APPENDICE

APPENDIX A

Questionaire on Health Effects of Lead Pollutant to the Children

(6-10 Yrs.) of Public School in Kathmandu Valley of Nepal,

ID-----Date -----

Part I: Background Information of the Children

1

Name	Family nan	ne	SexM / F
Birth date	Month	Year -	
AgeYear	Month; Wei	ghtKg; He	eightcm,
House no Ward	no VDC / M	CDist	trict
Name of interviewee		Family name	
Relationship with the chi	ld	Mother / Fat	her / Brother / Other
Interviewer	Fami	ily name	

Please mark (x) in the box of correct response or fill in the gap as required,

Part II: Past Health History of the child

- 1. Birth Weight ------Kg. 2. Birth Order -----
- 3. Duration of pregnancy $1. \Box$ Full term,
 - 2. 🗌 Pre-term
 - 3. 🗌 Post term

4. Condition immediately after b	oirth	l. Cry:	🗆 No	□ Yes	
		2. Colour:	Blue O	r pale	\Box pink
		3. Activity	y: 🗆 Lethar	rgic 🗆 A	ctive
5. Neonatal condition 0.	. 🗆 No	rmal			
1.	. 🗆 Phy	ysiologica	l jaundice		
2.	. 🗆 Inc	ubator tre	eatment		
3.	. 🗆 Dia	ırrhoea			
4.	. 🗆 Re:	spiratory	tract diseas	e	
5.	. 🗆 Otł	ners, Spec	ify		

6. Health problems within last 3 months, please specify the duration

<u>Symptom</u>	<u>No</u>	Yes	<u>Times / month</u>
Headache	0. 🗌	1. 🗆	Times / month
Stomachache	0. 🗌	1. 🗆	Times / month
Constipation	0. 🗌	1. 🗆	Times / month
Convulsion without fever	0. 🗌	1. 🗆	Times / month
Respiratory problems	0. 🗆	1. 🗆	Times /month

7. During the past 3 months, was the child pale (anemic)?

 $0. \square No \qquad 1. \square Yes$

8. During the past 3 months, had your children had any urinary problem ?

0. 🗆 No 1. 🗆 Yes

9. During the 3 months did you have to hospitalisetake your child ?

0. No 1. Yes, specify for what problem and how long ?-----

(0) Never	(1) 1-2 times / week	(2) 3-6 times	/ week	(3) >6	5 times	/week
			(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)
1. Have you ever bu	y curry or food for you					
children from open s	street shop				Π	
2. Did the child was	h his / her hands before	eat?				
3. Does the child sit	or lay down while he /	she eat food?				
4. Does he /she go c	outside while he is eating	<u>,</u> ?				
5. Does the child ha	ve snack or not?					Ū
6. Does the child ea	t non eatable substance	?				
0. 🗌 Never	1. 🗆 Sometime, Spec	ify2.	🗆 Daily	, Specif	fy	
7. Does the child pla	av in the ground?					
I	ay in the ground?					
-	1. □ Occasionally	2. 🗌 Almost e	everyday	y 3.[] Every	day
0. 🗆 Never					-	day
0. 🗆 Never 8. What kind of thin	1. Occasionally	en he plays out			-	day
0. □ Never 8. What kind of thin 0. □ Never p	1.	en he plays out			-	day
0. □ Never 8. What kind of thin 0. □ Never p	1. Occasionally ngs do your child use wh plays outside the house (g with friend with gun	en he plays out			-	day
0. Never 8. What kind of thin 0. Never p 1. Running 2. Walking	1. Occasionally ngs do your child use wh plays outside the house (g with friend with gun	en he plays out			-	day
0. Never 8. What kind of thin 0. Never p 1. Running 2. Walking	1. Occasionally ngs do your child use wh plays outside the house (g with friend with gun g th small stone, dust	en he plays out			-	day
0. Never 8. What kind of thin 0. Never p 1. Running 2. Walking 3. Play wi 4. Play wi	1. Occasionally ngs do your child use wh plays outside the house (g with friend with gun g th small stone, dust	en he plays out			-	day
0. Never 8. What kind of thin 0. Never p 1. Running 2. Walking 3. Play wi 4. Play wi 5. Play wi	1. Occasionally ngs do your child use wh plays outside the house (g with friend with gun g th small stone, dust th animal	en he plays out			-	day

