timber	Guna tilaka <i>et al.</i> , 1983
Biflavanone GB-1	Flavonoid	Bark, Timber	Guna tilaka <i>et al.</i> , 1983
Biflavanone GB-1a	Flavonoid	Bark, Timber	Guna tilaka <i>et al.</i> , 1983

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
Biflavanone GB-2	Flavonoid	Bark, Timber	Guna tilaka et al., 1983
Biflavanone GB-2a	Flavonoid	Bark, Timber	Guna tilaka et al., 1983
β -Amyrin	Triterpene	Bark, Timber	Guna tilaka et al., 1983
Tirucallol	Triterpene	Bark, Timber	Guna tilaka et al., 1983
<i>G. xanthochymus</i>			
Betulin	Triterpene	Leaf	Singh et al., 1991
Canophyllol	Triterpene	Leaf	Singh et al., 1991
Friedelin	Triterpene	Leaf	Singh et al., 1991
β -Sitosterol	Steroid	Leaf	Singh et al., 1991
Xanthochymuside	Flavonoid	Wood	Konoshima and Ikeshiro, 1970
Xanthochymol	Benzenoid	Fruit	Karanjgaokar et al., 1973
Isoxanthochymol	Benzenoid	Fruit	Karanjgaokar et al., 1973
1,5-Dihydroxyxanthone	Xanthone	Fruit	Karanjgaokar et al., 1973
Euxanthone	Xanthone	Fruit	Karanjgaokar et al., 1973

Table 1 (Continued)

Plant and chemical compound	Category	Plant part	Reference
<i>G. volkensii</i>			
Biflavanone GB-1a	Flavonoid	Heart wood	Herbin <i>et al.</i> , 1970
Biflavanone GB-2a	Flavonoid	Heart wood	Herbin <i>et al.</i> , 1970
Volkensiflavone	Flavonoid	Heart wood	Herbin <i>et al.</i> , 1970
Morelloflavone	Flavonoid	Heart wood	Herbin <i>et al.</i> , 1970
Naringenin	Flavonoid	Heart wood	Herbin <i>et al.</i> , 1970
Apigenin	Flavonoid	Heart wood	Herbin <i>et al.</i> , 1970

2. Xanthenes from the Genus *Garcinia*

2.1 Introduction of Xanthenes

Xanthenes are heterocyclic ketone related to γ -pyrone and chromone, which are found in nature as glucosides and are produced as metabolic products. It is weakly basic in contrast to dimethyl γ -pyrone form isolatable and easily hydrolyzable addition compounds. Since a color, absorption spectra and solubility change is observed (Elderfield, 1950).

The presence of hydroxyl and methoxyl groups especially in the 7 position, increases the basicity of xanthenes and results in the formation of more stable addition compounds with acids and metallic salt.

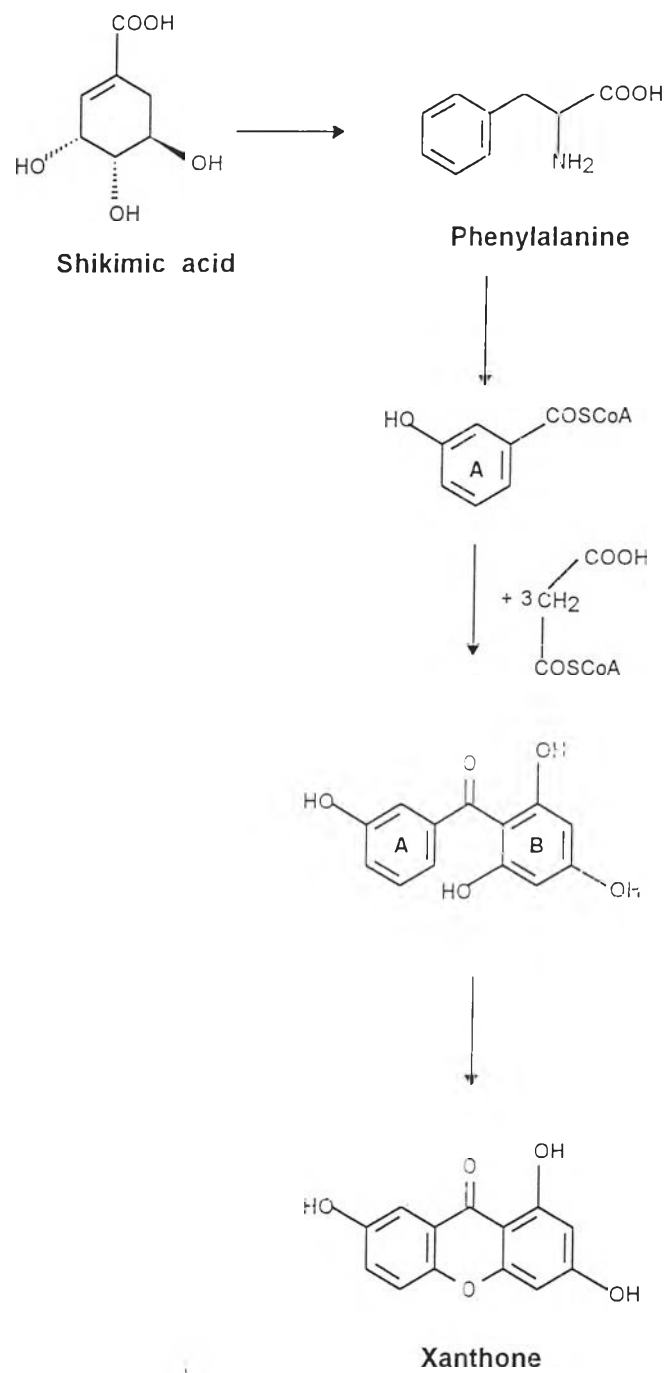
2.2 Biosynthesis of Xanthenes

The characteristic oxygenation patterns of xanthenes from higher plants were recognized early on as being due to a mixed shikimate-acetate biogenesis. Along these lines various biosynthetic pathways were proposed and these have been reviewed. Therefore, polyhydroxy benzophenones or their biogenetically equivalents could be intermediates in the formation of xanthenes. These are summarized in scheme 1 (Sultanbawa, 1980).

The biosynthetic pathway has been supported by the following experimental data :

- (a) The radio labelled acetate studies of Floss and Retting have shown acetate incorporation in ring B of xanthone.
- (b) Atkinson, Gupta and Lewis have confirmed the above results by showing 0.53% incorporation of 2-¹⁴C-acetate into the xanthenes formed in the rhizomes of *Gentiana lutea*
- (c) Lewis *et al.* have also shown that the ¹⁴C-labelled phenylalanine was incorporated into ring A

Other transformations associated with the biosynthesis of natural xanthenes are connected with the presence of methoxy, methylene dioxy groups, C₅ and C₁₀ residues. The biogenetic origin of C₅ and C₁₀ units is definitely 3,3-dimethylallyl pyrophosphate and geranyl pyrophosphate and these units would enter the *ortho*- or *para*- position to the phenolic OH groups to give the respective products



Scheme 1 Biosynthesis of xanthones in the Guttiferae

2.3 Classification of Xanthenes

Xanthenes have been found in all the major of Guttiferae. The classification of xanthone structures that have come out from the different *Garcinia* species which number about 90 investigation so far, are classified into 4 groups.

