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## DEVELOPMENT OF LORENZ NONLINEAR DYNAMIC MODEL

Mr. Somporn Khan-ngern

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Ву	Mr. Somporn Khan-ngern
Department	Physics
Thesis Advisor	Professor Virulh Sa-yakanit, F.D.

Accepted by the Graduate School, Chulalongkorn University in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of Master of Science.

Santi Throngsuran Dean of Graduate School

(Associate Professor Santi Thoongsuwan, Ph.D.)

Thesis Committee

Abrent Unghitchan hit Chairman

(Ahpisit Ungkitchanukit, Ph.D.)

Vinuch Say Thesis Advisor

(Professor Virulh Sa-yakanit, F.D.)

Dinada Sakanat Member

(Dusadee Sukawat, Ph.D.)

Earl K. H. Member (David Ruffolo, Ph.D.)

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วิทยานิพนธ์นี้มีจุดมุ่งหมาย เพื่อศึกษาการประยุกต์แบบจำลองของลอเรนซ์กับระบบพลวัตชนิด ไม่เป็นเชิงเส้น ในการศึกษานี้ได้พัฒนาแบบจำลองดังกล่าวมาใช้อธิบายการเคลื่อนที่ของมวลอากาศตามแนว ราบบริเวณละติจูดกลางของซีกโลกเหนือ โดยได้กำหนดฟังก์ชันกระแสของระบบให้อยู่ในรูป :

 $\psi(x, y; t) = \sqrt{2} X(t) \cos y + 2 Y(t) \cos 2x \sin y + 2 Z(t) \sin 2x \sin y$ 

ผลจากการวิเคราะห์เสถียรภาพของสถานะคงตัวของระบบในกรณีต่างๆ แสดงให้เห็นถึงอิทธิพล ของสภาพภูมิประเทศ, แรงขับเนื่องจากความร้อนต่อพฤติกรรมของระบบ นอกจากนี้เมื่อทำการทดลองเชิงตัว เลขเพื่อหาค่าฟังก์ชันกระแสที่เปลี่ยนแปลงตามเวลาของระบบ พบว่า ระบบดังกล่าวมีพฤติกรรมแบบเคออส (chaotic behaviour)

ภาควิชา	พิลักซ์	ลายมือชื่อนิสิต
สาขาวิชา	ฟิลิกส์	ลายมือชื่ออาจารย์ที่ปรึกษา
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The purpose of this thesis is to study the applications of Lorenz model for nonlinear dynamic systems. This shows a development of the model for a planetary-scale motion of the atmosphere in the domain area of middle latitude of the Northern Hemisphere. Streamfunctions of the system are assumed to be in the form :

 $\psi(x, y; t) = \sqrt{2} X(t) \cos y + 2 Y(t) \cos 2x \sin y + 2 Z(t) \sin 2x \sin y.$ 

Steady-state solutions and their stabilities have been calculated. The result shows that perturbations are induced by topography and by thermal driving force. Moreover, when we do the numerical experiments to obtain streamfunctions of the system, the result shows that there is chaotic behaviour occurring.

ลายมือชื่อนิสิต อาณาร
 ลายมือชื่ออาจารย์ที่ปรึกษา
 ลายมือชื่ออาจารย์ที่ปรึกษาร่วม

ภาควิชา ฟิลิกส์ สาขาวิชา ฟิลิกส์ ปีการศึกษา <sup>2537</sup>

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