APPENDICES

Appendix I

Interview structured questionnaire on knowledge, attitude and practice towards malaria among pregnant women in Samrong commune, Oddar Meanchey, Cambodia

A. General identification

Village name	House no
Date of interview	Interviewer
Time started	Time ended

B. Background information

- 1. Name of respondent.....
- 2. Age.....year
- 3. Gestational age.....month
- 4. Number of children.....person(s)
- 5. Number of abortion..... Cause 1..... 2.....
- 6. Number of people in the family.....persons

7. Religion

- \Box 1. Buddhism \Box 2. Chirstian
- □3. Islam □4. Animism
- □5. Othere, please specify.....

8. Highest education level achieved

- \Box 1. Cannot read/write \Box 2. 1-3 year of schooling
- \Box 3. 4-6 year of schooling \Box 4. More than 6 year of schooling

9. Occupation

□1. Laborer □2. Farmer \Box 3. Wood cutter □4. Teacher/Government officer/Health staff □5. House wife □6. Other, please specify..... 10. Have you ever had malaria before? $\Box 1. Yes$ $\Box 2. No$ \Box 3. Do not know 11. How long have you been settle down here?.....months 12. What was the reason to settle down here? □1. Follow UNHCR from the refugee camps \Box 2. Stay here already before the war started \Box 3. Want to get better opportunity for owning land □4. Other, please specify..... 13. Where is your house located? □1.By forest and stream □2.By forest and no stream □3.No forest and by stream □4.No forest and no stream

14. Housing construction

□1. Three wall uncompleted construction (temporary)

□2. Bamboo construction, leaf roof

□3. Wooden house

□4. Concrete house

 \Box 5. Other, please specify

15.Do you have mosquito screen(s) in your house?

 $\Box 1.$ Yes $\Box 2.$ No

C. Knowledge about malaria and prevention

Question	Yes	No	Do not
1. Which of the following factors do you think cause malaria			know
a. working without rest			
b. from ghosts			
 c. eating uncleanness food/drinking unbilled water 		-	
d. mosquito bites			
e. going to the forest and stay until the evening/night time			
f. not using bed nets			
g. coughing spread from one person to next person			

Question	Yes	No	Do not know
2. What are the signs of malaria?			
a. head ache, body ache			
b. fever and chill			
c. yellow urine			
d. bitterness in the mouth			
3. How malaria can be prevented?			
a. not working too much under the sun			
b. taking drugs regularly			
 by keeping mosquito away: using coil, repellent 			
d. drainage of surrounding/eliminate of water collection			15
e. sleeping under bed nets			

D. Attitude towards malaria and prevention

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Question	Yes	No	Uncer tain
1. Malaria is a disease cause from punishment from God/ghost		1	
2. Malaria can not be cured			
3. Malaria is not a serious disease			
4. Pregnant women can even die from malaria			
5. Using mosquito nets regularly, can prevent from getting malaria			
6. If you have fever, you prefer to use self treatment			

E. Practice on malaria prevention and treatment seeking behavior

Question	Regu larly	Never	Some times
1. Do you use a bed nets			
2. Does everyone in this house sleep under bed nets			
3. Have you ever slept outside the house late in the evening or at night			
 4. If you stay outside the house in the evening or at night do you use any prevention methods a. use bed nets b. spray c. coil 			
d. drive them away with clothe. burn herbs/fire woods			
f. do nothing			

5. What did you do when you (your family) get malaria	
a. self medication with Yachut (include 4-5 tablets from drug store	
b. self medication from anti malaria drugs from drug store	
c. go to hospital/health postd. meet traditional healer	
6. have you ever use anti-malaria drugs if answer: regularly/sometimes, please specify	

F. Exposure to Health Education

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Question	Yes	No
1. Have you ever seen this leaflet? (show the leaflet)		
2. Have you ever received this leaflet? (show the leaflet)		
3. Have you ever attend a Health Education on malaria? (if "yes" continue with question 4.)		
4. How many times did you attend group health education on malaria? (written down number of times)		
5. Have you ever attend a face-to-face education on malaria?		
6. How many times did you attend face-to-face health education on malaria? (written down number of times)		

Appendix II

Guideline for Focus Group Discussion Among Pregnant Women

Specific objectives: To understand the patterns of malaria in pregnancy, and knowledge and seeking treatment behavior

No of participants: 6 – 12 people

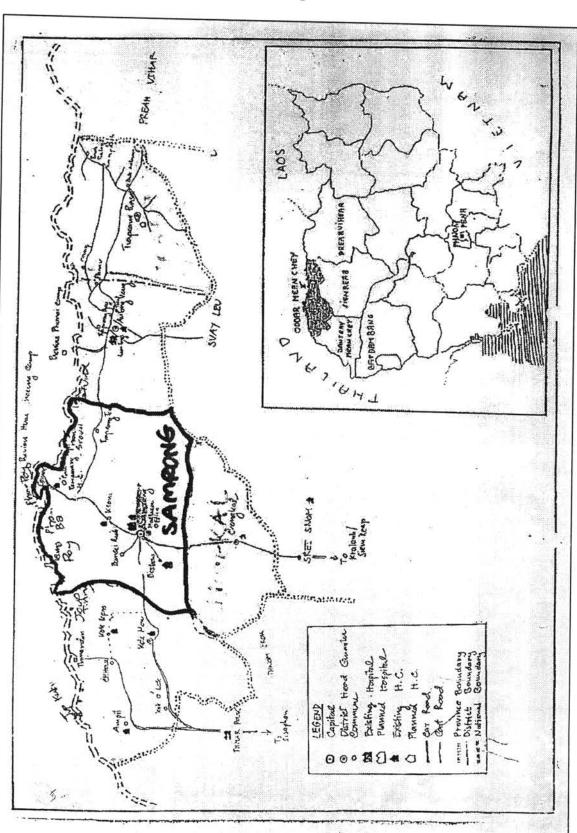
The setting: Find a place that is no intimidating for participants. Seating will be arranged in the circle. The note -taker will sit outside the circle but at a place where she/he can see the respondents and record facial expressions.