1. Simple oxygenated xanthenes

The structure of the below have been established mainly from the UV, IR and NMR data of these compounds. The UV spectrum varies in a characteristic maner depending on the oxygenation pattern and with the availability of a considerable amount of data. Assignments can be readily made. Besides use of AlCl_3 shifts for chelated-OH, sodium acetate, sodium hydroxide and boric acid shifts, considerable information of the position of -OH groups

In other locations can be obtained, such data have been very valuable for a preliminary assignment which can then be substantiated from NMR chemical shifts for remaining aromatic protons, whose coupling patterns provide additional and definitive information about their location. In the genus *Garcinia* can divided into 3 groups as shown in Table 2

Table 2 Simple oxygenated xanthenes of the genus *Garcinia*

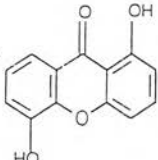
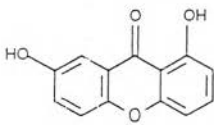
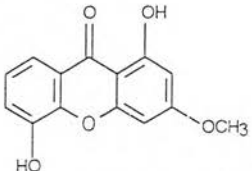
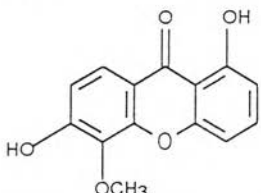
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
<p>Dioxygenated xanthone</p> <p>1,5-Dihydroxyxanthone</p> 	<p><i>G. echinocarpa</i></p> <p><i>G. subelliptica</i></p> <p><i>G. terpnophylla</i></p>	<p>Bandaranayake <i>et al.</i>, 1975</p> <p>Minami <i>et al.</i>, 1994</p> <p>Bandaranayake <i>et al.</i>, 1975</p>
<p>1,7-Dihydroxyxanthone</p> 	<p><i>G. eugeniifolia</i></p> <p><i>G. indica</i></p> <p><i>G. terpnophylla</i></p>	<p>Jackson, Locksley and Scheinmann, 1969</p> <p>Cotterill, Scheinmann and Puranik, 1977</p> <p>Bandaranayake <i>et al.</i>, 1975</p>
<p>Trioxxygenated xanthone</p> <p>1,5-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy-xanthone</p> 	<p><i>G. subelliptica</i></p>	<p>Iinuma <i>et al.</i>, 1995</p>
<p>1,6-Dihydroxy-5-methoxy-xanthone</p> 	<p><i>G. subelliptica</i></p>	<p>Minami <i>et al.</i>, 1994</p>

Table 2 (Continued)

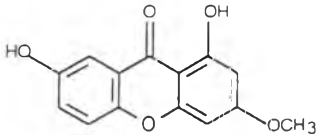
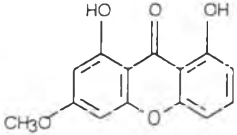
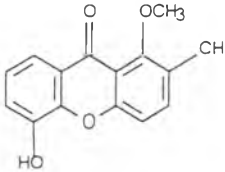
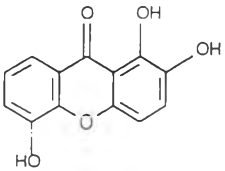
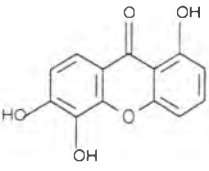
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
1,7-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy-xanthone 	<i>G. eugeniifolia</i>	Jackson, Locksley and Scheinmann, 1969
1,8-Dihydroxy-6-methoxy-xanthone 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
2,5-Dihydroxy-1-methoxy-xanthone 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
1,2,5-Trihydroxyxanthone 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
1,5,6-Trihydroxyxanthone 	<i>G. eugeniifolia</i>	Jackson, Locksley and Scheinmann, 1969

Table 2 (Continued)

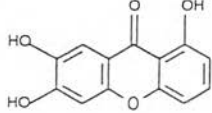
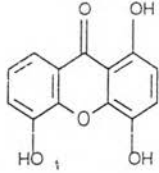
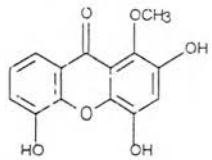
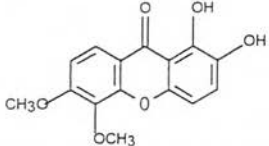
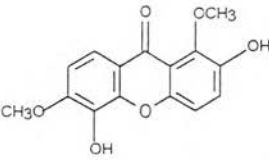
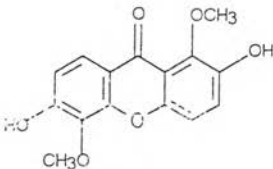
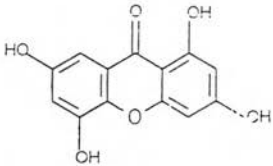
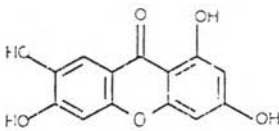
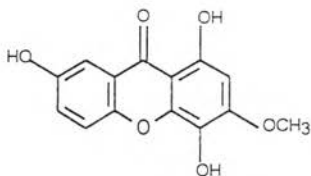
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
1,6,7-Trihydroxyxanthone 	<i>G. eugeniifolia</i>	Jackson, Locksley and Scheinmann, 1969
Subelliptenone G 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Tetrahydroxygenated xanthone BR-xanthone B 	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Balasubramanian and Rajagopalan, 1988
1,2-Dihydroxy-5,6-dimethoxy-xanthone 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
2,5-Dihydroxy-1,6-dimethoxy-xanthone 	<i>G. thwaitesii</i>	Gunatilaka <i>et al.</i> , 1983

Table 2 (Continued)

Chemical compound	Source	Reference
2,6-Dihydroxy-1,5-dimethoxy-xanthone 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
1,3,5,7-Tetrahydroxyxanthone 	<i>G. pedunculata</i>	Rao <i>et al.</i> , 1974
1,3,6,7-Tetrahydroxyxanthone 	<i>G. echinocarpa</i> <i>G. mangostana</i> <i>G. rautiflora</i> <i>G. pedunculata</i>	Bandaranayake <i>et al.</i> , 1975 Holloway and Scheinmann, 1975 Chen, Lin and Hsu, 1975 Rao <i>et al.</i> , 1974
1,4,7-Trihydroxy-3-methoxy-xanthone 	<i>G. eugeniifolia</i>	Jackson, Locksley and Scheinmann, 1969

2. Prenylated xanthenes

The presence of prenyl and geranyl groups in the nucleus can be of chemotaxonomic value and a large number of them have been characterised in the last decade. Mono-, di- and tri-prenylated compounds have been isolated and in some of them the prenyl group has in certain cases undergone further change. The most characteristic of which is its oxidative cyclisation with an *ortho*-OH group to a chromene ring. Characterisation of these compounds and their structure elucidation has been simplified by the characteristic NMR patterns that these prenylated groups manifest. On account of which structures of some resulting complex molecules have been more rapidly established no doubt with other supplementary data. The next few figures summarise the information on these compounds. There are no mono-oxygenated prenylated xanthenes reported so far.

