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APPENDICES

APPENDIX A

rgb2xyz

```

function [xyz]=rgb2xyz(infile);
% convert sRGB toXYZ
%rgb2xyz.m
%arguments
%infile-filename of input image
%25/8/2005

A=imread(infile);
img=im2double(A);
[m,n,c]=size(A);

%convert sRGB to RGB
for i=1:m
    for j=1:n
        for k=1:c
            if img(i,j,k)<=0.03928;
                xyz_img(i,j,k)=(img(i,j,k)/12.92);
            else
                xyz_img(i,j,k)=((img(i,j,k)+0.055)/1.055).^2.4;
            end
        end
    end
end

r=xyz_img(:, :, 1);
g=xyz_img(:, :, 2);
b=xyz_img(:, :, 3);

%convert RGB to XYZ
x=(0.4124.*r)+(0.3576.*g)+(0.1805.*b);

```

```
y=(0.2126.*r)+(0.7152.*g)+(0.0722.*b);
```

```
z=(0.0193.*r)+(0.1192.*g)+(0.9505.*b);
```

```
xyz(:,:,1)=x.*100;
```

```
xyz(:,:,2)=y.*100;
```

```
xyz(:,:,3)=z.*100;
```

iCAM

```

function [xyz_inv] = iCAM(infile);
%This is a implementation of iCAM algorithm for image enhancement
% iCAM.m
%arguments:
%infile-filename of input image
%input 1. The size of the first and the second filter, utilized the size of filter
           equal to the size of image.
           2. The sigma ( $\sigma$ ) value
              (1) The first filter use the sigma values about 50-60
              (2) The second filter use the sigma values about 200
%20/01/2006

ima=infile;
img= nozero(ima);                               % load nozero.m
[m,n,c]=size(img);

% filter 1
xyz_wh = LP1(img,[m n],50);                       % load LP1.m
Mcat=[0.7328,0.4296,-0.1624;-0.7036,1.6975,0.0061;0.0030,0.0136,0.9834];
Mcati = inv(Mcat);
RGB_wh = ccs(xyz_wh,Mcat);                         % load ccs.m

% filter 2 & find FL and D factorr
y_low = LP2(img,[m n],200);                       % load LP2.m
D= 1*(1-(1/3.6)*exp((-1*y_low-42)./92));
FL = (0.2.*((1./(5.*y_low+1)).^4).*(5.*y_low))+(0.1.*(1-
(1./(5.*y_low+1)).^4).*(5.*y_low).^(1/3)));

%convert to RGB correspond
RGB_img = ccs(img,Mcat);

```



```

xyz_d65 = [95.5,100.0,108.88];
RGB_d65 = Mcat*xyz_d65';

Rc = (((D.*RGB_d65(1))./RGB_wh(:,,1))+(1-D)).*RGB_img(:,,1);
Gc = (((D.*RGB_d65(2))./RGB_wh(:,,2))+(1-D)).*RGB_img(:,,2);
Bc = (((D.*RGB_d65(3))./RGB_wh(:,,3))+(1-D)).*RGB_img(:,,3);

adapt_img = zeros(size(img));
adapt_img(:,,1) = Rc;
adapt_img(:,,2) = Gc;
adapt_img(:,,3) = Bc;

xyz_ipt = ccs(adapt_img,Mcati);

%convert to IPT
xyz2lms = [0.4002,0.7077,-0.0807;-0.2280,1.1500,0.0612;0.0,0.0,0.9184];
lms2xyz = inv(xyz2lms);
lms = ccs(xyz_ipt,xyz2lms);

belowz = zeros(size(img));
belowz(:,,1) = (lms(:,,1)<= 0);
belowz(:,,2) = (lms(:,,2)<= 0);
belowz(:,,3) = (lms(:,,3)<= 0);

belowz = logical (belowz);

lms_nl(:,,1) = abs(lms(:,,1)).^(FL*.43);
lms_nl(:,,2) = abs(lms(:,,2)).^(FL*.43);
lms_nl(:,,3) = abs(lms(:,,3)).^(FL*.43);

lms_nl(belowz) = -1*lms_nl(belowz);

lms2ipt = [0.4000,0.4000,0.2000;4.4550,-4.8510,0.3960;0.8056,0.3572,-1.1628];
ipt2lms = inv(lms2ipt);

