CHAPTER VI

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Central Bureau of Statistics, (1988,1990,1992,1994 & 1996). Statistical Pocket Book, CBS. Kathmandu:

These pocket books are published in every two years by Central Bureau of Statistics, National Planning Commission/HMG. This books presents a concise factual account of the social and economic development in Nepal. This books are mainly divided into 17 chapters i.e. Area and population; Food and agriculture; Forest; Climate; Water, power and irrigation; Health; Transport and communication; Tourism; Education; Industry; Government finance; Price; Money, banking and credit; External payment and foreign trade; National account; International comparision and Miscellaneous.

Frederick, W. L., (1994). Air pollution and community health: A critical review and data source book. Van Nostrand Reinhold. New York:

This book is written with the various background information of community air pollution. Methods used for the measurement of air pollution and the basis of air pollution regulation in United States, Great Britain, Canada and Japan are described.

Various studies like - Time series, cross sectional, long term temporal studies of mortality by air pollution is discussed.

Kaewsonthi, S. and Harding, A.G., (1992). <u>Starting, managing and reporting research</u>. Bangkok: Chulalongkorn University.

This book is mainly divided into three parts. It is helpful to researchers and research trainees who needs some guidance on how to prepare a research proposal, manage their research and report their findings in writing or verbal form. Part one begins with an exploration of the researcher and problems commonly encountered. Part two is the management of planning: how to develop an operational plan for research project and to present that plan a detailed research proposal. Part three, the reporting research in both written and verbal form and guidance on how to proceed in research presentations are presented.

Nepal Environmental and Scientific Services (P) Ltd. (NESS),(1995). Research on environmental pollution and management, series - 1, Thapathali, Kathmandu:

The prime objective of this series is to provide scientific information about the environment sector of Nepal. It also frames and designs guidelines and actions for the better management of rapidly deteriorating environmental condition. This book has highlighted on air pollution status of Kathmandu valley by the following various topics:

- 1. Air pollution inventory of Bull's trench brick kiln industries, Kathmandu valley;
- 2. Respirable air particulate potential of Kathmandu municipality,
- 3. Lead pollution in Kathmandu: Atmosphere and street dust,

- 4. Municipal tap water quality in thapathali Kathmandu,
- 5. Shallow ground water quality in riverine corridors of Kathmandu municipality,
- 6. River water quality in Kathmandu and it's environmental implications,
- Heavy metal concentration in Bagmati , Dhobikhola and Tukucha river water,
 Kathmandu valley,
- 8. Ranipokhari and it's environmental status,
- 9. Leachate characteristics: Bishnumati landfill site, Kathmandu,

Park, K., (1994). <u>Park's text book of preventive and social medicine</u>. M/s Banarasidas Bhanot, 1167, Premnagar, Jabalpur:

This book has described the concept of health and disease, principles of epidemiology and epidemiologic methods, screening for disease, epidemiology of communicable diseases, chronic non- communicable diseases and conditions. Altogether there are 17 chapters and they are organised as Demography and family planning; Preventive medicine in obstretrics, Pediatrics and Geriatrics; Nutrition and health; Environmental health; Occupational health; Mental health; Health information and basic medical statistics; Health education and communication; Health planning and management; Health care of the community and international health. In the first chapter, there is described about the macro environmental aspect of the determinant of health i.e. Heredity, Environment, Lifestyle, Socio-economic condition, Health and family welfare services. Under chapter 10 (Environment and Health), there is described sources, indicators and health effects of air pollution.

United Nations, (1994). <u>Population environment and development</u>. Proceedings of the United Nations Expert Group Meeting on Population, Environment and Development. UN Headquarters.

As part of the preparations for the 1994 International Conference on Population, Environment and Development, a meeting of expert group on population, environment and development was convened at UN Headquarters from 20-24 Jan. 1992. The reports and recommendations of the meeting and papers submitted to the meetings is contained in this book. These materials is not only make a valueable contribution to the conference itself but could serve as useful tools for future research on the relation between Population, Environment and Development. This book is divided into various eight parts.

World Health Organisation, (1974). <u>Health aspects of environmental pollution control</u>: <u>planning and implementation of national programmes</u>. Report of the WHO Expert Committee. WHO, Geneva.

This report is divided mainly into 9 topics. The contents of the topics are Introduction, General consideration on a health oriented environmental pollution control programme, Policy formulation, Technical programme components, Organisational programme components, Programme constraints, Support programmes, International collaboration, Conclusions and recommendations.

This books describes as a guidelines to the member countries to formulate policy and implement planning in the health aspect of environmental pollution control programmes