9. How long time in a day does the child play outside the house ?

$1. \Box < 1$ hour	2. 🗆 1-2 hours	3. 🗆 2-4 hours
4. 🗆 4-6 hours	5. 🗆 6-8 hours	6. \Box > 8 hours
10. How much dirty would h	ne be when he / she cor	ne back home after playing ?
0. 🗆 No 1. 🗆 A	A little 2. 🗆 Medium	3. 🗆 Very much
11. Does your child have the	e habit of putting the fir	nger, pencil or something else in
mouth ?		
0. 🗆 Never (Go to no	o. 13) 1. 🗆 Occasio	nally
2. 🗆 Almost everyda	y 3. 🗆 Everyda	у
12. Is the things clean or not	t, if he / she put in mou	th ?
0. 🗆 Never clean	1. 🗆 Sometime	
2. 🗆 Always	3. 🗆 Everydays	
13. What is the source of dr	inking water in your ho	ome ?
1. 🗆 Pipe water	2. Ground water	
3. D Mineral water	4. 🗆 Other, Specify -	
14. How do you purify wate	er before drink ?	
$0. \square Never \qquad 1. \square I$	Boil 2. 🗆 Filter	3. 🗆 Others, Specify
15. Where do you store wat	er for household purpo	ose?
0. 🗆 No 1. 🗆 J	in iron tank / bucket	2. 🗆 In cement tank
3. In brass pitcher	4. 🗆 In plastic bucke	t 5. 🗆 Others, Specify
16. Do you have any pet (do	og, cat, bird) in your ho	ouse ?
0. \Box No (Go to no.	24) 1. □ Dog wit	th short hair,2. Dog with long hair,
3. 🗆 Cat, 4. 🗆 1	Bird, $5. \Box$ Others,	Specify

- 17. Condition of pet,
 - 1. \Box Clean, 2. \Box Dirty, 3. \Box Very dirty,
- 18. Does the child touch and play with pet?
 - $0. \square$ No $1. \square$ Sometimes
 - 2. \Box Almost everyday 3. \Box Everyday
- 19. Does the child sleep with the pet?
 - $0. \square$ Never $1. \square$ Sometimes
 - 2. □ Almost everyday 3. □ Everyday
- 20. Is your child nose breather or mouth breather?
 - $1: \Box Mouth \quad 2. \Box Nose \quad 3. \Box Both \quad 4. \Box Don't know$
- 21. Where does your child sleep most of the time ?,
 - 1. \Box On the ground 2. \Box On the floor with bed sheet 3. \Box On the bed

22. In an average, how many hours/day does the child remain outside the house ?

- 0. \Box Never (Go to no. 24) 1. $\Box < 1$ hour 2. \Box 1-2 hours
- 3. \Box 2-3 hours 4. \Box 3-4 hours 5. \Box > 4 hours

23. What kind of vehicle does your child mostly use?

1. 🗆 Walk 2. 🗆 Ordinary bus 3. 🗆 Bicycle, motor cycle, tricycle

24. How long it take for the child to reach to his school?

1.1. $\Box < 1$ hour 2. \Box 1-2 hours 3. \Box 2-3 hours

- 25.Location of house from the busy road,
 - 1. \Box Connected with busy road 2. \Box <10 metre .
 - 3. \Box < 20 metre 4. \Box > 20 metre
- 26. Does your child have any of the following behaviour problem ?

0. □ No 1. □ Yes

Behaviour (0)No (1)1-2 time	e / week (2))3-6 times /	week (3)	$> 6 \text{ times } / \gamma$	week
A Lack of concentration					
B.Aggresiveness and quarelling					
with other children					
C. Weakness in learning					
D. Forgetfullness					

Part IV: Family Information

1.No of family member	Persc	n				
2. Who take care of the child	iren	Place		Ti	me	
(Answer more than 1)1.Inho	use 2	Other place	e 1. Day 2.	Night 3.	Sun-Sat 4.	Mon-Fri
1. Mother / Father						
2. Grand mother / sister						
3. Care taker						
4. Child care centre						
5. Nursery						
3. Age of mother		-Year				
4. Age of father		Year				
5. Age of Care takerYear						
6. Status of mother and father	er					
1. 🗆 Live together	2. [Separate	3. Divorce	e 4. □ V	Vidow	

7. Education of	1. Fa	ather	2. Mother	3. Guardian
0. Illiterate				
1. 1-7 grade/ primary				
2. 8-10 / secondary				
3. Intermediate				
4. Graduate				
5. Master and above				
8. Income generating ccupation of	1. Fa	ather	2. Mother	3. Guardian
0. No				
1. Farmer				
2. Employees (worker)				
3. Employees (Secretary)				
4. Government Officer /				
Company Officer/ Business				
5. Private Business/ Shopked	eper			
9. Income of family mother / father,	estima	ate	Rs./	month
10. Does any of your family member	r inclu	ding you v	work in the foll	owing places ?
0. 🗆 No (Go to no. 12)				
1.Fat	her	2. Mother	3. Guardia	4. Others, Specify
1. Lead exposure factory				
2. Printing press				
3. Iron product				
4 Driving				

5. Traffic police		
6. Painting colour		
7. Petrol pump		
8. Car repair		
10. Photocopy shop		
11. Other, Specify		

11. In the past, who of the family were worked in the following places ?

(You can choose more than 1)

0. \Box No (Go to no 12)

1. 1	Father	2 Mother	3. Guardian	4.Respondent
1. Lead exposure factory				
2. Printing press				
3. Iron product				
4. Driving				
5. Traffic police				
6. Painting colour				
7. Petrol pump				
8. Car repair				
9. Photocopy shop				
10. Other, Specify				

12. If anybody of the house member worked in lead pollution area,

12.1. Is the dust or smoke cover body?

0. \Box Cannot see 1. \Box A little bit 2. \Box Medium 3. \Box More

12.2. Do you change your dress after coming back from work ?

- 0. \Box Never 1. \Box Sometimes
- 2. \Box Almost everyday 3. \Box Everyday

12.3. Is your working dress to be washed and iron or not?

- 0. \Box Never 1. \Box 1-2 time / week
- 2. \Box 3-4 time / week 3. \Box Everyday