```

```

ipt_img = ccs(lms_nl,lms2ipt);
%InvertModel

%invert IPT to xyz
lms_inv = ccs(ipt_img,ipt2lms);
lmsc_inv(:,,1) = abs(lms_inv(:,,1)).^(1./(FL.*0.43));
lmsc_inv(:,,2) = abs(lms_inv(:,,2)).^(1./(FL.*0.43));
lmsc_inv(:,,3) = abs(lms_inv(:,,3)).^(1./(FL.*0.43));

xyz_ipt_inv = ccs(lmsc_inv,lms2xyz);

%invert to RGB adaptation
M = [0.8562,0.3372,-0.1934;-0.8360,1.8327,0.0033;0.0357,-0.0469,1.0112];
Mi = inv(M);
RGB_adapt_inv = ccs(xyz_ipt_inv,M);

xyz_whitepoint = [100.0,100.0,100.0];
RGB_whitepoint = M*xyz_whitepoint';
RGB_d65n=M*xyz_d65';

Rc_inv = (((D.*RGB_whitepoint(1))./RGB_d65n(1))+(1-D)).*RGB_adapt_inv(:,,1);
Gc_inv = (((D.*RGB_whitepoint(2))./RGB_d65n(2))+(1-D)).*RGB_adapt_inv(:,,2);
Bc_inv = (((D.*RGB_whitepoint(3))./RGB_d65n(3))+(1-D)).*RGB_adapt_inv(:,,3);

RGB_inv = zeros(size(img));
RGB_inv(:,,1) = Rc_inv;
RGB_inv(:,,2) = Gc_inv;
RGB_inv(:,,3) = Bc_inv;

xyz_inv = ccs(RGB_inv,Mi);

```



xyz2rgb

```

function [rgb]=xyz2rgb(infile);

%convert XYZ to RGB
%xyz2rgb.m
%arguments:
%infile-filename of input image
%25/8/2005

xyz=(infile);
[m,n,c]=size(xyz);
x=xyz(:,,1)/100;
y=xyz(:,,2)/100;
z=xyz(:,,3)/100;

r=(3.2406.*x)+(-1.5374.*y)+(-0.4986.*z);
g=(-0.9692.*x)+(1.8760.*y)+(0.0416.*z);
b=(0.0556.*x)+(-0.2040.*y)+(1.0570.*z);

o(:,,1)=(r);
o(:,,2)=(g);
o(:,,3)=(b);

%convert RGB to sRGB
for i=1:m
    for j=1:n
        for k=1:c
            if o(i,j,k)<=0.00304;
                rgb(i,j,k)=o(i,j,k).*12.92;
            else
                rgb(i,j,k)=(1.055.*(o(i,j,k).^(1/2.4)))-0.055;
            end
        end
    end
end

```

```
        end
    end
end

eliminate >1 and <0
for i=1:m
    for j=1:n
        for k=1:c
            if rgb(i,j,k)>1;
                rgb(i,j,k)=1;
            elseif rgb(i,j,k)<0;
                rgb(i,j,k)=0;
            end
        end
    end
end
end
```

Change Color Space (ccs)

```
function out = ccs(a,b)
```

```
%change color space
```

```
%ccs.m
```

```
%The input image consists of three input image, (a)
```

```
%colormatrix,(b)
```

```
%The out image has the same format
```

```
%The 3x3 color matrix converts column vectors in the input image
```

```
%representation in to column vectors in the output representation.
```

```
%11/02/2005
```

```
insize= size (a);
```

```
a = reshape (a,insize(1)*insize(2),insize(3));
```

```
at = a';
```

```
out = b*at;
```

```
outt = out';
```

```
a = reshape (a,insize(1),insize(2),insize(3));
```

```
out = reshape (outt,insize(1),insize(2),insize(3));
```

Nozero

```
function new = nozero(infile);
```

```
%nozero.m
```

```
%arguments:
```

```
%infile-filename of input image
```

```
%3/01/2006
```

```
in= (infile);
```

```
%in=im2double(A);
```

```
[m,n,c]=size(in);
```

```
for i=1:m
```

```
    for j=1:n
```

```
        for k=1:c
```

```
            if in(i,j,k)<=0;
```

```
                out(i,j,k)=0.0001;
```

```
            else
```

```
                out(i,j,k)=(in(i,j,k));
```

```
            end
```

```
        end
```

```
    end
```

```
end
```

```
new=zeros(size(in));
```

```
new(:, :, 1)=out(:, :, 1);
```

```
new(:, :, 2)=out(:, :, 2);
```

```
new(:, :, 3)=out(:, :, 3);
```

LP1

```
function out = LP1(a,h1,z)
```

```
%the first low-pass filter
```

```
%LP1.m
```

```
%arguments:
```

```
%a-input image file
```

```
%h1-the size filter
```

```
%z-the sigma value
```

```
%30/08/2005
```

```
filter = fspecial('gaussian',h1,z);
```

```
out = zeros(size(a));
```

```
out(:,1) = imfilter(a(:,1),filter);
```

```
out(:,2) = imfilter(a(:,2),filter);
```

```
out(:,3) = imfilter(a(:,3),filter);
```