Table 3 Prenylated xanthenes of the genus *Garcinia*

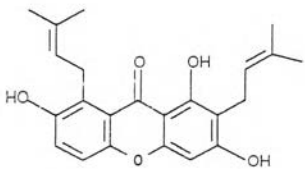
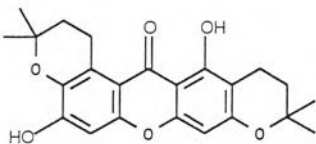
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
2,8-Bis-(γ,γ -dimethylallyl)-1,3,7-trihydroxyxanthone 	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Mahabusarakam, Wiriyaichitra and Taylor, 1987
BR-xanthone A 	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Balasubramanian and Rajagopalan, 1988

Table 3 (Continued)

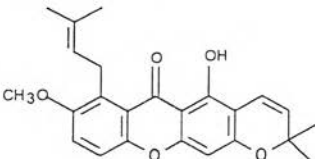
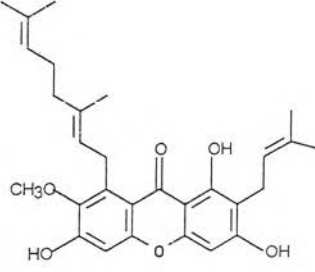
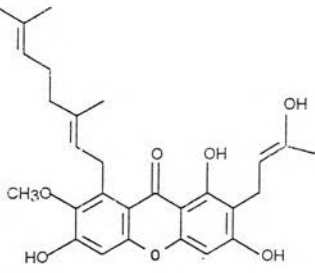
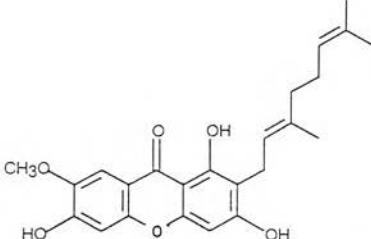
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
<p>Calabaxanthone</p> 	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Mahabusarakam, Wiriyaichitra and Taylor, 1987
<p>Cowanin</p> 	<i>G. cowa</i>	Na Pattalung <i>et al.</i> , 1994
<p>Cowanol</p> 	<i>G. cowa</i>	Na Pattalung <i>et al.</i> , 1994
<p>Cowaxanthone</p> 	<i>G. cowa</i>	Na Pattalung <i>et al.</i> , 1994

Table 3 (Continued)

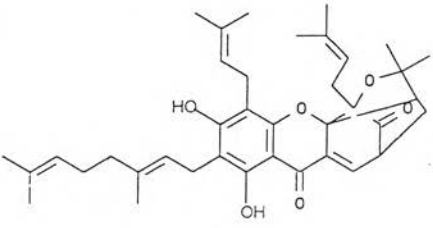
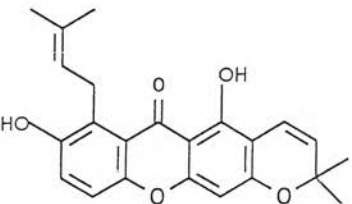
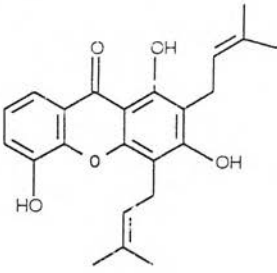
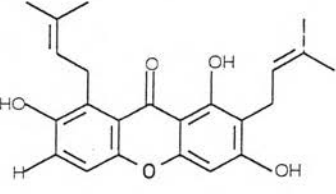
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
Desoxygambogenin 	<i>G. hanburyi</i>	Asano <i>et al.</i> ,1996
Demethylcalabaxanthone 	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987
8-Deoxygartanin 	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Govindachari <i>et al.</i> ,1971 Sakai <i>et al.</i> ,1993
6-Deoxy- γ -mangostin 	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Sakai <i>et al.</i> ,1993

Table 3 (Continued)

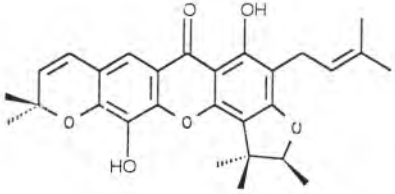
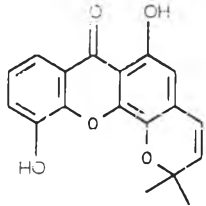
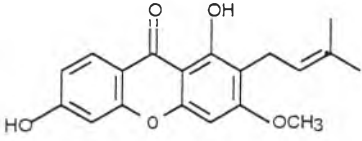
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
<p>4'',5''-Dihydro-1,5-dihydroxy-6',6'-dimethylpyrano(2',3':6,7)-2-(3-methylbut-2-enyl)-4'',4'',5''-trimethylfuran(2'',3'':3,4)xanthone</p> 	<i>G. opaca</i>	Goh <i>et al.</i> , 1992
<p>6,11-Dihydroxy-2,2-dimethylpyrano [3,2-C]xanthone-7(2H)-one</p> 	<i>G. livingstonei</i>	Sordat-Diserens, Hamburger <i>et al.</i> , 1992
<p>1,6-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy-2-(3-methyl-2-butenyl)xanthone</p> 	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Parveen and Khan, 1989

Table 3 (Continued)

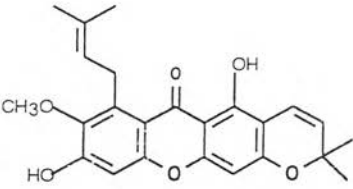
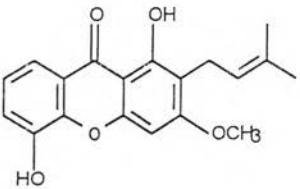
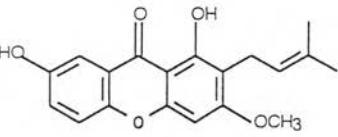
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
<p>5,9-Dihydroxy-8-methoxy-2,2-dimethyl-7-(3-methylbut-2-enyl)-2H,6H-pyrano[3,2-b]xanthone-6-one</p> 	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Sen <i>et al.</i> , 1980
<p>1,5-Dihydroxy-2-(3-methylbut-2-enyl)-3-methoxyxanthone</p> 	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Sen <i>et al.</i> , 1981
<p>1,7-Dihydroxy-2-(3-methylbut-2-enyl)-3-methoxyxanthone</p> 	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987

Table 3 (Continued)

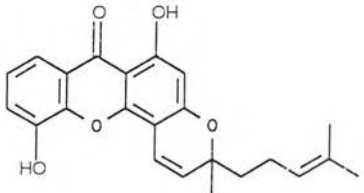
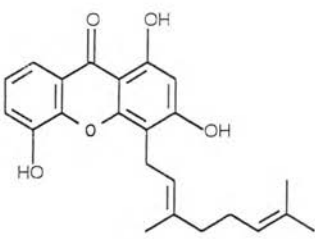
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
<p>6,11-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy-3-(4-methylpen-3-enyl)-3H,7H-pyrano [2,3-C]xanthone-7-one</p> 	<i>G. livingstonei</i>	Sordat-Diserens, Hamburger <i>et al.</i> , 1992
<p>4-(3',7'-Dimethylocta-2',6'-dienyl) 1,3,5-trihydroxy-9H-xanthone-9-one</p> 	<i>G. livingstonei</i>	Sordat-Diserens, Hamburger <i>et al.</i> , 1992
Forbexanthone	<i>G. forbesii</i>	Harrison <i>et al.</i> , 1993