12.4. Do you take bath after being back from work?

- 0. Never $1. \Box 1-2$ time / week
- 2. \Box 3-4 time / week \Rightarrow . \Box Everyday

12.5. Have you ever played with children while you are wearing working dress of your factory ?

- 0. Never 1. \Box 1-2 time / week
- 2. \Box 3-4 time / week 3. \Box Everyday

12.6. Where do you keep your shoes that you use while going to work?

- 1. \Box Workplace 2. \Box Out of house
- 3. \Box Separate place in house 4. \Box Anywhere,

Part V: Environmental and Living Condition

- 1. Living condition characteristics
 - 1. \Box Single house 2. \Box Joint house 3. \Box Building / Apartment
 - 4. \Box Flat / Condominium, floor ----- 5. \Box Slum
- 2. Living place -----Floor
- 3. Characteristics of living place
 - 1. Wood 2. Cement 3. Wood and Cement

0. 🗆 No	l. 🗌 Yes			
0. 🗆 No	1. 🗆 Yes			
0. 🗆 No	1. 🗆 Yes			
0. 🗆 No	1. 🗆 Yes			
0. 🗆 No	1. 🗆 Yes			
0. 🗆 No	1. 🗆 Yes			
0. 🗆 No	1. 🗆 Yes			
0. 🗆 No	1. 🗆 Yes			
0. 🗆 No	1. 🗆 Yes			
0. 🗆 No	1. 🗆 Yes			
0. 🗆 No	1. 🗆 Yes			
take the paint chips in	their mouth?			
0. 🗆 No	1. 🗆 Yes			
Year				
Year	Months			
metre (From	the gate of house)			
es?				
2. 🗆 Medium	3. 🗆 More			
?				
es / week				
2. \Box 5-6 times / week 3. \Box > 6 times / week				
10. How many times do you clean your floor of the house?				
	0. □ No 0. □ No 1 ake the paint chips in 0. □ No take the paint chips in 0. □ No 2. □ Medium 2. □ Medium			

0. \Box 0-1 times / week 1. \Box 2-4 times / week

2. \Box 5-6 times / week 3. \Box > 6 times / week

11 How many time do you wash your floor?

0. \Box 0-1 times / week 1. \Box 2-4 times / week

2. \Box 5-6 times / week 3. \Box > 6 times / week

12. How do you clean your house ?

0. \Box No 1. \Box Only remove the dust 2. \Box Clean the floor

3. \Box Clean the floor by using cloths

4. \Box Clean the floor by using cloths and water

5. \Box Clean the floor with using chemical and water.

13. Hygienic condition of living place,

1. \Box Clean 2. \Box Not clean / dust

14. Eating place,

1. \Box On the floor	2. \Box On the carpet	
3. \Box On the table	4. 🗆 Other, Specify	
15. Kinds of rice cooker		
1. 🗆 Aluminium	2. 🗆 Stainless 3. 🗆 Glass	4. 🗆 Electric cooker
5. 🗆 Ceramic	6. 🗆 Others, Specify	
16. Kinds of curry cooker,		
1. 🗆 Aluminium	2. 🗆 Stainless 3. 🗆 Glass	4. 🗆 Electric cooker
5. 🗆 Ceramic	6. 🗆 Others, Specify	
17. Curry container,		
1. 🗆 Aluminium	2. 🗆 Stainless 3. 🗆 Glass	4. 🗆 Electric cooker

5. Ceramic 6. Others, Specify
18. Water container,
1. Aluminium 2. Stainless 3. Glass 4. Electric cooker
5. Ceramic 6. Others, Specify
19. Do you use traditional medicine for children ?
0. 🗆 No 1. 🗆 Always 2. 🗆 Sometimes, Specify
20. What kind of powder do you use for your children?
0. \Box Never use 1. \Box Dry powder 2. \Box Water / liquid
3. Chinese powder 4. Others, Specify
21. Kind of playing material of children,
1. 🗆 Wood 2. 🗆 Plastic 3. 🗆 Iron, Specify
4. 🗆 Others, Specify
22. Quality of playing material of children,
0. \Box No 1. \Box Not toxic 2. \Box Others, Specify3. \Box Don't know,
23. Smoking habit of family member,
0. 🗆 No 1. 🗆 Yes, Specify
24. Is the living place of children relatively near from lead poisoning place ?
0. \Box No 1. \Box Yes, Specifymetre.
25. In your family, do anybody use the lead contained chemical ?
0. \Box No 1. \Box Yes, Specify 2. \Box Don't know
26. Since the birth of children, have you repaired your house?
0. \Box No (Go to no. 6) 1. \Box Yes, If yes, please answer,
26.1. When, the age of childrenYearmonth