LP2

```
function out = LP2(a,h,z)

%The second low-pass filter
%LP2.m
%arguments:
%a-input image file
%h-the size of filter
%z-the sigma value
%30/08/2005

filter = fspecial('gaussian',h,z);
out = imfilter(a(:,2),filter);
```


imgQ

```

function [ssim] = imgQ(img1, img2);

%This is function comparison between the reference image (high quality image)
% and the image enhancement
%imgQ.m
%arguments:
%img1-the reference image
%img2-the image enhancement
%18/02/2006

xyz1 = rgb2xyz(img1);
xyz2 = rgb2xyz(img2);

img1 = xyz1(:, :, 2);
img2 = xyz2(:, :, 2);

% default setting by ssim_index%
window = fspecial('gaussian', 11, 1.5);
K(1) = 0.01;
K(2) = 0.03;
% L = 255; % default setting
L = 100; % my setting

[ssim, map] = ssim_index(img1, img2, K, window, L);           % load ssim_index.m

```

ssim_index

```
function [mssim, ssim_map] = ssim_index(img1, img2, K, window, L)
```

```
%download from http://www.cns.nyu.edu/~lcv/ssim/.
```

```
%ssim_index.m
```

```
%18/02/2006
```

```
%=====
```

```
%SSIM Index, Version 1.0
```

```
%Copyright(c) 2003 Zhou Wang
```

```
%All Rights Reserved.
```

```
%
```

```
%The author is with Howard Hughes Medical Institute, and Laboratory
```

```
%for Computational Vision at Center for Neural Science and Courant
```

```
%Institute of Mathematical Sciences, New York University.
```

```
%
```

```
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```

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```
%-----
```

```
%
```

```
%This is an implementation of the algorithm for calculating the
```

```
%Structural SIMilarity (SSIM) index between two images. Please refer
```

```
%to the following paper:
```

```
%
```

```
%Z. Wang, A. C. Bovik, H. R. Sheikh, and E. P. Simoncelli, "Image
```

```

%quality assessment: From error visibility to structural similarity"
%IEEE Transactions on Image Processing, vol. 13, no. 4, pp.600-612,
%Apr. 2004.
%
%Kindly report any suggestions or corrections to zhouwang@ieee.org
%
%-----
%
%Input : (1) img1: the first image being compared
%        (2) img2: the second image being compared
%        (3) K: constants in the SSIM index formula (see the above
%            reference). default value: K = [0.01 0.03]
%        (4) window: local window for statistics (see the above
%            reference). default window is Gaussian given by
%            window = fspecial('gaussian', 11, 1.5);
%        (5) L: dynamic range of the images. default: L = 255
%
%Output: (1) mssim: the mean SSIM index value between 2 images.
%        If one of the images being compared is regarded as
%        perfect quality, then mssim can be considered as the
%        quality measure of the other image.
%        If img1 = img2, then mssim = 1.
%        (2) ssim_map: the SSIM index map of the test image. The map
%        has a smaller size than the input images. The actual size:
%        size(img1) - size(window) + 1.
%
%Default Usage:
% Given 2 test images img1 and img2, whose dynamic range is 0-255
%
% [mssim ssim_map] = ssim_index(img1, img2);
%
%Advanced Usage:
% User defined parameters. For example
%
```

```

% K = [0.05 0.05];
% window = ones(8);
% L = 100;
% [mssim ssim_map] = ssim_index(img1, img2, K, window, L);
%
%See the results:
%
% mssim          %Gives the mssim value
% imshow(max(0, ssim_map).^4) %Shows the SSIM index map
%
%=====

```

```

if (nargin < 2 | nargin > 5)

```

```

    ssim_index = -Inf;

```

```

    ssim_map = -Inf;

```

```

    return;

```

```

end

```

```

if (size(img1) ~= size(img2))

```

```

    ssim_index = -Inf;

```

```

    ssim_map = -Inf;

```

```

    return;

```

```

end

```

```

[M N] = size(img1);

```

```

if (nargin == 2)

```

```

    if ((M < 11) | (N < 11))

```

```

        ssim_index = -Inf;

```

```

        ssim_map = -Inf;