Table 3 (Continued)

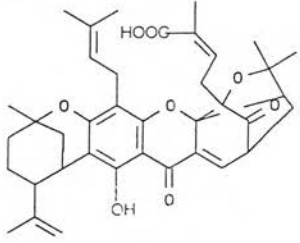
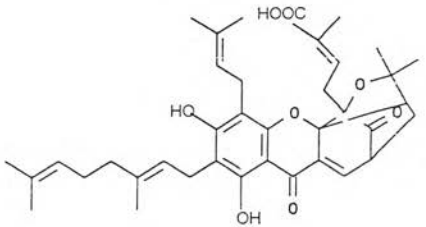
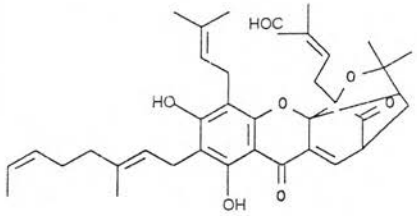
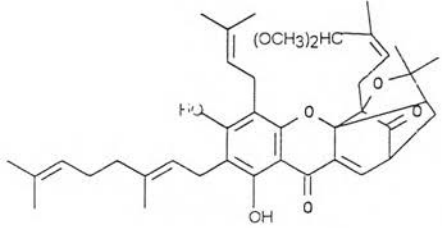
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
Gambogellic acid 	<i>G. hanburyi</i>	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Gambogenic acid 	<i>G. hanburyi</i>	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Gambogenin 	<i>G. hanburyi</i>	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Gambogenin dimethyl acetal 	<i>G. hanburyi</i>	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996

Table 3 (Continued)

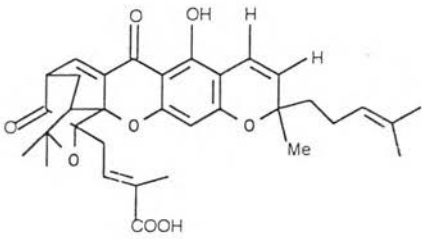
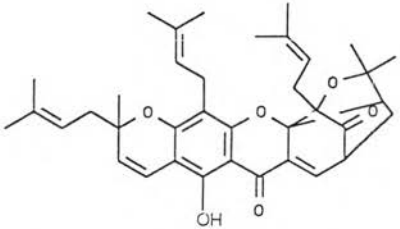
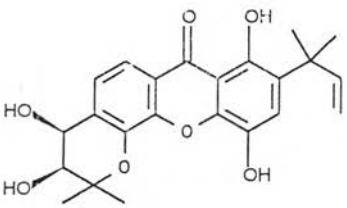
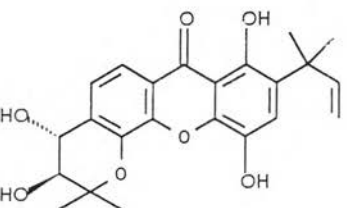
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
<p data-bbox="244 483 460 517">Gambogic acid</p>  <p>The structure of Gambogic acid is a complex polycyclic molecule. It features a central benzene ring with a hydroxyl group (OH) and a hydrogen atom (H) at the 1 and 2 positions, respectively. This ring is fused to a five-membered ring containing a carbonyl group (C=O) and an oxygen atom. Another five-membered ring is fused to the benzene ring, containing a methyl group (Me) and a hydrogen atom (H). A side chain with a terminal carboxylic acid group (COOH) and a methyl group is attached to the benzene ring. The molecule also contains several other rings and substituents, including a long chain with a terminal methyl group and a double bond.</p>	<p data-bbox="769 483 931 517"><i>G. hanburyi</i></p>	<p data-bbox="1005 483 1260 517">Asano <i>et al.</i>, 1996</p>
<p data-bbox="244 855 382 889">Gambogin</p>  <p>The structure of Gambogin is a complex polycyclic molecule. It features a central benzene ring with a hydroxyl group (OH) and a carbonyl group (C=O) at the 1 and 2 positions, respectively. This ring is fused to a five-membered ring containing an oxygen atom. Another five-membered ring is fused to the benzene ring, containing a methyl group (Me) and a hydrogen atom (H). A side chain with a terminal methyl group and a double bond is attached to the benzene ring. The molecule also contains several other rings and substituents, including a long chain with a terminal methyl group and a double bond.</p>	<p data-bbox="769 855 931 889"><i>G. hanburyi</i></p>	<p data-bbox="1005 855 1260 889">Asano <i>et al.</i>, 1996</p>
<p data-bbox="244 1195 435 1229">Garcigerrin A</p>  <p>The structure of Garcigerrin A is a complex polycyclic molecule. It features a central benzene ring with a carbonyl group (C=O) and a hydroxyl group (OH) at the 1 and 2 positions, respectively. This ring is fused to a five-membered ring containing an oxygen atom. Another five-membered ring is fused to the benzene ring, containing a methyl group (Me) and a hydrogen atom (H). A side chain with a terminal methyl group and a double bond is attached to the benzene ring. The molecule also contains several other rings and substituents, including a long chain with a terminal methyl group and a double bond.</p>	<p data-bbox="769 1195 915 1229"><i>G. gerrardii</i></p>	<p data-bbox="1005 1195 1260 1297">Sordat-Diserens, Marston <i>et al.</i>, 1989</p>
<p data-bbox="244 1569 435 1603">Garcigerrin B</p>  <p>The structure of Garcigerrin B is a complex polycyclic molecule. It features a central benzene ring with a carbonyl group (C=O) and a hydroxyl group (OH) at the 1 and 2 positions, respectively. This ring is fused to a five-membered ring containing an oxygen atom. Another five-membered ring is fused to the benzene ring, containing a methyl group (Me) and a hydrogen atom (H). A side chain with a terminal methyl group and a double bond is attached to the benzene ring. The molecule also contains several other rings and substituents, including a long chain with a terminal methyl group and a double bond.</p>	<p data-bbox="769 1569 915 1603"><i>G. gerrardii</i></p>	<p data-bbox="1005 1569 1260 1671">Sordat-Diserens, Marston <i>et al.</i>, 1989</p>

Table 3 (Continued)

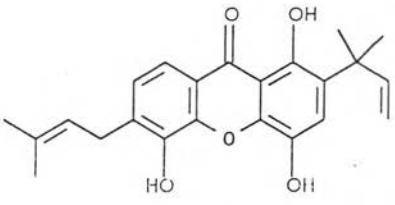
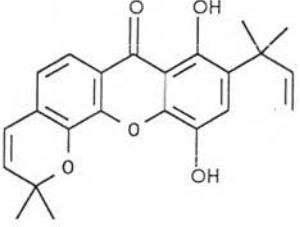
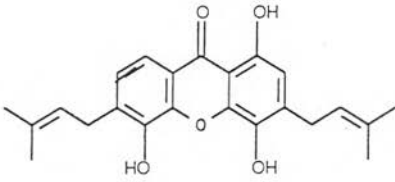
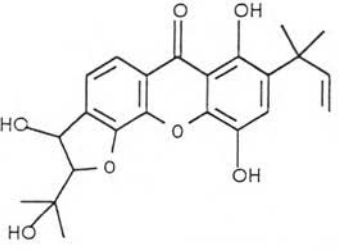
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
<p data-bbox="263 485 523 517">Garciniaxanthone A</p> 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
<p data-bbox="263 818 523 850">Garciniaxanthone B</p> 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
<p data-bbox="263 1188 523 1220">Garciniaxanthone C</p> 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994
<p data-bbox="263 1499 523 1530">Garciniaxanthone D</p> 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1994