26.2. Who repair ?

1. 🗆 Self	2. Contractor	3. \Box Others								
26.3. Were there dust when it repaired ?										
0. 🗆 No	1. 🗆 A little bit	2. 🗆 Medium	3. 🗆 More							
26.4. At that time wa	as the children there ?									
0. 🗆 No	1. 🗆 Yes									
26.5. When you repa	iired, did you remove t	he old paint?								
0. 🗆 No (Go	to no. 26.7) 1. 🗆 '	Yes								
26.6. What technique	e did you apply to rem	ove old paint?								
1. 🗆 Brush	2. 🗆 Burn 3. 🗆 0	Other, Specify								
26.7. If you painted	26.7. If you painted new, what type of paint did you use ?									
0. 🗌 No	1. 🗆 With lead	2. 🗆 Without lead								

3. \Box Don't know the type of paint,

APPENDIX A.1

A Model of Consent

Permanent address
as a father / guardian, would like to provide consent to take out 2m.m. blood and
neasure the blood lead level. Details of my son / children is as follows;
Name Grade Grade Grade
Signature

APPENDIX B

Specific Health Effects of Specific Pollutants

Pollutants	Source	Health Effects
NO2	One of the nitrogen oxides	May exacerbate asthma and
	emmited in vehicle exhaust.	possibly increase
		susceptibility to infections.
SO2	Mostly produced by burning coal	May provoke wheezing and
	Some SO2 is emitted by diesel	exacerbate asthma.
	vehicles.	It is also associated with
		chronic bronchitis.
Particulates	Includes a wide range of solid	Associated with a wide
PM 10, Total	and liquid particles in air. Those	range of respiratory
Suspended	less than 10 µm in diameter	symptoms.Long term
Particulates,	(PM 10) penetrate the lung	exposure is associated with
Black Smoke.	fairly efficiently and are most	a increased risk of
	hazardous to health. Diesel	death from heart and lung
	vehicles produce proportionately	disease. Particulates can
	more particulates than petrol	carry carcinogenic
	vehicles.	materials into the lungs.
Acid Aerosols	Airborne acid formed from	May exacerbate asthma
	common pollutants including	and increase susceptibility to
	sulphur and nitrogen oxides.	respiratory infections. May
		reduce lung function in those
		with asthma.
Carbon	Comes mainly from petrol car	Lethal at high doses. At low
Monoxide	exhaust.	doses can impair concentration
(CO)		and neurobehavioural function.
		Increases the likelyhood of
		exercise related heart pain in
		people with coronary heart
		disease. May present a risk to
		the fetus.
Ozone (O)	Secondary pollutant produced	Irritates the eyes and air
(0)	from nitrogen oxides and volatile	-
	compounds in the air.	sensitivity of the airways
		to allergic triggers in
		people with asthma. May
		increase susceptibility to
, I		infection.
Lead (Ph)	compound present in leaded	
Lead (Pb)	compound present in leaded	Impairs thenormal
Lead (Pb)	compound present in leaded petrol to help the engine run smoothly.	

Volatile	A group of chemicals emitted	Benzen has given most		
Organic	from the evaporation of solvents	cause for concern in this		
compounds	and distribution of petrol fuel.	group of chemicals. It is a		
(VOCs)	Also present in vehicle exhaust.	cancer causing agent		
	-	which can cause leukaemia at		
		higher doses than are present		
		in the normal environment.		
Polycyclic	Produced by incomplete	Includes a complex range		
Aeromatic	combution of fuel. PAHs	of chemicals, some of		
Hydrocarbons	become attached to particulates.	which are carcinogens. It		
(PAHs)		is likely that exposure to		
		PAHs in traffic exhaust		
		poses a low cancer risk to		
		the general population.		
Asbestos	May be present in brake pads	Asbestos can cause lung		
	and clutch linings, specially in	cancer and mesothelioma,		
	heavy duty vehicles. Asbestos	cancer of the lung lining. The		
	fibres and dust are released into	consequences of the low levels		
	the atmosphere	of exposure from braking		
	when vehicles brake	vehicles are not known.		

Source: Headley, A.J., and Lam, T. H., (1994). Respiratory disease. Ashden Trust.

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APPENDIX C

Remarks

10 - 15 Dec.

Dec 21.

S.N. Activities Date Develop questionaire and instruments 21 - 24 Nov. 1. Selection of focus group members 25 - 30 Nov. 2. Prior notice to the focus group members 25 Nov. 3. Structured questionaire survey 25 - 30 Nov. 4. Focus group discussion 30 Nov. 5. Field observation 30 Nov. 6. Report preparation, analysis and Interpretation, 1 - 10 Nov. 7.

Schedule of Activities

1

8.

9.