Guideline:

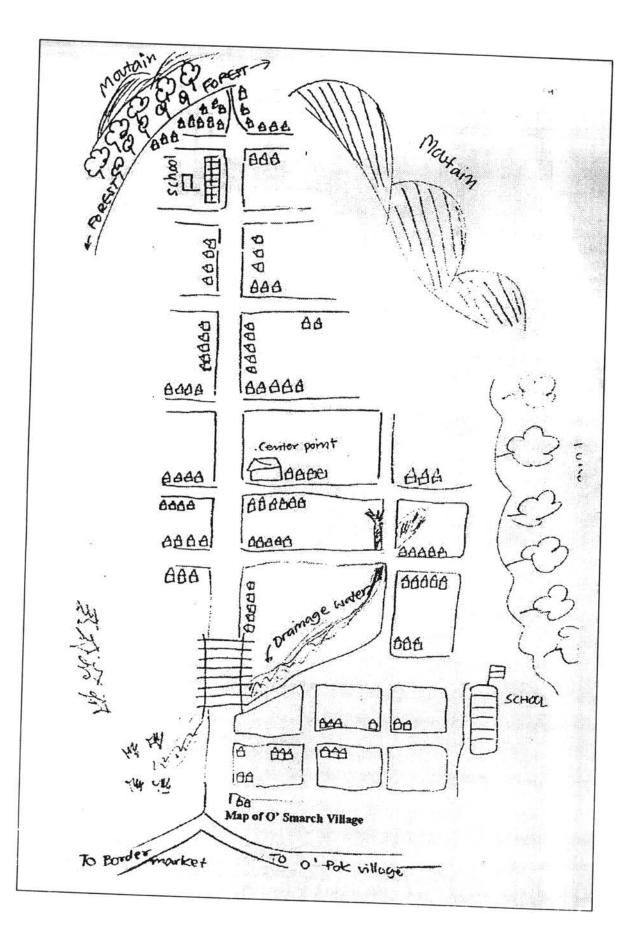
- What sort of things should a woman do to protect her health during pregnancy? To ensure safe delivery and easy birth?
- □ If malaria is mentioned, probe. If it is not, ask: Do pregnant women in this community get malaria?
- □ Knowledge of effect of malaria in pregnancy? Experience of having malaria when pregnant?

- □ Whose advice does a pregnant woman seek regarding her health? What does she do when she is sick? Does she take different actions with regard to her health when pregnant?
- □ Acceptability of drugs? Will they take chloroquine? Other medication?
- Are there any drugs pregnant women are not allowed to take?
 Can drugs have any influence on a pregnant? Are there any drugs, which can harm the baby/affect pregnant outcome?
 What about herbs?
- Under what circumstances (if any) will a pregnant woman take a drug?
 Who makes this decision regarding drug use?
- □ Is there any preference for the use of injections as of oral drugs or vice versa in pregnancy? Is this preference general or only for the specific drugs?









CURRICULUM VITAE

PERSONAL

Name	Aree Moungsookjareoun
Nationality	Thai
Date of Birth	24 October 1965
Place of Birth	Nakornrajasima, Thailand
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ACADEMIC BACKGROUND

1983-1987	Bachelor degree in Nursing Science,
	Certificate in Midwifery, Khonkaen
	University, Thailand
1983	High School: Suranareevittaya school,
	Nakornrajasima, Thailand
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EMPLOYMENT HISTORY

October 1999- May 2000	In charge of Maternal and Child Health Care Program,
	Burmese Student Center, International Rescue
	Committee, Rachaburi, Thailand

June-August 1999	Head Nurse in a Comprehensive Emergency Program for Kosovar Refugees; Malteser Germany (MHD), Skodra, Albania
1997-1999	Field Nurse in a Health Care Project for Cambodian refugees; Malteser Germany (MHD), Surin, Thailand
1994-1997	Chief of Health Insurance Service Department, Chief of Central Supply and Sterilisation Unit, OT Nurse, Rachasima - Thonburi Hospital, Nakornrajasima, Thailand
1991-1993	OT Nurse for Cambodian refugees, International Committee of The Red Cross Geneva (ICRC), Aranyaprathet, Srakaew
1987-1991	Operative Theater Nurse(OT), Srinakarin Hospital, Faculty of Medicine, Khonkaen University
TRAINING COURSE	
November 1998	Word conference on Lung Health with Major Concern on Tuberculosis, International Union against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease, Thailand
February 1997	Modern Head Nurse Management, Faculty of Public Health, Bangkok
September 1996	Home Health Care Management, Thonburi, Bangkok

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June 1996	Infection Control in the Hospital,
	Faculty of Public Health ; Bangkok
February 1996	Laparoscopic-Cholecystectomy Training,
	Rajavithi Hospital, Bangkok
July 1994	AO course for Operating Room Personal,
	the Study of Internal Fixation, Bangkok
May 1989	Open heart surgery, Faculty of Medicine,
	Mahidol University, Bangkok