Table 3 (Continued)

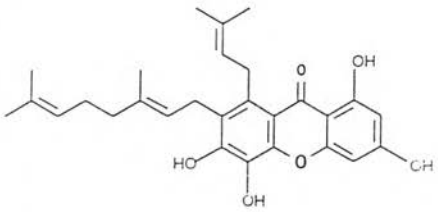
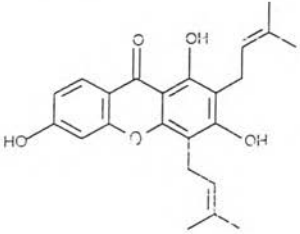
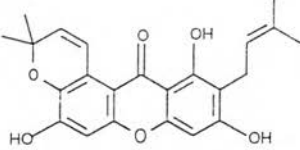
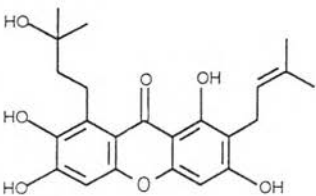
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
<p data-bbox="241 471 503 505">Garciniaxanthone E</p>  <p>The structure of Garciniaxanthone E is a xanthone derivative. It features a central xanthone core with a hydroxyl group at position 1 and a methyl group at position 8. The C-2 position is substituted with a long chain containing two methylated double bonds. The C-3 position is substituted with a 3-methylbut-2-enyl group. The C-4 position is substituted with a 2,4-dihydroxyphenyl group.</p>	<p data-bbox="758 471 958 505"><i>G. subelliptica</i></p>	<p data-bbox="994 471 1271 505">Minami <i>et al.</i>, 1994</p>
<p data-bbox="241 857 420 891">Garcinone A</p>  <p>The structure of Garcinone A is a xanthone derivative. It features a central xanthone core with hydroxyl groups at positions 1, 3, and 4. The C-2 position is substituted with a 3-methylbut-2-enyl group. The C-3 position is substituted with a 3-methylbut-2-enyl group. The C-4 position is substituted with a 2,4-dihydroxyphenyl group.</p>	<p data-bbox="758 857 958 891"><i>G. mangostana</i></p>	<p data-bbox="994 857 1208 891">Sen <i>et al.</i>, 1982</p>
<p data-bbox="241 1242 420 1276">Garcinone B</p>  <p>The structure of Garcinone B is a xanthone derivative. It features a central xanthone core with hydroxyl groups at positions 1, 3, and 4. The C-2 position is substituted with a 3-methylbut-2-enyl group. The C-3 position is substituted with a 3-methylbut-2-enyl group. The C-4 position is substituted with a 2,4-dihydroxyphenyl group.</p>	<p data-bbox="758 1242 958 1276"><i>G. mangostana</i></p>	<p data-bbox="994 1242 1208 1276">Sen <i>et al.</i>, 1982</p>
<p data-bbox="241 1537 420 1571">Garcinone C</p>  <p>The structure of Garcinone C is a xanthone derivative. It features a central xanthone core with hydroxyl groups at positions 1, 3, and 4. The C-2 position is substituted with a 3-methylbut-2-enyl group. The C-3 position is substituted with a 3-methylbut-2-enyl group. The C-4 position is substituted with a 2,4-dihydroxyphenyl group.</p>	<p data-bbox="758 1537 958 1571"><i>G. mangostana</i></p>	<p data-bbox="994 1537 1208 1571">Sen <i>et al.</i>, 1982</p>

Table 3 (Continued)

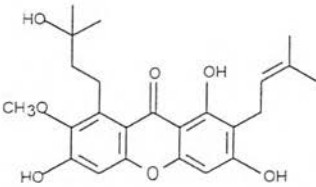
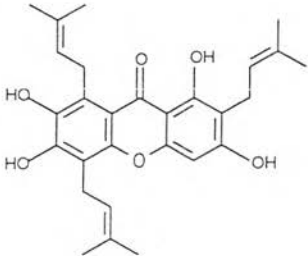
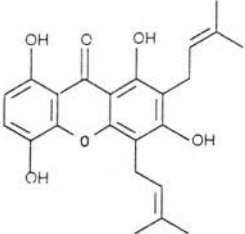
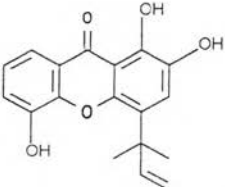
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
<p data-bbox="239 478 424 512">Garcinone D</p> 	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Sen <i>et al.</i> , 1982
<p data-bbox="239 811 420 845">Garcinone E</p> 	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Sakai <i>et al.</i> , 1982
<p data-bbox="239 1215 351 1249">Gartanin</p> 	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987
<p data-bbox="239 1601 435 1635">Globuxanthone</p> 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Iinuma <i>et al.</i> , 1994

Table 3 (Continued)

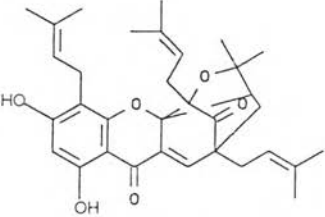
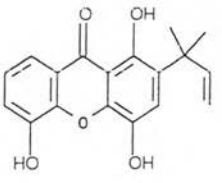
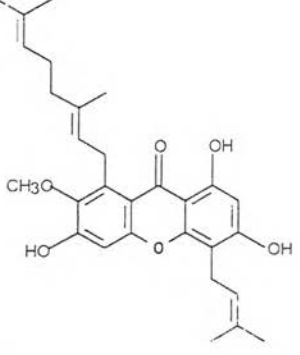
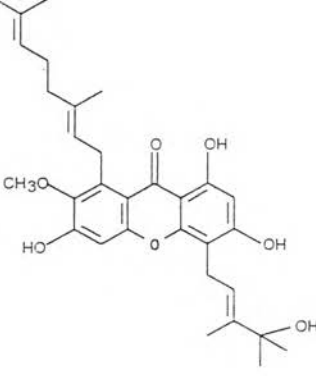
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
<p data-bbox="241 471 366 503">Hanburin</p> 	<p data-bbox="765 471 921 503"><i>G. hanburyi</i></p>	<p data-bbox="1000 471 1260 503">Asano <i>et al.</i>, 1996</p>
<p data-bbox="241 802 680 834">12b-Hydroxy-des-D-garcigerrin A</p> 	<p data-bbox="765 802 915 834"><i>G. gerrardii</i></p> <p data-bbox="765 938 962 970"><i>G. livingstonei</i></p> <p data-bbox="765 1075 962 1106"><i>G. subelliptica</i></p>	<p data-bbox="1000 802 1276 902">Sordat-Diserens, Marston <i>et al.</i>, 1989</p> <p data-bbox="1000 938 1313 1038">Sordat-Diserens, Hamburger <i>et al.</i>, 1992</p> <p data-bbox="1000 1075 1292 1106">Fukuyama <i>et al.</i>, 1991</p>
<p data-bbox="241 1143 382 1174">Isocowanin</p> 	<p data-bbox="765 1143 900 1174"><i>G. pyrifer</i></p>	<p data-bbox="1000 1143 1313 1242">Ampofo and Waterman, 1986</p>
<p data-bbox="241 1605 382 1637">Isocowanol</p> 	<p data-bbox="765 1605 900 1637"><i>G. pyrifer</i></p>	<p data-bbox="1000 1605 1313 1705">Ampofo and Waterman, 1986</p>