GANTT Chart of Activities

Report writing,

Submit report

S.N.	Activities	November	December
4		2130	15101521
1.	Develop questionaire and instruments		
2.	Selection of focus group members	=	
3.	Prior notice to the focus group members	=	
4.	Structured questionaire survey		
5.	Focus group discussion	=	
6.	Field observation	=	
7.	Report preparation, analysis and		
	Interpretation,		
8.	Report writing,		
9.	Submit report		(<u> </u>

APPENDIX D

World Health Organization Ambient Air Quality Guidelines (1977-1979)

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Pollutant Unit		Averaging Time	Concent	trations Statistics
SO2 Plus	μg/m3	Annual	40-60	Annual mean
British smoke	µg/m3	Annual	40-60	Annual mean
SO2 Plus	µg/m3	24 hour	100-150	$Maximum\psi$
British Smoke	µg/m3	24 hour	100-150	Maximum
Carbon monox	ide Ambi	ent limits to be deriv	ved from 2.	5 - 3% maximum
	carboxyhemo	globin in blood (air	concentrati	ons will vary)
Ozone	µg/m3	l hour	120	Maximum¢
Nitrogen Dioxi	de µg/m3	l hour	190-320	Maximumø
Total Suspende	ed μg/m3	24 hour	150-230	Maximum
Particulate	μ <u>g</u> /m3	Annual	60-90	Annual mean

 Ψ Maximum value should not be exceeded more than 7 days per year.

▲ Maximum value should not be exceeded more than once per month.
 Source: Lipfert,(1994)

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Res.	Age	No. of	Occup	Educa	Monthly	Monthl	Trans	Commu	1	2	3	4
No.		Family	ation	tion	Income	У	port	nication				
						Expense						
1	35	5	В	Sec.	50,000	10,000	P.bus	Pub. Tel.	M.V.	Y	С	N
2	25	2	В	Sec.	8,000	8,000	MC	Pub. Tel	M.V.	Y	С	N
3	25	1	S	Pri.	4,000	2,000	P.bus	Pvt.Tel	M.V.	Y	C	Ν
4	30	3	S	High.	15,000	5,000	P.bus	Pub.Tel	M.V.	Y	С	N
5	31	3	S	Pri.	5,000	4,000	P.bus	Pub. Tel	O.P.	Y	C	N
6	32	3	В	High	6,000	5,000	P.bus	Pub. Tel	M.V.	Y	C	N
7	32	4	В	Pri.	8,000	4,500	P. bus	Pub.Tel	M.V.	Y	C	N
8	34	4	S	High	3,500	3,500	P.bus	Pub. Tel	M.V.	Y	C	N
9	34	5	В	Sec.	50,000	35,000	P. bus	Pub. Tel	M.V.	Y	P.W	N
10	25	2	S	Sec.	12,000	5,000	P.bus	Pvt.tel	M.V.	Y	C	N
11	21	1	S	Pri	7,000	3,500	P.bus	Pvt tel	M.V.	Y	С	N
12	23	1	S	Pri	4,000	2,000	P.bus	Pvt. Tel	M.V.	Y	C	N
13	22	2	В	Pri	6,000	4,500	P.bus	Pvt. Tel	M.V.	Y	P.W.	N
14	26	4	S	Pri	8,000	6,700	P.bus	Pvt.Tel	O.P.	Y	0.M.	N
15	23	3	S	Pri	12,000	9,300	P.bus	Pvt.Tel	M.V.	Y	O.M	N
16	32	5	В	Sec	40,000	18,000	P.bus	Pvt.Tel	M.V.	Y	C	N
17	21	1	S	Pri	9,000	3,000	P. bus	Pvt.Tel	M.V.	Y	С	N
18	30	6	В	Sec	25,000	18,000	MC	Pvt.tel	M.V.	Y	С	N
19	28	2	В	Pri	6,000	4,5000	MC	Pvt tel	M.V.	Y	С	N

Details of Data Collection

Contd

Res.	Age	No. of	Occup	Educa	Monthly	Monthl	Trans	Commu	1	2	3	4
No.		family	ation	tion	income	У	port	nication				
						Expense						
20	32	5	В	Pri	15,000	11,000	P.bus	Pvt. Tel	M.V.	Y	P.W.	N
21	30	3	S	Sec	10,000	8,000	P. bus	Pub. Tel	O.P.	Y	O.M	N
22	28	1	S	High	22,000	5,000	MC	Pvt tel	M.V.	Y	O.M	Ν
23	26	2	S	High	8,000	5,000	P.bus	Pvt tel	M.V.	Y	C	N
24	32	5	B	Pri	45,000	25,000	P.bus	Pvt tel	M.V.	Y	C	N
25	20	3	В	Sec	22,000	11,000	P.bus	Pvt. Tel	M.V.	Y	C	N
26	34	4	В	High	60,000	30,000	P.bus	Pvt. Tel	M.V.	Y	P.W	N
27	35	3	В	Sec	10,000	4,000	P.bus	Pub Tel	M.V	Y	O.M	N
28	35	6	S	Sec	15,000	7,000	P.bus	Pvt.tel	M.V.	Y	C	N
29	26	3	В	Pri	6,000	5,000	P.bus	Pvt.Tel	O.P.	Y	C	N
30	29	4	В	Pri	12,000	8,000	P.bus	Pvt.Tel	M.V.	Y	C	N
Total	-	-	B = 16;	Pri = 14;	503,500.	398,000	MC=3	Pub=10;	MV=26;	Y=30	C= 22	N =30
			S = 14.	Sec= $10;$			P.Bus=	Pvt=20	OP = 4		PW= 3	
				High= 6.			27				OM=5	
Mean	28.53	3.2	-	-	16,783.	13,267.	-	-	-	-	-	-

M.V. = Motor vehicle; O.P = Over population; Y = yes; N = No; C = children; P.W. = Pregnant Woman; O.M. = Old men;

1 = What do you think about the cause of air pollution?