```

```

        return

```

```

    end

```

```

    window = fspecial('gaussian', 11, 1.5);%

```

```

    K(1) = 0.01; % default settings

```

```

    K(2) = 0.03;    %
    L = 255;        %
end

if (nargin == 3)
    if ((M < 11) | (N < 11))
        ssim_index = -Inf;
        ssim_map = -Inf;
        return
    end
    window = fspecial('gaussian', 11, 1.5);
    L = 255;
    if (length(K) == 2)
        if (K(1) < 0 | K(2) < 0)
            ssim_index = -Inf;
            ssim_map = -Inf;
            return;
        end
    else
        ssim_index = -Inf;
        ssim_map = -Inf;
        return;
    end
end

if (nargin == 4)
    [H W] = size(window);
    if ((H*W) < 4 | (H > M) | (W > N))
        ssim_index = -Inf;
        ssim_map = -Inf;
        return
    end
    L = 255;
    if (length(K) == 2)

```

```

    if (K(1) < 0 | K(2) < 0)
    ssim_index = -Inf;
    ssim_map = -Inf;
    return;
    end
else
    ssim_index = -Inf;
    ssim_map = -Inf;
    return;
    end
end

if (nargin == 5)
    [H W] = size(window);
    if ((H*W) < 4 | (H > M) | (W > N))
    ssim_index = -Inf;
    ssim_map = -Inf;
    return
    end
if (length(K) == 2)
    if (K(1) < 0 | K(2) < 0)
    ssim_index = -Inf;
    ssim_map = -Inf;
    return;
    end
else
    ssim_index = -Inf;
    ssim_map = -Inf;
    return;
    end
end

C1 = (K(1)*L)^2;
C2 = (K(2)*L)^2;

```

```

window = window/sum(sum(window));

img1 = double(img1);
img2 = double(img2);

mu1 = filter2(window, img1, 'valid');
mu2 = filter2(window, img2, 'valid');
mu1_sq = mu1.*mu1;
mu2_sq = mu2.*mu2;
mu1_mu2 = mu1.*mu2;
sigma1_sq = filter2(window, img1.*img1, 'valid') - mu1_sq;
sigma2_sq = filter2(window, img2.*img2, 'valid') - mu2_sq;
sigma12 = filter2(window, img1.*img2, 'valid') - mu1_mu2;

if (C1 > 0 & C2 > 0)
    ssim_map = ((2*mu1_mu2 + C1).*(2*sigma12 + C2))./((mu1_sq + mu2_sq +
C1).*(sigma1_sq + sigma2_sq + C2));
else
    numerator1 = 2*mu1_mu2 + C1;
    numerator2 = 2*sigma12 + C2;
    denominator1 = mu1_sq + mu2_sq + C1;
    denominator2 = sigma1_sq + sigma2_sq + C2;
    ssim_map = ones(size(mu1));
    index = (denominator1.*denominator2 > 0);
    ssim_map(index) =
(numerator1(index).*numerator2(index))./(denominator1(index).*denominator2(index
));
    index = (denominator1 ~= 0) & (denominator2 == 0);
    ssim_map(index) = numerator1(index)./denominator1(index);
end

mssim = mean2(ssim_map);

return

```

APPENDIX B

Table B-1: The rank of Boat image in color filed.

	Rank				Total observer
	1	2	3	4	
Perfect image	5	5	4	6	20
Original image	6	7	6	1	20
iCAM	6	1	3	10	20
Imadjust	3	7	7	3	20

Table B-2: The rank of Boat image in detail filed.

	Rank				Total observer
	1	2	3	4	
Perfect image	11	8	0	1	20
Original image	4	4	2	10	20
iCAM	3	6	7	4	20
Imadjust	2	2	11	5	20

Table B-3: The rank of Japan image in color filed.

	Rank				Total observer
	1	2	3	4	
Perfect image	2	5	8	5	20
Original image	4	11	5	0	20
iCAM	0	1	4	15	20
Imadjust	14	3	3	0	20

Table B-4: The rank of Japan image in detail filed.

	Rank				Total observer
	1	2	3	4	
Perfect image	13	3	3	1	20
Original image	1	7	5	7	20
iCAM	2	9	2	7	20
Imadjust	4	1	10	5	20

Table B-5: The rank of Party image in color filed.

	Rank				Total observer
	1	2	3	4	
Perfect image	15	1	3	1	20
Original image	2	8	10	0	20
iCAM	0	0	1	19	20
Imadjust	3	9	8	0	20

Table B-6: The rank of Party image in detail filed.

	Rank				Total observer
	1	2	3	4	
Perfect image	13	5	2	0	20
Original image	4	4	10	2	20
iCAM	0	4	1	15	20
Imadjust	3	7	7	3	20



VITA

Miss Paradee Jetsamanpunt was born on August 26, 1981 in Bangkok, Thailand. She received a Bachelor's Degree of Science in Physics from the Faculty of Science, Srinakharinwirot University in 2002 and she has been a graduate student in Image Technology, Department of Photographic Science and Printing Technology Faculty of Science, Chulalongkorn University since 2003.