Table 3 (Continued)

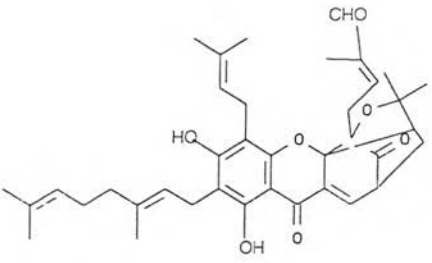
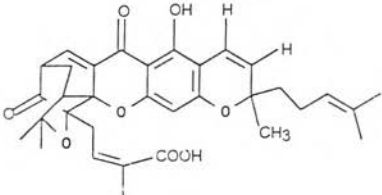
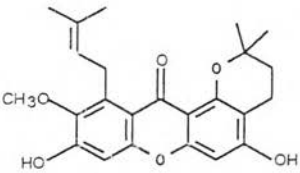
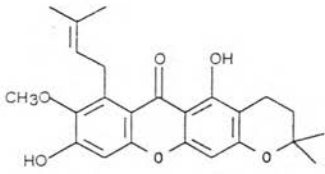
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
<p data-bbox="247 462 451 501">Isogambogenin</p>  <p>The structure of Isogambogenin is a complex polycyclic molecule. It features a central benzene ring with two hydroxyl groups (HO and OH) and a carbonyl group (C=O). This central ring is fused to a five-membered ring containing an oxygen atom and a carbonyl group. Further fused is a six-membered ring with a carbonyl group and a methyl group. A long, branched side chain with multiple double bonds and a terminal aldehyde group (CHO) is attached to the central ring.</p>	<p data-bbox="774 462 931 501"><i>G. hanburyi</i></p>	<p data-bbox="1009 462 1260 501">Asano <i>et al.</i>, 1996</p>
<p data-bbox="247 852 492 891">Isogambogic acid</p>  <p>The structure of Isogambogic acid is a complex polycyclic molecule. It features a central benzene ring with two hydroxyl groups (OH and H) and a carbonyl group (C=O). This central ring is fused to a five-membered ring containing an oxygen atom and a carbonyl group. Further fused is a six-membered ring with a carbonyl group and a methyl group. A long, branched side chain with multiple double bonds and a terminal carboxylic acid group (COOH) is attached to the central ring.</p>	<p data-bbox="774 852 931 891"><i>G. hanburyi</i></p>	<p data-bbox="1009 852 1260 891">Asano <i>et al.</i>, 1996</p>
<p data-bbox="247 1261 445 1299">1-Isomangostin</p>  <p>The structure of 1-Isomangostin is a complex polycyclic molecule. It features a central benzene ring with a methoxy group (CH₃O) and a hydroxyl group (HO). This central ring is fused to a five-membered ring containing an oxygen atom and a carbonyl group. Further fused is a six-membered ring with a carbonyl group and a hydroxyl group (OH). A long, branched side chain with multiple double bonds and a methyl group is attached to the central ring.</p>	<p data-bbox="774 1261 962 1299"><i>G. mangostana</i></p>	<p data-bbox="1009 1261 1229 1435">Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987</p>
<p data-bbox="247 1612 445 1651">3-Isomangostin</p>  <p>The structure of 3-Isomangostin is a complex polycyclic molecule. It features a central benzene ring with a methoxy group (CH₃O) and a hydroxyl group (HO). This central ring is fused to a five-membered ring containing an oxygen atom and a carbonyl group. Further fused is a six-membered ring with a carbonyl group and a hydroxyl group (OH). A long, branched side chain with multiple double bonds and a methyl group is attached to the central ring.</p>	<p data-bbox="774 1612 962 1651"><i>G. mangostana</i></p>	<p data-bbox="1009 1612 1229 1787">Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987</p>

Table 3 (Continued)

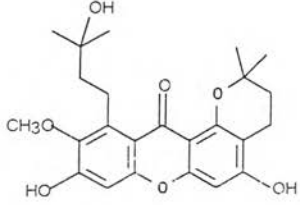
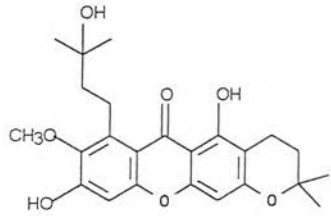
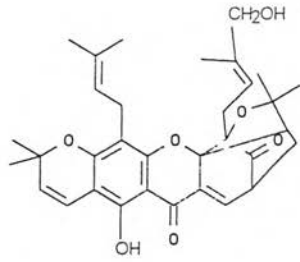
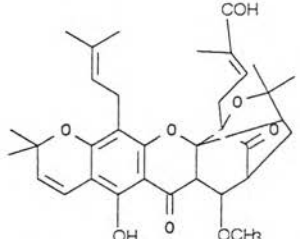
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
<p>1-Isomangostin hydrate</p>  <p>The structure shows a xanthone core with a 3-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl group at C-1, a methoxy group at C-2, and hydroxyl groups at C-3 and C-8. A tetrahydropyran ring is fused to the C-7 position.</p>	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Mahabusarakam, Wiriya-chitra and Taylor, 1987
<p>3-Isomangostin hydrate</p>  <p>The structure is similar to 1-Isomangostin hydrate, but the 3-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl group is at C-3, and the hydroxyl group is at C-1. The methoxy group is at C-2, and the tetrahydropyran ring is fused to C-7.</p>	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Mahabusarakam, Wiriya-chitra and Taylor, 1987
<p>Isomorellinol</p>  <p>The structure features a xanthone core with a 3-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl group at C-1, a hydroxyl group at C-2, and a hydroxymethyl group at C-8. A tetrahydropyran ring is fused to C-7.</p>	<i>G. hanburyi</i>	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
<p>Isomorellin B</p>  <p>The structure is similar to Isomorellinol, but it has a hydroxyl group at C-2 and a methoxy group at C-8. The 3-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl group is at C-1, and the tetrahydropyran ring is fused to C-7.</p>	<i>G. hanburyi</i>	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996

Table 3 (Continued)