2 = Do you know it is harmful to health ?

3 = Who is more vulnerable ?

4 = Do you know the idea of prevension from lead poisoning?

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5

Year	Bagmati	Zone	Nepa	ıl
	Yearly Registered	Total	Yearly Registered	Total
1983/84		-	2,524	
1984/85	-	-	2,629	
1985/86	-	-	2,103	
1986/87	-	-	1,879	
1987/88	-	-	2,374	
1988/89	-	-	3,245	
1989/90	-	-	4,471	
1990/91	-	-	16,088	
1991/92	-	64,925		118,866
1992/93	7,934	72,859		-
1993/94	8,306	81,165		130,955
1994/95	7,409	88,574		-
1995/96	12,686	101,260		162,749*
1996/97	8,306	109,566		-

Number of Vehicles Registered in Bagmati Zone and in Country (Nepal)

Source - 1. Statistical Pocket Book, 1988;1992;1996;

2. Department of Transport Management/HMG, Nepal. *Data taken till 1996 feb/march.

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Type of Vehicles	Touris	Government	Corporation	Private	Commercial	CD/UN	Total
	t						
1. Bus	157	74	46	264	836	-	1,377
2. Minibus	96	63	18	383	1,021	-	1,581
3. Truck, Tanker, Crane	46	707	284	1,274	2,467	-	4,778
4. Tractor,	-	47	18	448	1,161	-	1,674
5. Car, Jeep, Van	252	4,551	1,372	19,240	3,603	-	28,998
6. Tempo	-	144	35	255	3,498	-	3,932
7. Motorcycle, scooter	-	3,074	1,226	59,187	-	-	64,487
8. CD/UN	-	-	-	-	-	2,739	2,739
Total	551	8,660	2,999	82,031	12,586	2,739	109,566

Number of Vehicles Registered in Bagmati Zone Till July, 1996.

Source-Bagmati Zonal Transport Management Office/HMG, Nepal.

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Types of Vehicles	Tourist	Government	Corporation	Private	Commercial	CD/UN	Total
1. Bus	130	72	35	249	756	-	1,242
2. Minibus	96	55	18	377	1,003	-	1,549
3. Truck, Tanker, Crane,	46	681	275	1,171	2,315	-	4,488
4. Tractor	-	47	18	448	1,161	-	1,674
5. Car, Jeep, Van	215	4,409	1,307	17,801	3,374	-	27,106
6. Tempo	-	138	35	254	3,425	-	3,852
7. Motorcycle, Scooter	-	2,960	1,208	53,771	-	-	57,939
8. CD/UN	-	-	-	-	-	3410	3,410
Total	487	8,362	2,896	74,071	12,034	3410	101,260

Number of Vehicles Registered in Bagmati Zone Till July, 1995.

Source-Bagmati Zonal Transport Management Office/HMG, Nepal

Type of Vehicle	Tourist	Government	Corporation	Private	Commercial	CD/UN	Total
1. Bus	36	69	34	238	668	-	1,045
2. Minibus	19	54	16	364	975	-	1,428
3. Truck/Tanker	10	635	246	1,084	2,089	-	4,064
4. Dozer/Crane	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
5. Car/Jeep	26	4,217	1,121	16,645	2,237	-	24,246
6. Tempo	-	138	35	254	3,417	-	3,844
7. Motorcycle	-	2,780	1,093	45,392	-	-	49,265
8. Tractor	-	47	18	448	1,161	-	1,674
9. Other	-	-	-	-	_	3,007	3,007
10. Total	91	7,940	2,563	64,426	10,547	3,007	88,574

Number of Vehicle Registered in Bagmati Zone Till July,1994

Source- Bagmati Zonal Transport Management Office/ HMG, Nepal.

APPENDIX J

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Type of Vehicle	Tourist	Government	Private	Corporation	Commercial	Total
1. Bus	17	35	14	-	100	166
2. Minibus	6	1	11	2	16	36
3. Truck/Tanker	5	14	65	37	280	401
4. Dozer/Crane	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Car/Jeep	4	164	1,496	95	25	1,884
6. Tempo	-		-	-	-	-
7. Motorcycle	-	179	5,442	77	-	5,698
8. Tractor	-	1	10	-	-	11
9. Rickshaw	-	-	-	-	-	-
10. Total	32	494	7,038	211	421	8,306

Vehicle Registration in Bagmati Zone During the Fiscal Year 1993/94

Source- Bagmati Zonal Transport Management Office/HMG, Nepal.

Types of Vehicle	Tourists	Government	Corporation	Private	Commercial	CD/UN	Total
1.Bus	5	2	1	5	61	-	74
2.Minibus	3	8	2	12	50	-	75
3.Truck/Tanker	2	11	9	107	264	-	393
4. Dozer/Crane	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Car/Jeep	22	161	70	1,238	13	-	1,504
6. Tempo	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Motorcycle	-	197	98	5,239	-	-	5,534
8. Tractor	-	1	-	7	-	-	8
9. Rickshaw	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10. Others	-	-	-	-	-	346	346
Total	32	380	180	6,608	388	346	7,934

Vehicle Registration in Bagmati Zone During the Fiscal Year 1992/93.