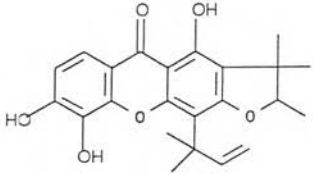
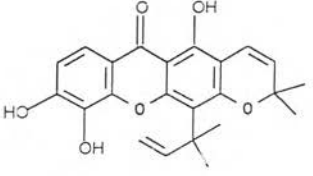
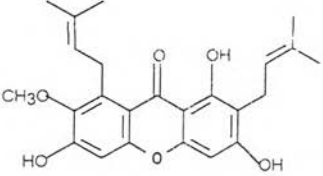
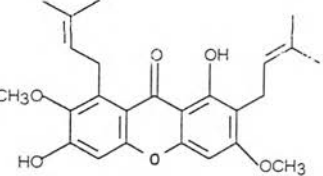
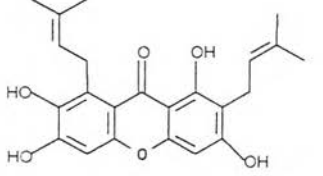
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
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<p data-bbox="244 830 471 864">Macluraxanthone</p> 	<p data-bbox="769 830 887 864"><i>G. opaca</i></p> <p data-bbox="769 898 934 932"><i>G. ovalifolia</i></p>	<p data-bbox="1005 830 1216 864">Goh <i>et al.</i>, 1992</p> <p data-bbox="1005 898 1326 1000">Waterman and Crichton, 1980</p>
<p data-bbox="244 1140 409 1174">α-Mangostin</p> 	<p data-bbox="769 1140 958 1174"><i>G. mangostana</i></p>	<p data-bbox="1005 1140 1216 1310">Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987</p>
<p data-bbox="244 1431 409 1465">β-Mangostin</p> 	<p data-bbox="769 1431 958 1465"><i>G. mangostana</i></p>	<p data-bbox="1005 1431 1216 1601">Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987</p>
<p data-bbox="244 1759 401 1793">γ-Mangostin</p> 	<p data-bbox="769 1759 958 1793"><i>G. mangostana</i></p>	<p data-bbox="1005 1759 1216 1930">Mahabusarakam, Wiriyachitra and Taylor, 1987</p>

Table 3 (Continued)

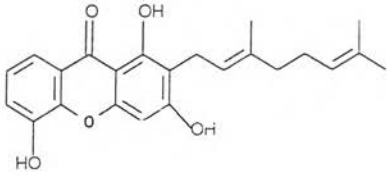
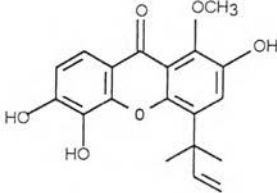
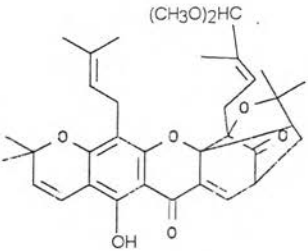
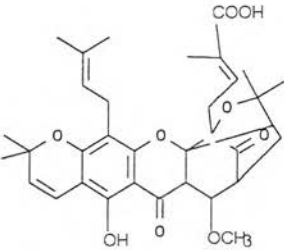
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
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<p data-bbox="254 857 624 891">1-O-Methylsympioxanthone</p> 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1996
<p data-bbox="254 1265 592 1299">Morellin dimethyl acetal</p> 	<i>G. hanburyi</i>	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996
<p data-bbox="254 1685 443 1719">Moreollic acid</p> 	<i>G. hanburyi</i>	Asano <i>et al.</i> , 1996

Table 3 (Continued)

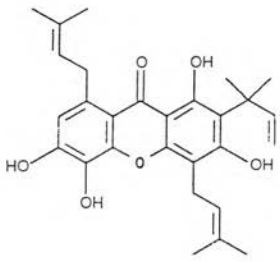
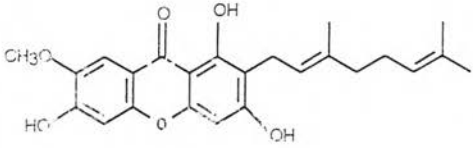
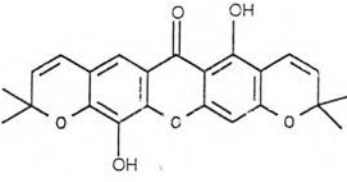
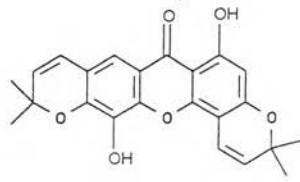
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
<p data-bbox="243 494 470 528">Nervosaxanthone</p> 	<p data-bbox="765 494 906 528"><i>G. nervosa</i></p>	<p data-bbox="995 494 1324 596">Ampofo and Waterman, 1986</p>
<p data-bbox="243 959 399 993">Norcowanin</p> 	<p data-bbox="765 959 870 993"><i>G. cowa</i></p>	<p data-bbox="995 959 1324 993">Na Pattalung <i>et al.</i>, 1994</p>
<p data-bbox="243 1310 462 1344">Pyranojacareubin</p> 	<p data-bbox="765 1310 932 1344"><i>G. densivenia</i></p> <p data-bbox="765 1446 901 1481"><i>G. forbesii</i></p>	<p data-bbox="995 1310 1324 1412">Waterman and Crichton, 1980</p> <p data-bbox="995 1446 1262 1481">Harrison <i>et al.</i>, 1993</p>
<p data-bbox="243 1662 493 1696">Rheediaxanthone A</p> 	<p data-bbox="765 1662 885 1696"><i>G. staudtii</i></p>	<p data-bbox="995 1662 1309 1764">Waterman and Hussain, 1982</p>

Table 3 (Continued)

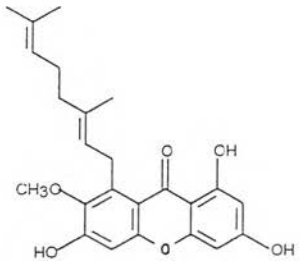
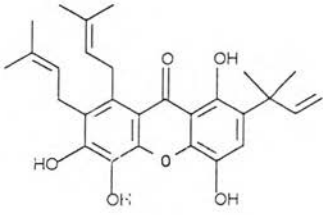
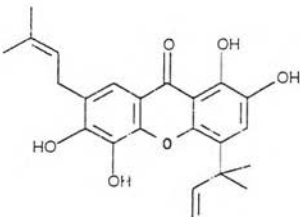
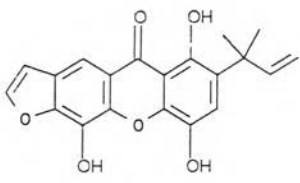
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
<p>Rubraxanthone</p> 	<p><i>G. nervosa</i></p> <p><i>G. pyrifer</i></p>	<p>Ampofo and Waterman, 1986</p> <p>Ampofo and Waterman, 1986</p>
<p>Subelliptenone A</p> 	<p><i>G. subelliptica</i></p>	<p>Iinuma <i>et al.</i>, 1994</p>
<p>Subelliptenone B</p> 	<p><i>G. subelliptica</i></p>	<p>Iinuma <i>et al.</i>, 1995</p>
<p>Subelliptenone C</p> 	<p><i>G. subelliptica</i></p>	<p>Iinuma <i>et al.</i>, 1995</p>

Table 3 (Continued)

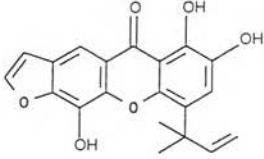
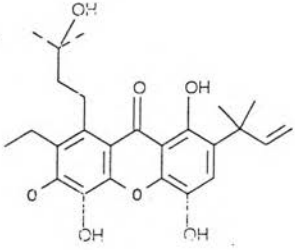
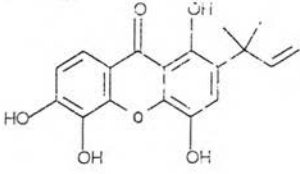
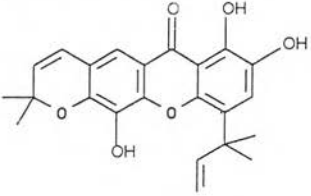
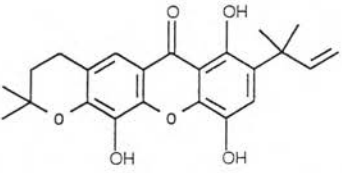
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
Subelliptenone D 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Inuma <i>et al.</i> , 1995
Subelliptenone E 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Inuma <i>et al.</i> , 1995
Subelliptenone F 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Inuma <i>et al.</i> , 1995
Subelliptenone H 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Inuma <i>et al.</i> , 1995
Subelliptenone I 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Inuma <i>et al.</i> , 1995

Table 3 (Continued)

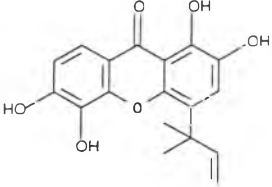
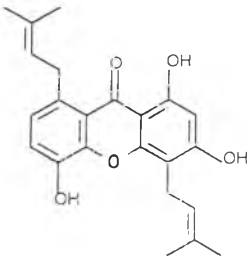
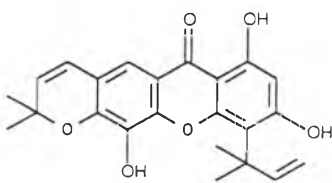
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
Symphoxanthone 	<i>G. subelliptica</i>	Minami <i>et al.</i> , 1996
1,3,5-Trihydroxy-4,8-di(3,3-dimethyl allyl)xanthone 	<i>G. quadrifaria</i>	Waterman and Hussain, 1982
1,3,5-Trihydroxy-6',6'-dimethyl pyrano (2',3' : 6,7)-4-(1,1-dimethyl prop-2-enyl)xanthone 	<i>G. opaca</i>	Goh <i>et al.</i> , 1992

Table 3 (Continued)

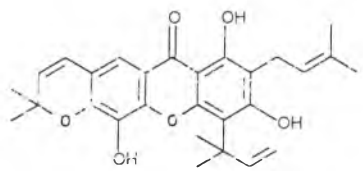
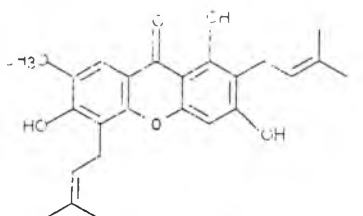
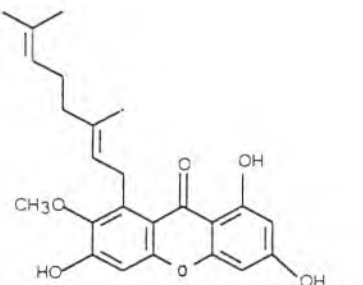
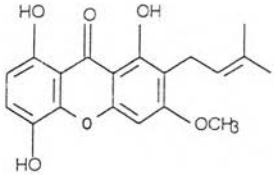
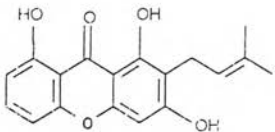
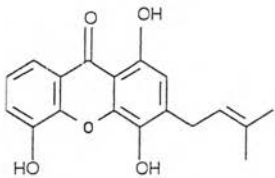
Chemical compound	Source	Reference
<p>1,3,5-Trihydroxy-6',6'-dimethyl pyrano (2',3' : 6,7)-2-(3-methylbut-2- enyl)-4(1,1-dimethylprop-2-enyl) xanthone</p> 	<i>G. opaca</i>	Goh <i>et al.</i> , 1992
<p>1,3,6-Trihydroxy-7-methoxy-2,5-bis (3-methyl-2-butenyl)xanthone</p> 	<i>G. cowa</i>	Na Pattalung <i>et al.</i> , 1994
<p>1,3,6-Trihydroxy-7-methoxy-8- (3,7-dimethyl-2,6-octadienyl)xanthone</p> 	<i>G. cowa</i>	Lee and Chan, 1977

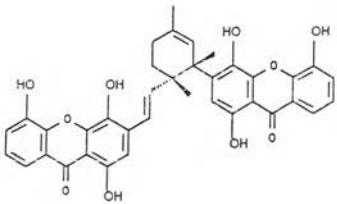
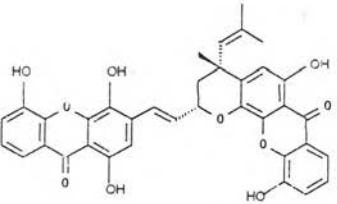
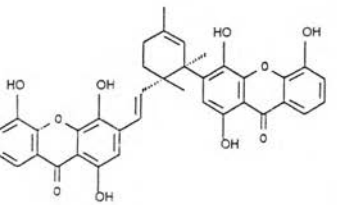
Table 3 (Continued)

Chemical compound	Source	Reference
<p>1,5,8-Trihydroxy-3-methoxy-2-(3-methyl-2-butenyl)xanthone</p> 	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Sakai <i>et al.</i> , 1993
<p>1,3,7-Trihydroxy-2-(3-methylbut-2-enyl)xanthone</p> 	<i>G. forbesii</i>	Harrison <i>et al.</i> , 1993
<p>1,4,5-Trihydroxy-3-(3-methylbut-2-enyl)-9H-xanthone-9-one</p> 	<i>G. livingstonei</i>	Sordat-Diserens, Hamburger <i>et al.</i> , 1992

3. Dimeric xanthone

In the genus *Garcinia* has been found only in *G. livingstonei*.

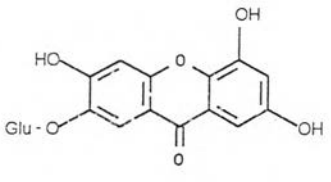
Table 4 Dimeric xanthenes of the genus *Garcinia*

Chemical compound	Source	Reference
Garcilivin A 	<i>G. livingstonei</i> .	Sordat-Diserens, Hamburger <i>et al.</i> , 1992
Garcilivin B 	<i>G. livingstonei</i> .	Sordat-Diserens, Hamburger <i>et al.</i> , 1992
Garcilivin C 	<i>G. livingstonei</i> .	Sordat-Diserens, Hamburger <i>et al.</i> , 1992

4. Xanthone glycosides

In the genus *Garcinia* has been found only in *G. mangostana*.

Table 5 Xanthone glycosides of the genus *Garcinia*

Chemical compound	Source	Reference
1,3,6,7-Tetrahydroxyxanthone-O-D-glucoside 	<i>G. mangostana</i>	Holloway and Scheinmann, 1975