Source- Bagmati Zonal Transport Management Office, Department of Transport Management/HMG, Nepal.

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Type of Vehicles	Government	Corporation	Private	Commercial	CD/UN	Total
1. Bus	39	67	261	2,993	-	3,360
2. Minibus	59	31	430	1,318	-	1,838
3. Truck/ Tanker	1,122	513	1,803	6,557	-	9,995
4. Dozer/ Crane	68	-	57	9		129
5. Car/Jeep	4,911	1,125	16,371	3,761	-	26,168
6. Tempo	141	37	314	3,930	-	4,422
7. Motorcycle	3,394	1,553	40,908	1	-	45,856
8. Tractor	316	183	5,031	1,972	-	7,502
9. Rickshaw/Thela	1	2	436	16,942	-	17,381
10. Others	_	-	-	-	2,215	2,215
Total	10,046	3,511	66,611	37,483	2,215	118,866

Number of Vehicles Registered in the Country Till July 1991.

Source-Department of Transport Management/HMG, Nepal.

S.N.	Types of	Tourists	Government	Corporation	Private	Commercial	CD/UN	Total
	Vehicles							
1.	Bus	40	115	69	294	4,616	-	5,134
2.	Minibus	11	68	38	476	1,507	-	2,100
3.	Truck/Tanker	8	1,182	603	2,141	9,292	-	13,226
4.	Dozer/Crane	-	63	6	95	11	-	175
5.	Car/Jeep	29	5,404	1,327	20,521	4,202	-	31,483
6.	Tempo	_	141	37	445	4,015	-	4,638
7.	Motorcycle	-	3,860	1,823	56,397	27	-	62,117
8.	Tractor	-	329	193	6,277	2,361	-	9,160
9.	Others	-	-	-	-	-	2,922	2,922
10.	Total	88	11,162	4,106	86,646	26,031	2,922	130,955

Number of Vehicles Registered in the Country Till July 1993,

Source- Statistical Year Book of Nepal, 1995 CBS/NPC/HMG. Nepal. (Page-436)

S.N	Zone	Bus	Minibus	TruckTanker	Car/Jeep	Tempo	Motorcycle	Tractor	Rickshaw	Others	Total
1,	Mechi	135	31	248	249	6	602	147	1,410	1	2,829
2.	Koshi	177	97	694	1,315	116	2,823	546	4,232	59	10,059
3.	Sagarmatha	71	8	181	263	4	795	199	688	3	2,212
4.	Janakpur	151	12	290	300	1	1,180	622	1,091	51	3,698
5.	Narayani	1,565	171	4,766	2,578	409	4,585	2,077	1,194	9	17,354
6.	Bagmati	792	1,352	3,343	20,748	3,844	37,774	1,623	822	2,561	72,859
7.	Gandaki	175	159	386	1428	_	1,576	292	19	8	4,043
8.	Lumbini	599	159	838	880	78	2,487	1,379	5,779	17	12,216
9	Rapti	65		55	84	2	235	182	3	-	626
10.	Bheri	89	25	333	385	11	991	288	1,588	14	3,724
11.	Seti	52	5	232	114	10	200	305	612	2	1,532
12.	Mahakali	95	4.	120	90	3	216	104	322	-	954
13	Dhawalagir	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	i										
14.	Karnali.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15.	Total	3,966	2,023	11,486	28,434	4,484	53,464	7,764	17,760	2,725	132,106

Vehicle Registration in Various Zones of Nepal. (Till July, 1992)

Source- Department of Transport Management/HMG, Nepal.

S.N.	Types of	Tourists	Government	Corporation	Private	Commercial	CD/UN	Total
	Vehicles							
1.	Bus	85	120	71	322	5,717	12	6,325
2.	Minibus	27	68	39	498	1,605	-	2,237
3.	Truck/Tanker	16	1,250	652	2,425	11,300	12	15,655
4.	Dozer/Crane	-	64	6	16	11	-	177
5.	Car/Jeep	58	5,779	1,466	24,534	5,453	161	37,456
6.	Tempo		154	37	588	4,178	-	4,957
7.	Motorcycle	1	4,233	2,022	73,978	110	23	80,367
8.	Tractors	-	333	194	8,938	2,825	1	12,291
9.	Others	-	2	3	21	-	3258	3,284
10.	Total	187	12,003	4,490	111,405	31,197	3467	162,749

Number of Vehicles by Type Registered Till Feb. 1996,

Source- Statistical Pocket Book, 1996, CBS/NPC/HMG, Nepal.

APPENDIX P

Maximum and Minimum Mean Temperature (monthly basis) of Kathmandu Valley by Year.

Elevation - 1336m. In Centigrade.

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S.N.	Year	Maximum	Minimum
1.	1984	28.3	0.1
2.	1986	28.9	2.7
3.	1988	28.9	3.0
4.	1990	29.2	3.2
5.	1992	30.0	2.0
6.	1994	30.0	3.0

Source- Statistical Year Book Of Nepal, 1995; CBS/NPC/HMG, Nepal.

Motor Vehicle Emission Test Till Mid- June, 1997 by Valley Traffic Office, Kathmandu

Vehicle Type	Tourist	Government	Corporation	Private	Commercial	CD/UN	Total
Passed/ Green Card	535	1384	555	12167	9619	1294	25554
Failed/ Red Card	264	793	353	6319	8247	422	16398
Total	799	2177	908	18486	17866	1716	41952

Source- INTERNET,23 July 1997

The Rising Nepal (English Newspaper) Kathmandu, Nepal.

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	In Kilo	meter.		
Year	Black Topped	Gravelled	Earthern	Total
1983/84	-	-	-	5,717
1984/85	-	-	-	5,925
1985/86	-	-	-	6,039
1986/87	2,794	1,180	2,332	6,306
1987/88	-	-	-	6,611
1988/89	_	-	-	7,007
1989/90	2,958	1,658	2,714	7,330
1990/91	3,083	2,181	3,064	8,328
1991/92	-	-	-	-
1992/93	3,404	2,373	3,757	9,534
1993/94	-	_	-	-
1994/95	3,533	2,662	4,529	10,724

Rising Trends of Road Length in Various Fiscal Year in the country,

Source-1. Statistical Pocket Book, 1988, 1990, 1994 and 1996. CBS/NPC/HMG, Nepal.

2. Department of Road/ HMG, Nepal.

8			0		-								In I	Kilomet	er.		
R oad Type		Hig	ghw ay	7		Feede	er Roa	d		Distr	ict Noa	d			City F	load	
Year	B.T	G.	E.	Total	B.T.	G.	E.	Total	B.T.	G.	E.	Total	B.T.	G.	E.	Total	Grand Total
1984	202	-	27	229	232	81	39	352	27	57	33	117	169	124	118	411	1,109
1985	202	27	-	229	260	53	47	360	28	57	70	155	179	121	112	412	1,156
1986	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1987	202	-	27	229	180	51	47	278	28	68	107	203	188	112	112	412	1,122
1988	202	27	-	229	108	131	23	262	126	131	95	352	185	89	38	312	1,155
1989	202	27	-	229	146	150	61	357	93	124	142	359	199	102	48	349	1,294
1990	204	27	-	231	134	144	39	317	107	142	168	417	200	101	48	349	1,314
1991	193	26	-	219	149	140	55	344	100	152	304	556	206	94	65	365	1,484
1992	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
1993	199	26	-	225	190	103	26	319	69	208	417	694	231	95	65	391	1,629
1994	196	26	-	222	194	105	33	332	73	209	507	789	255	95	44	394	1,737

Length of Road in Bagmati Zone by Type and Year.

Source-1. Statistical Year book of Nepal, 1995, CBS/NPC/HMG Nepal.

2. Department of Road/ HMG, Nepal. B.T.= Black Topped; G = Gravel; E = Earthern.

Note- Kathmandu, Lalitpur and Bhaktapur are the cities of Bagmati zone. Hence cities roads lies within the valley.

APPENDIX T

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Year	Lengths of Road in	Lengths of Road in	Number of Vehicles	Road /Vehicle Ratio in Valley	Road /Vehicle Ratio in Bagmati Zone
	Valley (km.)		v emeres		
	vancy (Rm.)	Zone			
1990	-	1,314	-	-	-
1991	-	1,484	64,925	-	1:43.75
1992	-	-	72,859	-	1:49.00
1993	-	1,629	81,159	-	1:49.82
1994	941	1,629	88,574	1:94.13	1:54.37
1995	943	1,737	101,260	1:107.38	1:58.30
1996	943	1,737	109,566	1:116.19	1:63.07

The Increasing Trend of the Ratio of Road Lengths and Number of Vehicles in Kathmandu Valley.

On an average 9000 vehicles are added each year in the road of Bagmati zone.

On an average Per kilometer /year11 vehicles are increased in the city road of Kathmandu valley.

Source- Tables - 2.1, 2.2 and 2.10.

S.N.	Item	Unit	1991/92	1992/93	1993/94	1994/95
1.	Coal	M. Ton	101350.1	58485.76	54753.97	50074.53
2.	Petrol	Kilolitre.	26790	29784	31476	35019
3.	Diesel		166552	179765	195474	228016
4.	Kerosene	,,	122464	149205	162324	176963
5.	L.D.O.	,,,	2532	1530	1530	3794
6.	F.O.	22	11274	20222	27319	32003
7.	A.T.F.	,,	25036	29277	30438	37886

Fuel Imported in Nepal by Type and Year,

Note:

L.D.O. - Light Dieseld Oil,

F.O. - Furnace Oil,

A.T.F. - Aviation Turbine Fuel,

Source - Statistical Pocket Book, 1996, CBS/NPC/HMG Nepa

Curriculum Vitae

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Religion	: Hindu.					
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Area of interest	: Health effects of air pollution by motor vehicles,					
Work Experience	: May, 1995 - Section Officer, Ministry of Health, Nepal.					
	: Feb., 1994 - Section Officer, Zonal Transport Man	agement				
	Office Bagmati, Kathmandu.					
	: July, 1989 - Section Officer, Ministry of Works and					
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